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March 10, 2026

Via eCourts

Honorable John C. Porto, P.J.Ch.
Atlantic County Courthouse
1201 Bacharach Blvd., Floor 3
Atlantic City, New Jersey 08401

**RE: In the Matter of the Application of the Borough of Stone Harbor,
Docket No. CPM-L-31-25**

Dear Judge Porto:

As the Court is aware, this office represents the Borough of Stone Harbor with regard to affordable housing matters. In accordance with the Consent Order filed in this matter between the Borough and Fair Share Housing Center ("FSHC"), and in accordance with the amended Fair Housing Act, N.J.S.A. 52:27D-304.1(f)(2)(c), please find the following documentation to be submitted in furtherance of the Borough's application for a Certificate of Compliance:

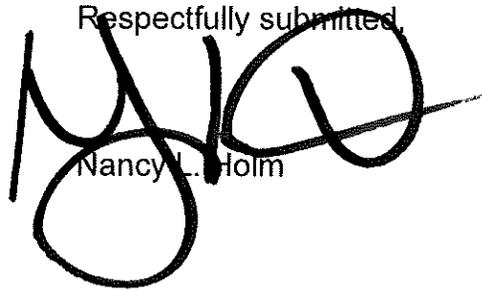
1. Ordinance No. 1704, Repealing and Replacing the Borough's Affordable Housing Ordinance;
2. Ordinance No. 1705, Repealing and Replacing the Borough's Development Fee Ordinance;
3. Resolution No. 2026-S-76 Adopting an Affordability Assistance Manual;
4. Resolution No. 2026-S-78 Adopting an Affirmative Marketing Plan;
5. Resolution No. 2026-S-77 Adopting an Accessory Apartment Manual; and
6. Resolution No. 2026-S-75 Appointing Joseph Clark as Municipal Housing Liaison.
7. With regard to the appointment of an Administrative Agent, the Borough is considering transferring the Triplex and all administrative duties related to the affordable units to a nonprofit. The Borough will keep FSHC and the

Court apprised of that potential transfer. Should the Borough decide to retain ownership of the Triplex, then it will promptly hire an Administrative Agent. The Triplex is currently under construction and no tenants are living in any of the units.

The Borough has worked diligently to implement its Fourth Round HEFSP and all of the corresponding ordinances and administrative documents. Should any documentation need to be corrected or amended, the City will do so timely, in accordance with the instructions of the Court and in collaboration with FSHC.

The Borough extends its sincere appreciation to FSHC for working together with Stone Harbor to come to an agreement in an extremely short timeframe, and looks forward to finalizing its Fourