

ORDINANCE NUMBER 2025-1056

**BOROUGH OF PINE HILL
COUNTY OF CAMDEN**

**ORDINANCE AMENDING CHAPTER 23 OF THE CODE OF THE BOROUGH OF
PINE HILL CAPTIONED "LAND USE ORDINANCE OF THE BOROUGH OF
PINE HILL" TO ADDRESS THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE FAIR
HOUSING ACT AND THE UNIFORM HOUSING AFFORDABILITY
CONTROLS (UHAC) REGARDING COMPLIANCE WITH THE
BOROUGH OF PINE HILL'S AFFORDABLE HOUSING OBLIGATIONS**

WHEREAS, the Borough of Pine Hill wishes to establish its compliance with the current rules and regulations on Affordable Housing by an Amendment to Chapter 23 of the Code of the Borough of Pine Hill captioned "Land Use Ordinance of the Borough of Pine Hill".

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED, by the Mayor and Borough Council of the Borough of Pine Hill County of Camden, State of New Jersey that it hereby amends Chapter 23 of the Code of the Borough of Pine Hill captioned "Land Use Ordinance of the Borough of Pine Hill" to include a new Section captioned "Affordable Housing" as follows:

Section 1. AFFORDABLE HOUSING REGULATIONS

A. Monitoring and Reporting Requirements

The Borough of Pine Hill shall comply with the following monitoring and reporting requirements regarding the status of the implementation of its Housing Element and Fair Share Plan:

1. On each anniversary of a final judgment of repose, and on every anniversary of that date, the Borough shall provide annual reporting of its Affordable Housing Trust Fund activity to the New Jersey Department of Community Affairs, Council on Affordable Housing, or Local Government Services, or other entity designated by the State of New Jersey, with a copy provided to Fair Share Housing Center (FSHC) and posted on the municipal website, using forms developed for this purpose by the New Jersey Department of Community Affairs (NJDCA), or Local Government Services (NJLGS). The reporting shall include an accounting of all Affordable Housing Trust Fund activity, including the source and amount of funds collected and the amount and purpose for which any funds have been expended.
2. On each anniversary of a final judgment of repose, and on every anniversary of that date, the Borough shall provide annual reporting of the status of all affordable housing activity within the Borough through posting on the municipal website with a copy of such posting provided to Fair Share Housing Center, using forms developed for this purpose.
3. Every third year thereafter, as required by N.J.S.A. 52:27D-329.1, the Borough will post on its municipal website, with a copy provided to FSHC, a status report as to its satisfaction of its very low-income requirements, including its family very low-income requirements. Such posting shall invite any interested party to submit comments to the Borough and FSHC on the issue of whether the Borough has complied with its very low-income and family very low-income housing obligations.

B. Definitions

The following terms when used in this Ordinance shall have the meanings given in this Section:

"Act" means the Fair Housing Act of 1985, P.L. 1985, c. 222 (N.J.S.A. 52:27D-301 et seq.)

"Adaptable" means constructed in compliance with the technical design standards of the Barrier Free Subcode, N.J.A.C. 5:23-7.

"Administrative agent" means the entity designated by the Borough to administer affordable units in accordance with this Ordinance, N.J.A.C. 5:93, and UHAC (N.J.A.C. 5:80-26).

“Affirmative marketing” means a regional marketing strategy designed to attract buyers and/or renters of affordable units pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.15.

“Affordability average” means the average percentage of median income at which new restricted units in an affordable housing development are affordable to low- and moderate-income households.

“Affordable” means, a sales price or rent level that is within the means of a low- or moderate-income household as defined within N.J.A.C. 5:93-7.4, and, in the case of an ownership unit, that the sales price for the unit conforms to the standards set forth in N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.6, as may be amended and supplemented, and, in the case of a rental unit, that the rent for the unit conforms to the standards set forth in N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.12, as may be amended and supplemented.

“Affordable housing development” means a development included in or approved pursuant to the Housing Element and Fair Share Plan or otherwise intended to address the Borough's fair share obligation, and includes, but is not limited to, an inclusionary development, a municipal construction project or a 100 percent affordable housing development.

“Affordable housing program(s)” means any mechanism in a municipal Fair Share Plan prepared or implemented to address a Borough 's fair share obligation.

“Affordable unit” means a housing unit proposed or created pursuant to the Act and approved for crediting by the Court and/or funded through an affordable housing trust fund.

“Agency” means the New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency established by P.L. 1983, c. 530 (N.J.S.A. 55:14K-1, et seq.).

“Age-restricted unit” means a housing unit designed to meet the needs of, and exclusively for, the residents of an age-restricted segment of the population such that: 1) all the residents of the development wherein the unit is situated are 62 years of age or older; or 2) at least 80 percent of the units are occupied by one person who is 55 years of age or older; or 3) the development has been designated by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development as “housing for older persons” as defined in Section 807(b)(2) of the Fair Housing Act, 42 U.S.C. § 3607.

"Alternative living arrangement" means a structure in which households live in distinct bedrooms, yet share kitchen and plumbing facilities, central heat and common areas. Alternative living arrangements include, but are not limited to: transitional facilities for the homeless; Class A, B, C, D and E boarding homes as regulated by the State of New Jersey Department of Community Affairs; residential health care facilities as regulated by the New Jersey Department of Health; group homes for the developmentally disabled and mentally ill as licensed and/or regulated by the New Jersey Department of Human Services; and congregate living arrangements.

“Assisted living residence” means a facility that is licensed by the New Jersey Department of Health and Senior Services to provide apartment-style housing and congregate dining and to assure that assisted living services are available when needed for four or more adult persons unrelated to the proprietor and that offers units containing, at a minimum, one unfurnished room, a private bathroom, a kitchenette and a lockable door on the unit entrance.

“Certified household” means a household that has been certified by an Administrative Agent as a low-income household or moderate-income household.

“DCA” means the State of New Jersey Department of Community Affairs.

“Deficient housing unit” means a housing unit with health and safety code violations that requires the repair or replacement of a major system. A major system includes weatherization, roofing, plumbing (including wells), heating, electricity, sanitary plumbing (including septic systems), lead paint abatement and/or load bearing structural systems.

“Developer” means any person, partnership, association, company or corporation that is the legal or beneficial owner or owners of a lot or any land included in a proposed development including the holder of an option to contract to purchase, or other person having an enforceable proprietary interest in such land.

“Development” means the division of a parcel of land into two or more parcels, the construction, reconstruction, conversion, structural alteration, relocation, or enlargement of any use or change in the use of any building or other structure, or of any mining, excavation or landfill, and any use or change in the use of any building or other structure, or land or extension of use of land, for which permission may be required pursuant to N.J.S.A. 40:55D-1, et seq.

“Inclusionary development” means a development containing both affordable units and market rate units. This term includes, but is not limited to: new construction, the conversion of a non-residential structure to residential use and the creation of new affordable units through the gut rehabilitation or reconstruction of a vacant residential structure.

“Low-income household” means a household with a total gross annual household income equal to 50 percent or less of the regional median household income by household size.

“Low-income unit” means a restricted unit that is affordable to a low-income household.

“Major system” means the primary structural, mechanical, plumbing, electrical, fire protection, or occupant service components of a building which include but are not limited to, weatherization, roofing, plumbing (including wells), heating, electricity, sanitary plumbing (including septic systems), lead paint abatement and load bearing structural systems.

“Market-rate units” means housing not restricted to low- and moderate-income households that may sell or rent at any price.

“Median income” means the median income by household size for the applicable housing region, as adopted annually by COAH or a successor entity approved by the Court.

“Municipal Housing Liaison” means the employee charged by the governing body with the responsibility for oversight and administration of the affordable housing program for the Borough of Pine Hill.

“Moderate-income household” means a household with a total gross annual household income in excess of 50 percent but less than 80 percent of the regional median household income by household size.

“Moderate-income unit” means a restricted unit that is affordable to a moderate-income household.

“Non-exempt sale” means any sale or transfer of ownership other than the transfer of ownership between husband and wife; the transfer of ownership between former spouses ordered as a result of a judicial decree of divorce or judicial separation, but not including sales to third parties; the transfer of ownership between family members as a result of inheritance; the transfer of ownership through an executor’s deed to a class A beneficiary and the transfer of ownership by court order.

“Random selection process” means a process by which currently income-eligible households are selected for placement in affordable housing units such that no preference is given to one applicant over another except for purposes of matching household income and size with an appropriately priced and sized affordable unit (e.g., by lottery).

“Regional asset limit” means the maximum housing value in each housing region affordable to a four-person household with an income at 80 percent of the regional median as defined by duly adopted Regional Income Limits published annually by COAH or a successor entity.

“Rehabilitation” means the repair, renovation, alteration or reconstruction of any building or structure, pursuant to the Rehabilitation Subcode, N.J.A.C. 5:23-6.

“Rent” means the gross monthly cost of a rental unit to the tenant, including the rent paid to the landlord, as well as an allowance for tenant-paid utilities computed in accordance with allowances published by DCA for its Section 8 program. In assisted living residences, rent does not include charges for food and services.

“Restricted unit” means a dwelling unit, whether a rental unit or an ownership unit, that is subject to the affordability controls of N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1, as amended and supplemented, but does not include a market-rate unit financed under UHORP or MONI.

“UHAC” means the Uniform Housing Affordability Controls set forth in N.J.A.C. 5:80-26, et seq.

“Very low-income household” means a household with a total gross annual household income equal to 30 percent or less of the regional median household income by household size.

“Very low-income unit” means a restricted unit that is affordable to a very low-income household.

“Weatherization” means building insulation (for attic, exterior walls and crawl space), siding to improve energy efficiency, replacement storm windows, replacement storm doors, replacement windows and replacement doors, and is considered a major system for purposes of a rehabilitation program.

C. Applicability

1. The provisions of this Ordinance shall apply to all affordable housing developments and affordable housing units that currently exist and that are proposed to be created within the Borough of Pine Hill pursuant to the Borough’s most recently adopted Housing Element and Fair Share Plan.
2. Moreover, this Ordinance shall apply to all developments that contain low-and moderate-income housing units, including any currently unanticipated future developments that will provide low- and moderate-income housing units, and also including projects funded with Low-income Housing Tax Credits.

D. Alternative Living Arrangements

1. The administration of an alternative living arrangement shall be in compliance with N.J.A.C. 5:93-5.8 and UHAC, with the following exceptions:
 - a. Affirmative marketing (N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.15), provided, however, that the units or bedrooms may be affirmatively marketed by the provider in accordance with an alternative plan approved by the Court;
 - b. Affordability average and bedroom distribution (N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.3).
2. With the exception of units established with capital funding through a 20-year operating contract with the Department of Human Services, Division of Developmental Disabilities, alternative living arrangements shall have at least 30 year controls on affordability in accordance with UHAC, unless an alternative commitment is approved by the Court.
3. The service provider for the alternative living arrangement shall act as the Administrative Agent for the purposes of administering the affirmative marketing and affordability requirements for the alternative living arrangement.

E. Phasing Schedule for Inclusionary Zoning

In inclusionary developments, the following schedule for the issuance of certificates of occupancy for the required affordable housing units relative to the issuance of certificates of occupancy for the permitted market units shall be followed:

Maximum Percentage of Market-Rate Units Completed (COs Issued)	Minimum Percentage of Low- and Moderate-Income Units Completed (COs Issued)
<u>25</u>	0
25+1	10
<u>50</u>	50
<u>75</u>	75
90	100

F. New Construction

1. Low/Moderate Split and Bedroom Distribution of Affordable Housing Units:

- a. The fair share obligation shall be divided equally between low- and moderate-income units, except that where there is an odd number of affordable housing units, the extra unit shall be a low-income unit. At least 13 percent of all restricted rental units shall be very low-income units (affordable to a household earning 30 percent or less of regional median income by household size). The very low-income units shall be counted as part of the required number of low-income units within the development.
 - b. In each affordable development, at least 50 percent of the restricted units within each bedroom distribution shall be very low or low-income units.
 - c. Affordable developments that are not age-restricted shall be structured in conjunction with realistic market demands such that:
 - 1) The combined number of efficiency and one-bedroom units shall be no greater than 20 percent of the total low- and moderate-income units;
 - 2) At least 30 percent of all low- and moderate-income units shall be two bedroom units;
 - 3) At least 20 percent of all low- and moderate-income units shall be three bedroom units; and
 - 4) The remaining units may be allocated among two and three bedroom units at the discretion of the developer.
 - d. Affordable developments that are age-restricted shall be structured such that the number of bedrooms shall equal the number of age-restricted low- and moderate-income units within the inclusionary development. This standard may be met by having all one-bedroom units or by having a two-bedroom unit for each efficiency unit.
2. Accessibility Requirements:
- a. The first floor of all restricted townhouse dwelling units and all restricted units in all other multistory buildings shall be subject to the technical design standards of the Barrier Free SubCode, N.J.A.C. 5:23-7 and the following:
 - b. All restricted townhouse dwelling units and all restricted units in other multistory buildings in which a restricted dwelling unit is attached to at least one other dwelling unit shall have the following features:
 - 1) An adaptable toilet and bathing facility on the first floor; and
 - 2) An adaptable kitchen on the first floor; and
 - 3) An interior accessible route of travel on the first floor; and
 - 4) An adaptable room that can be used as a bedroom, with a door or the casing for the installation of a door, on the first floor; and
 - 5) If not all of the foregoing requirements in b.1) through b.4) can be satisfied, then an interior accessible route of travel must be provided between stories within an individual unit, but if all of the terms of paragraphs b.1) through b.4) above have been satisfied, then an interior accessible route of travel shall not be required between stories within an individual unit; and
 - 6) An accessible entranceway as set forth at P.L. 2005, c. 350 (N.J.S.A. 52:27D-311a, et seq.) and the Barrier Free SubCode, N.J.A.C. 5:23-7, or evidence that Logan has collected funds from the developer sufficient to make 10 percent of the adaptable entrances in the development accessible:

- a) Where a unit has been constructed with an adaptable entrance, upon the request of a disabled person who is purchasing or will reside in the dwelling unit, an accessible entrance shall be installed.
 - b) To this end, the builder of restricted units shall deposit funds within the Borough of Pine Hill's Affordable Housing Trust Fund sufficient to install accessible entrances in 10 percent of the affordable units that have been constructed with adaptable entrances.
 - c) The funds deposited under paragraph 6)b) above shall be used by the Borough of Pine Hill for the sole purpose of making the adaptable entrance of an affordable unit accessible when requested to do so by a person with a disability who occupies or intends to occupy the unit and requires an accessible entrance.
 - d) The developer of the restricted units shall submit a design plan and cost estimate to the Construction Official of the Borough of Pine Hill for the conversion of adaptable to accessible entrances.
 - e) Once the Construction Official has determined that the design plan to convert the unit entrances from adaptable to accessible meet the requirements of the Barrier Free SubCode, N.J.A.C. 5:23-7, and that the cost estimate of such conversion is reasonable, payment shall be made to the Borough's Affordable Housing Trust Fund in care of the Borough Treasurer who shall ensure that the funds are deposited into the Affordable Housing Trust Fund and appropriately earmarked.
- 7) Full compliance with the foregoing provisions shall not be required where an entity can demonstrate that it is "site impracticable" to meet the requirements. Determinations of site impracticability shall be in compliance with the Barrier Free SubCode, N.J.A.C. 5:23-7.

3. Design:

- a. In inclusionary developments, to the extent possible, low- and moderate-income units shall be integrated with the market units.
- b. In inclusionary developments, low- and moderate-income units shall have access to all of the same common elements and facilities as the market units.

4. Maximum Rents and Sales Prices:

- a. In establishing rents and sales prices of affordable housing units, the Administrative Agent shall follow the procedures set forth in UHAC, utilizing the most recently published regional weighted average of the uncapped Section 8 income limits published by HUD and using calculation procedures approved by the Court. Income limits for all units that are part of the Borough's Housing Element and Fair Share Plan and for which income limits are not already established through a federal program exempted from the UHAC pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1, shall be updated by the Borough annually within 30 days of the publication of determinations of median income by the Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") as follows:
 - 1) Regional income limits shall be established for the region that the Borough is located within based on the median income by household size, which shall be established by a regional weighted average of the uncapped Section 8 income limits published by HUD. To compute this regional income limit, the HUD determination of median county income for a family of four is multiplied by the estimated households within the county according to the most recent decennial Census. The resulting product for each county within the housing region is summed. The sum is divided by the estimated total households from the most recent decennial Census in the Borough's housing

region. This quotient represents the regional weighted average of median income for a household of four. The income limit for a moderate-income unit for a household of four shall be 80 percent of the regional weighted average median income for a family of four. The income limit for a low-income unit for a household of four shall be 50 percent of the HUD determination of the regional weighted average median income for a family of four. The income limit for a very low-income unit for a household of four shall be 30 percent of the regional weighted average median income for a family of four. These income limits shall be adjusted by household size based on multipliers used by HUD to adjust median income by household size. In no event shall the income limits be less than those for the previous year.

- 2) The income limits are the result of applying the percentages set forth in paragraph (a) above to HUD's determination of median income for the fiscal year 2017, and shall be utilized until the Borough updates the income limits after HUD has published revised determinations of median income for the next fiscal year.
 - 3) The Regional Asset Limit used in determining an applicant's eligibility for affordable housing pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.16(b)(3) shall be calculated by the Borough annually by taking the percentage increase of the income limits calculated pursuant to paragraph (a) above over the previous year's income limits, and applying the same percentage increase to the Regional Asset Limit from the prior year. In no event shall the Regional Asset Limit be less than that for the previous year.
- b. The maximum rent for restricted rental units within each affordable development shall be affordable to households earning no more than 60 percent of median income, and the average rent for restricted rental units shall be affordable to households earning no more than 52 percent of median income.
 - c. The developers and/or municipal sponsors of restricted rental units shall establish at least one rent for each bedroom type for both low-income and moderate-income units, provided that at least 13 percent of all low- and moderate-income rental units shall be affordable to very low-income households, which very low-income units shall be part of the low-income requirement.
 - d. The maximum sales price of restricted ownership units within each affordable development shall be affordable to households earning no more than 70 percent of median income, and each affordable development must achieve an affordability average of 55 percent for restricted ownership units; in achieving this affordability average, moderate-income ownership units must be available for at least three different sales prices for each bedroom type, and low-income ownership units must be available for at least two different sales prices for each bedroom type.
 - e. In determining the initial sales prices and rent levels for compliance with the affordability average requirements for restricted units other than assisted living facilities and age-restricted developments, the following standards shall be used:
 - 1) A studio shall be affordable to a one-person household;
 - 2) A one-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a one and one-half person household;
 - 3) A two-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a three-person household;
 - 4) A three-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a four and one-half person household; and
 - 5) A four-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a six-person household.

- f. In determining the initial sales prices and rents for compliance with the affordability average requirements for restricted units in assisted living facilities and age-restricted developments, the following standards shall be used:
- 1) A studio shall be affordable to a one-person household;
 - 2) A one-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a one and one-half person household; and
 - 3) A two-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a two-person household or to two one-person households.
- g. The initial purchase price for all restricted ownership units shall be calculated so that the monthly carrying cost of the unit, including principal and interest (based on a mortgage loan equal to 95 percent of the purchase price and the Federal Reserve H.15 rate of interest), taxes, homeowner and private mortgage insurance and condominium or homeowner association fees do not exceed 28 percent of the eligible monthly income of the appropriate size household as determined under N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.4, as may be amended and supplemented; provided, however, that the price shall be subject to the affordability average requirement of N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.3, as may be amended and supplemented.
- h. The initial rent for a restricted rental unit shall be calculated so as not to exceed 30 percent of the eligible monthly income of the appropriate size household, including an allowance for tenant paid utilities, as determined under N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.4, as may be amended and supplemented; provided, however, that the rent shall be subject to the affordability average requirement of N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.3, as may be amended and supplemented.
- i. The price of owner-occupied low- and moderate-income units may increase annually based on the percentage increase in the regional median income limit for each housing region. In no event shall the maximum resale price established by the Administrative Agent be lower than the last recorded purchase price.
- j. The rents of very low-, low- and moderate-income units may be increased annually based on the permitted percentage increase in the Housing Consumer Price Index for the Northeast Urban Area. This increase shall not exceed nine percent in any one year. Rent increases for units constructed pursuant to low- income housing tax credit regulations shall be indexed pursuant to the regulations governing low-income housing tax credits.

G. Utilities

1. Affordable units shall utilize the same type of heating source as market units within an inclusionary development.
2. Tenant-paid utilities included in the utility allowance shall be set forth in the lease and shall be consistent with the utility allowance approved by HUD for the Section 8 program.

H. Occupancy Standards

In referring certified households to specific restricted units, the Administrative Agent shall, to the extent feasible and without causing an undue delay in the occupancy of a unit, strive to:

1. Provide an occupant for each bedroom;
2. Provide children of different sexes with separate bedrooms;
3. Provide separate bedrooms for parents and children; and
4. Prevent more than two persons from occupying a single bedroom.

I. Control Periods for Restricted Ownership Units and Enforcement Mechanisms

1. Control periods for newly constructed restricted ownership units shall be in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.5, except as modified by the terms of a settlement agreement between the Borough of Pine Hill and Fair Share Housing Center (FSHC), as said settlement agreement may be further amended and supplemented, and each newly constructed restricted ownership unit shall remain subject to the requirements of this Ordinance for a period of at least fifty (50) years, until the Borough takes action to release the unit from such requirements; prior to such action, a restricted ownership unit must remain subject to the requirements of N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1, except as modified by the terms of the settlement agreement between the Borough of Pine Hill and Fair Share Housing Center (FSHC), as said settlement agreement may be further amended and supplemented.
2. The affordability control period for a restricted ownership unit shall commence on the date the initial certified household takes title to the unit.
3. Prior to the issuance of the initial certificate of occupancy for a restricted ownership unit and upon each successive sale during the period of restricted ownership, the Administrative Agent shall determine the restricted price for the unit and shall also determine the non-restricted, fair market value of the unit based on either an appraisal or the unit's equalized assessed value without the restrictions in place.
4. At the time of the initial sale of the unit, the initial purchaser shall execute and deliver to the Administrative Agent a recapture note obligating the purchaser (as well as the purchaser's heirs, successors and assigns) to repay, upon the first non-exempt sale after the unit's release from the restrictions set forth in this Ordinance, an amount equal to the difference between the unit's non-restricted fair market value and its restricted price, and the recapture note shall be secured by a recapture lien evidenced by a duly recorded mortgage on the unit.
5. The affordability controls set forth in this Ordinance shall remain in effect despite the entry and enforcement of any judgment of foreclosure with respect to restricted ownership units.
6. A restricted ownership unit shall be required to obtain a Continuing Certificate of Occupancy or a certified statement from the Construction Official stating that the unit meets all Code standards upon the first transfer of title following the removal of the restrictions provided under N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.5(a), as may be amended and supplemented.

J. Price Restrictions for Restricted Ownership Units, Homeowner Association Fees and Resale Prices

Price restrictions for restricted ownership units shall be in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1, as may be amended and supplemented, including:

1. The initial purchase price for a restricted ownership unit shall be approved by the Administrative Agent.
2. The Administrative Agent shall approve all resale prices, in writing and in advance of the resale, to assure compliance with the foregoing standards.
3. The master deeds of inclusionary developments shall provide no distinction between the condominium or homeowner association fees and special assessments paid by low- and moderate-income purchasers and those paid by market purchasers.
4. The owners of restricted ownership units may apply to the Administrative Agent to increase the maximum sales price for the unit on the basis of approved capital improvements. Eligible capital improvements shall be those that render the unit suitable for a larger household or the addition of a bathroom.

K. Buyer Income Eligibility

1. Buyer income eligibility for restricted ownership units shall be in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1, as may be amended and supplemented, such that low-income ownership units shall be reserved for households with a gross household income less than or equal to 50 percent of median income and moderate-income ownership units shall be reserved for households with a gross household income less than 80 percent of median income.

2. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Administrative Agent may, upon approval by the Borough Council, and subject to the Court's approval, permit a moderate-income purchaser to buy a low-income unit if and only if the Administrative Agent can demonstrate that there is an insufficient number of eligible low-income purchasers in the housing region to permit prompt occupancy of the unit and all other reasonable efforts to attract a low-income purchaser, including pricing and financing incentives, have failed. Any such low-income unit that is sold to a moderate-income household shall retain the required pricing and pricing restrictions for a low-income unit.
3. A certified household that purchases a restricted ownership unit must occupy it as the certified household's principal residence and shall not lease the unit; provided, however, that the Administrative Agent may permit the owner of a restricted ownership unit, upon application and a showing of hardship, to lease the restricted unit to another certified household for a period not to exceed one year.
4. The Administrative Agent shall certify a household as eligible for a restricted ownership unit when the household is a low-income household or a moderate-income household, as applicable to the unit, and the estimated monthly housing cost for the particular unit (including principal, interest, taxes, homeowner and private mortgage insurance and condominium or homeowner association fees, as applicable) does not exceed 33 percent of the household's eligible monthly income.

L. Limitations on Indebtedness Secured by Ownership Unit; Subordination

1. Prior to incurring any indebtedness to be secured by a restricted ownership unit, the owner shall apply to the Administrative Agent for a determination in writing that the proposed indebtedness complies with the provisions of this Section, and the Administrative Agent shall issue such determination prior to the owner incurring such indebtedness.
2. With the exception of First Purchase Money Mortgages, neither an owner nor a lender shall at any time cause or permit the total indebtedness secured by a restricted ownership unit to exceed 95 percent of the maximum allowable resale price of the unit, as such price is determined by the Administrative Agent in accordance with N.J.A.C.5:80-26.6(b).

M. Capital Improvements To Ownership Units

1. The owners of restricted ownership units may apply to the Administrative Agent to increase the maximum sales price for the unit on the basis of capital improvements made since the purchase of the unit. Eligible capital improvements shall be those that render the unit suitable for a larger household or that add an additional bathroom. In no event shall the maximum sales price of an improved housing unit exceed the limits of affordability for the larger household.
2. Upon the resale of a restricted ownership unit, all items of property that are permanently affixed to the unit or were included when the unit was initially restricted (for example, refrigerator, range, washer, dryer, dishwasher, wall-to-wall carpeting) shall be included in the maximum allowable resale price. Other items may be sold to the purchaser at a reasonable price that has been approved by the Administrative Agent at the time of the signing of the agreement to purchase. The purchase of central air conditioning installed subsequent to the initial sale of the unit and not included in the base price may be made a condition of the unit resale provided the price, which shall be subject to 10-year, straight-line depreciation, has been approved by the Administrative Agent. Unless otherwise approved by the Administrative Agent, the purchase of any property other than central air conditioning shall not be made a condition of the unit resale. The owner and the purchaser must personally certify at the time of closing that no unapproved transfer of funds for the purpose of selling and receiving property has taken place at the time of or as a condition of resale.

N. Control Periods for Restricted Rental Units

1. Control periods for newly constructed restricted rental units shall be in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.11, except as modified by the terms of a settlement agreement between the Borough of Pine Hill and Fair Share Housing Center (FSHC), as such settlement

agreement may be further amended and supplemented, and each newly constructed restricted rental unit shall remain subject to the requirements of this Ordinance for a period of at least thirty (30) years, until the Borough takes action to release the unit from such requirements. Prior to such action, a restricted rental unit must remain subject to the requirements of N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1, except as modified by the terms of a settlement agreement between the Borough of Pine Hill and Fair Share Housing Center (FSHC), as such settlement agreement may be further amended and supplemented.

2. Deeds of all real property that include restricted rental units shall contain deed restriction language. The deed restriction shall have priority over all mortgages on the property, and the deed restriction shall be filed by the developer or seller with the records office of the County of Camden. A copy of the filed document shall be provided to the Administrative Agent within 30 days of the receipt of a Certificate of Occupancy.
3. A restricted rental unit shall remain subject to the affordability controls of this Ordinance despite the occurrence of any of the following events:
 - a. Sublease or assignment of the lease of the unit;
 - b. Sale or other voluntary transfer of the ownership of the unit; or
 - c. The entry and enforcement of any judgment of foreclosure on the property containing the unit.

O. Rent Restrictions for Rental Units; Leases

1. A written lease shall be required for all restricted rental units and tenants shall be responsible for security deposits and the full amount of the rent as stated on the lease. A copy of the current lease for each restricted rental unit shall be provided to the Administrative Agent.
2. No additional fees or charges shall be added to the approved rent (except, in the case of units in an assisted living residence, to cover the customary charges for food and services) without the express written approval of the Administrative Agent.
3. Application fees (including the charge for any credit check) shall not exceed five percent of the monthly rent of the applicable restricted unit and shall be payable to the Administrative Agent to be applied to the costs of administering the controls applicable to the unit as set forth in this Ordinance.
4. No rent control ordinance or other pricing restriction shall be applicable to either the market units or the affordable units in any development in which at least 15% of the total number of dwelling units are restricted rental units in compliance with this Ordinance.

P. 100% Affordable Projects

1. All 100% affordable projects, including projects funded through Low-income Housing Tax Credits, shall comply with the Uniform Housing Affordability Controls, N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1, et. seq., except as modified by the terms of a settlement agreement executed between the Borough of Pine Hill and Fair Share Housing Center (FSHC), as such settlement agreement may be further amended and supplemented. All such projects shall be required to have an initial thirty (30) year affordability control period plus a fifteen (15) year extended use period.

Q. Tenant Income Eligibility

1. Tenant income eligibility shall be in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.13, as may be amended and supplemented, and shall be determined as follows:
 - a. Very low-income rental units shall be reserved for households with a gross household income less than or equal to 30 percent of the regional median household income by household size.

- b. Low-income rental units shall be reserved for households with a gross household income less than or equal to 50 percent of the regional median household income by household size.
 - c. Moderate-income rental units shall be reserved for households with a gross household income less than 80 percent of the regional median household income by household size.
2. The Administrative Agent shall certify a household as eligible for a restricted rental unit when the household is a very low-income household, low-income household or a moderate-income household, as applicable to the unit, and the rent proposed for the unit does not exceed 35 percent (40 percent for age-restricted units) of the household's eligible monthly income as determined pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.16, as may be amended and supplemented; provided, however, that this limit may be exceeded if one or more of the following circumstances exists:
- a. The household currently pays more than 35 percent (40 percent for households eligible for age-restricted units) of its gross household income for rent, and the proposed rent will reduce its housing costs;
 - b. The household has consistently paid more than 35 percent (40 percent for households eligible for age-restricted units) of eligible monthly income for rent in the past and has proven its ability to pay;
 - c. The household is currently in substandard or overcrowded living conditions;
 - d. The household documents the existence of assets with which the household proposes to supplement the rent payments; or
 - e. The household documents reliable anticipated third-party assistance from an outside source such as a family member in a form acceptable to the Administrative Agent and the owner of the unit.
3. The applicant shall file documentation sufficient to establish the existence of the circumstances in 1.a. through 2.e. above with the Administrative Agent, who shall counsel the household on budgeting.

R. Establishment of Municipal Housing Liaison position and compensation; powers and duties.

- 1. Establishment of position of Municipal Housing Liaison Officer. There is hereby established the position of Municipal Housing Liaison Officer for the Borough of Pine Hill.
- 2. Subject to the approval of the Court, the Municipal Housing Liaison Officer shall be appointed by the governing body and may be a full- or part-time municipal employee.
- 3. The Municipal Housing Liaison Officer shall be responsible for oversight and administration of the affordable housing program for the Borough of Pine Hill, including the following responsibilities which may not be contracted out, exclusive of Subsection 3.f below, which may be contracted out:
 - a. Serving as the Borough of Pine Hill's primary point of contact for all inquiries from the state, affordable housing providers, administrative agents, and interested households;
 - b. Monitoring the status of all restricted units in the Borough of Pine Hill's Fair Share Plan;
 - c. Compiling, verifying, and submitting annual reports as required by Court;
 - d. Coordinating meetings with affordable housing providers and administrative agents, as applicable;

- e. Attending continuing education opportunities on affordability controls, compliance monitoring, and affirmative marketing as offered or approved;
 - f. If applicable, serving as the administrative agent for some or all of the restricted units in the Borough of Pine Hill as described in Subsection 6 below.
4. Subject to approval by Court, the Borough of Pine Hill may contract with or authorize a consultant, authority, government or any agency charged by the governing body, which entity shall have the responsibility of administering the affordable housing program of the Borough of Pine Hill, except for those responsibilities which may not be contracted out pursuant to Subsection C above. If the Borough of Pine Hill contracts with another entity to administer all or any part of the affordable housing program, including the affordability controls and affirmative marketing plan, the Municipal Housing Liaison Officer shall supervise the contracting administrative agent.
5. Compensation. Compensation shall be fixed by the governing body at the time of the appointment of the Municipal Housing Liaison Officer.
6. Administrative powers and duties assigned to the Municipal Housing Liaison Officer:
 - a. Affirmative marketing.
 - 1) Conducting an outreach process to insure affirmative marketing of affordable housing units in accordance with the affirmative marketing plan of the Borough of Pine Hill and the provisions of N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.15; and
 - 2) Providing counseling or contracting to provide counseling services to low- and moderate-income applicants on subjects such as budgeting, credit issues, mortgage qualification, rental lease requirements, and landlord/tenant law.
 - b. Household certification.
 - 1) Soliciting, scheduling, conducting and following up on interviews with interested households;
 - 2) Conducting interviews and obtaining sufficient documentation of gross income and assets upon which to base a determination of income eligibility for a low- or moderate-income unit;
 - 3) Providing written notification to each applicant as to the determination of eligibility or non-eligibility;
 - 4) Requiring that all certified applicants for restricted units execute a certificate substantially in the form, as applicable, of either the ownership or rental certificates set forth in Appendixes J and K of N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1 et seq.;
 - 5) Creating and maintaining a referral list of eligible applicant households living in the housing region and eligible applicant households with members working in the housing region where the units are located; and
 - 6) Employing the random selection process as provided in the affirmative marketing plan of the Borough of Pine Hill when referring households for certification to affordable units.
 - c. Affordability controls.
 - 1) Furnishing to attorneys or closing agents forms of deed restrictions and mortgages for recording at the time of conveyance of title of each restricted unit;

- 2) Creating and maintaining a file on each restricted unit for its control period, including the recorded deed with restrictions, recorded mortgage and note, as appropriate;
 - 3) Ensuring that the removal of the deed restrictions and cancellation of the mortgage note are effectuated and properly filed with the appropriate county's register of deeds or county clerk's office after the termination of the affordability controls for each restricted unit;
 - 4) Communicating with lenders regarding foreclosures; and
 - 5) Ensuring the issuance of continuing certificates of occupancy or certifications pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.10.
- d. Resale and rental.
- 1) Instituting and maintaining an effective means of communicating information between owners and the administrative agent regarding the availability of restricted units for resale or rental upon availability of the information to the Municipal Housing Liaison Officer; and
 - 2) Instituting and maintaining an effective means of communicating information to low- and moderate-income households regarding the availability of restricted units for resale or re-rental upon availability of the information to the Municipal Housing Liaison Officer.
- e. Processing request from unit owners.
- 1) Reviewing and approving, in conjunction with the Borough Attorney, requests from owners of restricted units who wish to take out home equity loans or refinance during the term of their ownership;
 - 2) Reviewing and approving, in conjunction with the Borough Attorney, requests to increase sales prices from owners of restricted units who wish to make capital improvements to the units that would affect the selling price, such authorizations to be limited to those improvements resulting in additional bedrooms or bathrooms and the cost of central air-conditioning systems; and
 - 3) Processing requests and making determinations, in conjunction with the Borough Attorney, on requests by owners of restricted units for hardship waivers.
- f. Enforcement.
- 1) The posting annually in all rental properties when the information becomes available to the Municipal Housing Liaison, including two-family homes, of a notice as to the maximum permitted rent together with the telephone number of the administrative agent where complaints of excess rent can be made;
 - 2) Creating and publishing a written operating manual, as approved by Court, setting forth procedures for administering such affordability controls; and
 - 3) Providing annual reports to Court as required.
- g. The administrative agent shall have authority to take all actions necessary and appropriate to carry out its responsibilities hereunder.

S. Administrative Agent

An Administrative Agent shall be an independent entity serving under contract to and reporting to the Borough. The fees of the Administrative Agent shall be paid by the owners of the affordable units for which the services of the Administrative Agent are required. The Administrative Agent

shall perform the duties and responsibilities of an Administrative Agent as set forth in UHAC, including those set forth in Sections 5:80-26.14, 16 and 18 thereof, which includes:

1. Affirmative Marketing:
 - a. Conducting an outreach process to affirmatively market affordable housing units in accordance with the Affirmative Marketing Plan of the Borough of Pine Hill and the provisions of N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.15; and
 - b. Providing counseling or contracting to provide counseling services to low- and moderate-income applicants on subjects such as budgeting, credit issues, mortgage qualification, rental lease requirements, and landlord/tenant law.
2. Household Certification:
 - a. Soliciting, scheduling, conducting and following up on interviews with interested households;
 - b. Conducting interviews and obtaining sufficient documentation of gross income and assets upon which to base a determination of income eligibility for a low- or moderate-income unit;
 - c. Providing written notification to each applicant as to the determination of eligibility or non-eligibility;
 - d. Requiring that all certified applicants for restricted units execute a certificate substantially in the form, as applicable, of either the ownership or rental certificates set forth in Appendices J and K of N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1 et seq.;
 - e. Creating and maintaining a referral list of eligible applicant households living in the housing region and eligible applicant households with members working in the housing region where the units are located;
 - f. Employing a random selection process as provided in the Affirmative Marketing Plan of the Borough of Pine Hill when referring households for certification to affordable units; and
 - g. Notifying the following entities of the availability of affordable housing units in the Borough of Pine Hill: Fair Share Housing Center, the New Jersey State Conference of the NAACP, the Latino Action Network, the Camden County and Southern Burlington County Branches of the NAACP, the Supportive Housing Association of New Jersey, and the New Jersey Housing Resource Center.
3. Affordability Controls:
 - a. Furnishing to attorneys or closing agents forms of deed restrictions and mortgages for recording at the time of conveyance of title of each restricted unit;
 - b. Creating and maintaining a file on each restricted unit for its control period, including the recorded deed with restrictions, recorded mortgage and note, as appropriate;
 - c. Ensuring that the removal of the deed restrictions and cancellation of the mortgage note are effectuated and properly filed with the Camden County Clerk and Register of Deeds office after the termination of the affordability controls for each restricted unit;
 - d. Communicating with lenders regarding foreclosures; and
 - e. Ensuring the issuance of Continuing Certificates of Occupancy or certifications pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.10.
4. Resales and Re-rentals:
 - a. Instituting and maintaining an effective means of communicating information between owners and the Administrative Agent regarding the availability of restricted units for resale or re-rental; and

T. Affirmative Marketing Requirements

1. The Borough of Pine Hill shall adopt by resolution an Affirmative Marketing Plan, subject to approval of the Court that is compliant with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.15, as may be amended and supplemented.
2. The Affirmative Marketing Plan is a regional marketing strategy designed to attract buyers and/or renters of all majority and minority groups, regardless of race, creed, color, national origin, ancestry, marital or familial status, gender, affectional or sexual orientation, disability, age or number of children to housing units which are being marketed by a developer, sponsor or owner of affordable housing. The Affirmative Marketing Plan is intended to target those potentially eligible persons who are least likely to apply for affordable units in that region. It is a continuing program that directs marketing activities toward Housing Region and is required to be followed throughout the period of restriction.
3. The Affirmative Marketing Plan shall provide a regional preference for all households that live and/or work in Housing Region 5, comprised of Burlington, Camden and Gloucester Counties.
4. The Borough has the ultimate responsibility for adopting the Affirmative Marketing Plan and for the proper administration of the Affirmative Marketing Program, including initial sales and rentals and resales and re-rentals. The Administrative Agent designated by the Borough of Pine Hill shall implement the Affirmative Marketing Plan to assure the affirmative marketing of all affordable units.
5. In implementing the Affirmative Marketing Plan, the Administrative Agent shall provide a list of counseling services to low- and moderate-income applicants on subjects such as budgeting, credit issues, mortgage qualification, rental lease requirements, and landlord/tenant law.
6. The Affirmative Marketing Plan shall describe the media to be used in advertising and publicizing the availability of housing. In implementing the Affirmative Marketing Plan, the Administrative Agent shall consider the use of language translations where appropriate.
7. The affirmative marketing process for available affordable units shall begin at least four months (120 days) prior to the expected date of occupancy.
8. Applications for affordable housing shall be available in several locations, including, at a minimum, the County Administration Building and/or the County Library for each county within the housing region; the municipal administration building and, if one, the municipal library in the Borough in which the units are located; and the developer's rental office. Applications shall be mailed to prospective applicants upon request.
9. In addition to other affirmative marketing strategies, the Administrative Agent shall provide specific notice of the availability of affordable housing units in the Borough, and copies of the application forms, to the following entities: Fair Share Housing Center, the New Jersey State Conference of the NAACP, the Latino Action Network, the Camden County Branch of the NAACP, the Supportive Housing Association of New Jersey, STEPS, Senior Citizens United Community Services, and the New Jersey Housing Resource Center.
10. The costs of advertising and affirmative marketing of the affordable units shall be the responsibility of the developer, sponsor or owner.

U. Enforcement of Affordable Housing Regulations

1. Upon the occurrence of a breach of any of the regulations governing an affordable unit by an Owner, Developer or Tenant, the Borough shall have all remedies provided at law or equity, including but not limited to foreclosure, tenant eviction, a requirement for household recertification, acceleration of all sums due under a mortgage, recuperation of any funds from a sale in violation of the regulations, injunctive relief to prevent further violation of the regulations, entry on the premises, and specific performance.

2. After providing written notice of a violation to an Owner, Developer or Tenant of a low- or moderate-income unit and advising the Owner, Developer or Tenant of the penalties for such violations, the Borough may take the following action(s) against the Owner, Developer or Tenant for any violation that remains uncured for a period of 60 days after service of the written notice:
- a. The Borough may file a court action pursuant to N.J.S.A. 2A:58-11 alleging a violation or violations of the regulations governing the affordable housing unit. If the Owner, Developer or Tenant is adjudged by the Court to have violated any provision of the regulations governing affordable housing units the Owner, Developer or Tenant shall be subject to one or more of the following penalties, at the discretion of the Court:
 - 1) A fine of not more than \$500.00 per day or imprisonment for a period not to exceed 90 days, or both, provided that each and every day that the violation continues or exists shall be considered a separate and specific violation of these provisions and not a continuation of the initial offense;
 - 2) In the case of an Owner who has rented a low- or moderate-income unit in violation of the regulations governing affordable housing units, payment into the Borough of Pine Hill Affordable Housing Trust Fund of the gross amount of rent illegally collected;
 - 3) In the case of an Owner who has rented a low- or moderate-income unit in violation of the regulations governing affordable housing units, payment of an innocent tenant's reasonable relocation costs, as determined by the Court.
 - b. The Borough may file a court action in the Superior Court seeking a judgment that would result in the termination of the Owner's equity or other interest in the unit, in the nature of a mortgage foreclosure. Any such judgment shall be enforceable as if the same were a judgment of default of the First Purchase Money Mortgage and shall constitute a lien against the low- or moderate-income unit.
 - 1) The judgment shall be enforceable, at the option of the Borough, by means of an execution sale by the Sheriff, at which time the low- and moderate-income unit of the violating Owner shall be sold at a sale price which is not less than the amount necessary to fully satisfy and pay off any First Purchase Money Mortgage and prior liens and the costs of the enforcement proceedings incurred by the Borough, including attorney's fees. The violating Owner shall have his right to possession terminated as well as his title conveyed pursuant to the Sheriff's sale.
 - 2) The proceeds of the Sheriff's sale shall first be applied to satisfy the First Purchase Money Mortgage lien and any prior liens upon the low- and moderate-income unit. The excess, if any, shall be applied to reimburse the Borough for any and all costs and expenses incurred in connection with either the court action resulting in the judgment of violation or the Sheriff's sale. In the event that the proceeds from the Sheriff's sale are insufficient to reimburse the Borough in full as aforesaid, the violating Owner shall be personally responsible for the full extent of such deficiency, in addition to any and all costs incurred by the Borough in connection with collecting such deficiency. In the event that a surplus remains after satisfying all of the above, such surplus, if any, shall be placed in escrow by the Borough for the Owner and shall be held in such escrow for a maximum period of two years or until such earlier time as the Owner shall make a claim with the Borough for such. Failure of the Owner to claim such balance within the two-year period shall automatically result in a forfeiture of such balance to the Borough. Any interest accrued or earned on such balance while being held in escrow shall belong to and shall be paid to the Borough, whether such balance shall be paid to the Owner or forfeited to the Borough.
 - 3) Foreclosure by the Borough due to violation of the regulations governing affordable housing units shall not extinguish the restrictions of the regulations governing affordable housing units as the same apply to the low-

and moderate-income unit. Title shall be conveyed to the purchaser at the Sheriff's sale, subject to the restrictions and provisions of the regulations governing the affordable housing unit. The Owner determined to be in violation of the provisions of this plan and from whom title and possession were taken by means of the Sheriff's sale shall not be entitled to any right of redemption.

- 4) If there are no bidders at the Sheriff's sale, or if insufficient amounts are bid to satisfy the First Purchase Money Mortgage and any prior liens, the Borough may acquire title to the low- and moderate-income unit by satisfying the First Purchase Money Mortgage and any prior liens and crediting the violating owner with an amount equal to the difference between the First Purchase Money Mortgage and any prior liens and costs of the enforcement proceedings, including legal fees and the maximum resale price for which the low- and moderate-income unit could have been sold under the terms of the regulations governing affordable housing units. This excess shall be treated in the same manner as the excess which would have been realized from an actual sale as previously described.
- 5) Failure of the low- and moderate-income unit to be either sold at the Sheriff's sale or acquired by the Borough shall obligate the Owner to accept an offer to purchase from any qualified purchaser which may be referred to the Owner by the Borough, with such offer to purchase being equal to the maximum resale price of the low- and moderate-income unit as permitted by the regulations governing affordable housing units.
- 6) The Owner shall remain fully obligated, responsible and liable for complying with the terms and restrictions of governing affordable housing units until such time as title is conveyed from the Owner.

V. Appeals

Appeals from all decisions of an Administrative Agent appointed pursuant to this Ordinance shall be filed in writing with the Court.

Section 2. Development Fees

In *Holmdel Builder's Association v. Holmdel Borough*, 121 N.J. 550 (1990), the New Jersey Supreme Court determined that mandatory development fees are authorized by the Fair Housing Act of 1985, N.J.S.A. 52:27d-301, et seq., and the State Constitution, subject to the adoption of Rules by the Council on Affordable Housing (COAH).

Pursuant to P.L. 2008, c. 46, Section 8 (C. 52:27D-329.2) and the Statewide Non-Residential Development Fee Act (C. 40:55D-8.1 through 8.7), COAH was authorized to adopt and promulgate regulations necessary for the establishment, implementation, review, monitoring and enforcement of municipal affordable housing trust funds and corresponding spending plans. Municipalities that were under the jurisdiction of COAH and that are now before a court of competent jurisdiction and have a Court-approved Spending Plan may retain and spend non-residential development fees collected in accordance with the approved Spending Plan.

A. Mandatory Development Fees

Purpose. This Ordinance establishes standards for the collection, maintenance, and expenditure of development fees that are consistent with current regulations developed in response to P.L. 2008, c. 46, Sections 8 and 32-38 (N.J.S.A. 52:27D-329.2) and the Statewide Non-Residential Development Fee Act (N.J.S.A. 40:55D-8.1 through 8.7). Fees collected pursuant to this Ordinance shall be used for the sole purpose of providing very low, low- and moderate-income housing in accordance with a Court-approved Spending Plan.

B. Basic requirements. The Borough of Pine Hill shall not spend development fees until the Court has approved a plan for spending such fees.

c. Definitions

The following terms, as used in this ordinance, shall have the following meanings:

1. "Affordable housing development" means a development included in the Housing Element and Fair Share Plan, and includes, but is not limited to, an inclusionary development, a municipal construction project or a 100 percent affordable development.
2. "Construction" means new construction and additions, but does not include alterations, reconstruction, renovations, and repairs as those terms are defined under the State Uniform Construction Code promulgated pursuant to the "State Uniform Construction Code Act," P.L.1975, c.217 (C.52:27D-119 et seq.).
3. "Department of Community Affairs"
4. "Developer" means the legal or beneficial owner or owners of a lot or of any land proposed to be included in a proposed development, including the holder of an option or contract to purchase, or other person having an enforceable proprietary interest in such land.
5. "Development fee" means funds paid by an individual, person, partnership, association, company or corporation for the improvement of property as permitted in COAH's rules.
6. "Equalized assessed value" means the value of a property determined by the municipal tax assessor through a process designed to ensure that all property in the municipality is assessed at the same assessment ratio or ratios required by law. Estimates at the time of issuance of a building permit may be obtained utilizing estimates for construction cost. Final equalized assessed value will be determined at project completion by the municipal tax assessor.
7. "Mixed use development" means any development which includes both a non-- residential development component and a residential development component, and shall include developments for which (1) there is a common developer for both the residential development component and the non-residential development component, provided that for purposes of this definition, multiple persons and entities may be considered a common developer if there is a contractual relationship among them obligating each entity to develop at least a portion of the residential or non-residential development, or both, or otherwise to contribute resources to the development; and (2) the residential and non-residential developments are located on the same lot or adjoining lots, including but not limited to lots separated by a street, a river, or another geographical feature.
8. "Non-residential development" means: (1) any building or structure, or portion thereof, including but not limited to any appurtenant improvements, which is designated to a use group other than a residential use group according to the State Uniform Construction Code promulgated to effectuate the "State Uniform Construction Code Act," P.L.1975, c.217 (C.52:27D-119 et seq.), including any subsequent amendments or revisions thereto; (2) hotels, motels, vacation timeshares, and child-care facilities; and (3) the entirety of all continuing care facilities within a continuing care retirement community which is subject to the "Continuing Care Retirement Community Regulation and Financial Disclosure Act," P.L.1986, c.103 (C.52:27D-330 et seq.).
9. "Non-residential development fee" means the fee authorized to be imposed pursuant to sections 32 through 38 of P.L.2008, c.46 (C.40:55D-8.1 through C.40:55D-8.7).
10. "Relating to the provision of housing" shall be liberally construed to include the construction, maintenance, or operation of housing, including but not limited to the provision of services to such housing and the funding of any of the above.
11. "Spending plan" means a method of allocating funds collected and to be collected pursuant to an approved municipal development fee ordinance, or pursuant to P.L.2008, c.46 (C.52:27D-329.1 et al.) for the purpose of meeting the housing needs of low and moderate income individuals.

D. Residential Development fees

1. Where residential development occurs within the Borough of Pine Hill, residential developers shall pay a fee of 1.5% of the equalized assessed value for residential development provided no increased density is permitted.
2. When an increase in residential density pursuant to N.J.S.A. 40:55D-70d(5) (known as a "d" variance) has been permitted, developers shall be required to pay a development fee of 6% of the equalized assessed value for each additional unit that may be realized. However, if the zoning on a site has changed during the two-year period preceding the filing of such a variance application, the base density for the purposes of calculating the bonus development fee shall be the highest density permitted by right during the two-year period preceding the filing of the variance application.
3. The 1.5% of the equalized assessed value fee may be imposed on the construction of new residential development and additions and alterations to existing development. New construction fees shall be based on the equalized assessed value of land and improvements. Fees that result from additions and alterations shall be based on the increase in equalized assessed value that results from the addition or alteration.

D. Non-residential Development fees

1. Where residential development occurs within the Borough of Pine Hill, non-residential developers shall pay a mandatory fee of 2.5% of the equalized assessed value for non-residential development pursuant to P.L.2008, c.46.
2. If an increase in floor area ratio is approved pursuant to N.J.S.A. 40:55D-70d(4), then the additional floor area realized (above what is permitted by right under the existing zoning) shall incur a bonus development fee of 6% of the equalized assessed value for non-residential development. However, if the zoning on a site has changed during the two-year period preceding the filing of such a variance application, the base floor area for the purposes of calculating the bonus development fee shall be the highest floor area permitted by right during the two-year period preceding the filing of the variance application.
3. The 2.5% of the equalized assessed value fee may be imposed on the construction of new non-residential development and additions and alterations to existing development. Ordinances governing the imposition of development fees shall clearly indicate which types of development shall be subject to the imposition of development fees. New construction fees shall be based on the equalized assessed value of land and improvements. Fees that result from additions and alterations shall be based on the increase in equalized assessed value that results from the addition or alteration.

E. Eligible exactions, ineligible exactions and exemptions

1. Affordable housing developments and developments where the developer has made a payment in lieu of constructing affordable units shall be exempt from development fees.
2. Development fees may be imposed and collected when an existing structure is expanded, undergoes a change to a more intense use, or is demolished and replaced. The development fee that may be imposed and collected shall be calculated on the increase in the equalized assessed value.
3. Developments that have received preliminary or final site plan approval prior to the adoption of a municipal development fee ordinance shall be exempt from development fees unless the developer seeks substantial change in an approval. Where a site plan approval does not apply, a zoning and/or construction permit shall be synonymous with preliminary or final site plan approval for this purpose.
4. Development fees shall be imposed and collected when an existing structure is expanded or undergoes a change to a more intense use. The development fee shall be calculated on the increase in the equalized assessed value of the improved structure.
5. All non-residential construction of buildings or structures on property used by churches, synagogues, mosques, and other houses of worship, and property used for educational purposes, which is tax-exempt pursuant to R.S.54:4-3.6, shall be exempt from the

imposition of a non-residential development fee, provided that the property continues to maintain its tax exempt status under that statute for a period of at least three years from the date of issuance of the certificate of occupancy. In addition, the following shall be exempt from the imposition of a non-residential development fee:

- (a) parking lots and parking structures, regardless of whether the parking lot or parking structure is constructed in conjunction with a non-residential development, such as an office building, or whether the parking lot is developed as an independent non-residential development;
- (b) any non-residential development which is an amenity to be made available to the public, including, but not limited to, recreational facilities, community centers, and senior centers, which are developed in conjunction with or funded by a non-residential developer;
- (c) non-residential construction resulting from a relocation of or an on-site improvement to a nonprofit hospital or a nursing home facility;
- (d) projects that are located within a specifically delineated urban transit hub, as defined pursuant to section 2 of P.L.2007, c.346 (C.34:1B-208);

F. Collection of fees

- 1. For residential development, fifty percent of the development fee will be collected at the time of issuance of the building permit. The remaining portion will be collected at the issuance of the certificate of occupancy. The developer shall be responsible for paying the difference between the fee calculated at building permit and that determined at issuance of certificate of occupancy.
- 2. For non-residential development, the development fee will be collected prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy.

G. Contested fees

Imposed and collected development fees that are challenged shall be placed in an interest bearing escrow account by the Borough of Pine Hill. If all or a portion of the contested fees are returned to the developer, the accrued interest on the returned amount shall also be returned.

H. Affordable Housing trust fund

- 1. There is hereby created a separate, interest-bearing housing trust fund to be established in a Barile approved by the Borough under authority and regulations promulgated by the State of New Jersey for selecting banks in which to place municipal funds for the purpose of depositing development fees collected from residential and non-residential developers and proceeds from the sale of units with extinguished controls. All development fees paid by developers pursuant to this ordinance shall be deposited into this account.
- 2. The following additional funds shall be deposited in the Affordable Housing Trust Fund and shall at all times be identifiable by source and amount:
 - (a) Payments in lieu of on-site construction of a fraction of an affordable unit, where permitted by Ordinance or by Agreement;
 - (b) Funds contributed by developers to make ten percent (10%) of the adaptable entrances in a townhouse or other multistory attached dwelling unit development accessible;
 - (c) Rental income from municipally operated units;
 - (d) Repayments from affordable housing program loans;
 - (e) Recapture funds;
 - (f) Proceeds from the sale of affordable units; and
 - (g) Any other payments or funds collected in accordance with the Borough of Pine Hill's Affordable Housing Program;
- 3. In the event of a failure by the Borough of Pine Hill to comply with trust fund monitoring and reporting requirements or to submit accurate monitoring reports; or a failure to comply with the conditions of the judgment of compliance or a revocation of the judgment of

compliance; or a failure to implement the approved Spending Plan and to expend funds within the applicable required time period as set forth in In re Tp. of Monroe, 442 N.J.Super. 565 (Law Div. 2015) (aff'd 442 N.J.Super. 563); or the expenditure of funds on activities not approved by the Court; or for other good cause demonstrating the unapproved use(s) of funds, the Court may authorize the State of New Jersey, Department of Community Affairs, Division of Local Government Services (LGS), to direct the manner in which the funds in the Affordable Housing Trust Fund shall be expended, provided that all such funds shall, to the extent practicable, be utilized for affordable housing programs within the Borough, or, if not practicable, then within the County or the Housing Region.

I. Use of funds

1. Funds deposited in the housing trust fund may be used for any activity approved by the Court to address the municipal fair share. Such activities include, but are not limited to: preservation or purchase of housing for the purpose of maintaining or implementing affordability controls; housing rehabilitation; new construction of affordable housing units and related costs; accessory apartments; a market to affordable program; Regional Housing Partnership programs; conversion of existing non-residential buildings to create new affordable units; green building strategies designed to be cost saving and in accordance with accepted national or State standards; purchase of land for affordable housing; improvement of land to be used for affordable housing; extensions or improvements of roads and infrastructure to affordable housing sites; financial assistance designed to increase affordability; administration necessary for implementation of the Housing Element and Fair Share Plan; and/or any other activity permitted by the Court and specified in the approved Spending Plan.
2. At least 30% of all development fees collected and interest earned shall be used to provide affordability assistance to low- and moderate-income households, at least half of which shall be available to low and moderate income households in affordable units included in the municipal Fair Share Plan. One-third of the affordability assistance portion of development fees collected shall be used to provide affordability assistance to very low income households.
 - (a) Affordability assistance programs may include down payment assistance, security deposit assistance, low interest loans, and rental assistance.
 - (b) Affordability assistance to very low income households may include offering a subsidy to developers of inclusionary or 100% affordable developments or buying down the cost of low or moderate income units in the municipal fair share plan.
 - (c) Payments in lieu of constructing affordable units on site and funds from the sale of units with extinguished controls shall be exempt from the affordability assistance requirement
3. The Borough may contract with a private or public entity to administer any part of its Housing Element and Fair Share Plan, including the requirement for affordability assistance.
4. No more than 20 percent of all development fee revenue shall be expended on administration. This includes but is not limited to, salaries and benefits for municipal employees or consultant fees necessary to develop or implement a new construction program, a Housing Element and Fair Share Plan, and/or an affirmative marketing program.
5. In the case of a Rehabilitation Program, no more than thirty (30%) percent of the revenues collected from Development fees shall be used for administrative expenses for such a Program. The Borough may contract with a private or public entity to administer any part of its Rehabilitation Program.

Administrative funds may be used for income qualification of households, monitoring the turnover of sale and rental units, and compliance with the DCA's monitoring requirements. Development fee administrative costs are calculated and may be expended at the end of each year or upon receipt of the fees.

J. Monitoring.

The Borough of Pine Hill shall complete and return to the Court or DCA all monitoring forms included in the annual monitoring report related to the collection of development fees from residential and non-residential developers, payments in lieu of constructing affordable units on site, and funds from the sale of units with extinguished controls, and the expenditure of revenues and implementation of the plan approved by the Court of DCA. All monitoring shall be completed on forms designed by the Court or DCA.

K. Ongoing collection of fees

1. The ability for the Borough of Pine Hill to impose, collect and expend development fees shall expire with the expiration of the repose period covered by its Judgment of Compliance unless the Borough has first filed an adopted Housing Element and Fair Share Plan with the Court or with a designated State administrative agency, has petitioned for a Judgment of Compliance from the Court or for Substantive Certification or its equivalent from a State administrative agency authorized to approve and administer municipal affordable housing compliance and has received approval of its Development Fee Ordinance from the entity that will be reviewing and approving the Housing Element and Fair Share Plan.
2. If the Borough of Pine Hill fails to renew its ability to impose and collect development fees prior to the expiration of its Judgment of Compliance, it may be subject to forfeiture of any or all funds remaining within its Affordable Housing Trust Fund. Any funds so forfeited shall be deposited into the "New Jersey Affordable Housing Trust Fund" established pursuant to Section 20 of P.L. 1985, c. 222 (C. 52:27D-320).
3. The Borough of Pine Hill shall not impose a residential development fee on a development that receives preliminary or final site plan approval after the expiration of its Judgment of Compliance, nor shall the Borough retroactively impose a development fee on such a development. The Borough also shall not expend any of its collected development fees after the expiration of its Judgment of Compliance.

Section 3.

All ordinances, policies and or procedures or parts thereof in conflict or inconsistent with this Ordinance are hereby repealed, but only however, to the extent of such conflict or inconsistency.

Section 4.

Pursuant to the Municipal Land Use Law, the Clerk is directed to give notice at least ten (10) days prior to the hearing on the adoption of this ordinance to the County Planning Board pursuant to the provisions of N.J.S.A. 40:55D-15. Upon the adoption of this ordinance after public hearing thereon, the Municipal Clerk is further directed to publish notice of the passage thereof and to file a copy of this ordinance with the County Planning Board as required by N.J.S.A. 40:55D-16.

Section 5.

Severability

Should any section, clause, sentence, phrase or provision of this Ordinance be declared unconstitutional or invalid by a Court of competent jurisdiction or invalid by an administrative agency, such decision shall not affect the legality and enforceability of the remaining portions of this Ordinance.

Section 6.

Repealer

All prior Ordinances or parts of Ordinances inconsistent with this Ordinance are hereby repealed to the extent of such inconsistencies.

Section 7.

When effective.

This Ordinance shall take effect upon final passage and publication as provided by law; however, subsequent to first reading, this ordinance must be referred to the Borough Planning Board for review, which shall be based on whether the proposal is substantially consistent with the Master Plan. The Planning Board has a period of thirty-five (35) days after referral to report on the proposed ordinance.

Introduction: May 19, 2025

	WARRINGTON	ROBB	BURKE	CORRY-GAFT	WAKELEY	MORRIS
YES	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
ABSTAIN						
NO						
ABSENT						

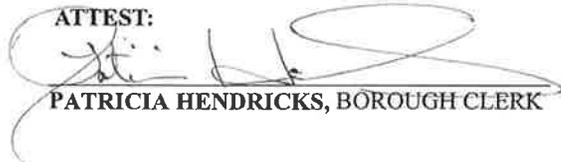
Public Hearing: June 16, 2025

	WARRINGTON	ROBB	BURKE	CORRY-GAFT	WAKELEY	MORRIS
YES	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
ABSTAIN						
NO						
ABSENT						

BOROUGH OF PINE HILL:

BY: 
CHRISTOPHER GREEN, MAYOR

ATTEST:


PATRICIA HENDRICKS, BOROUGH CLERK

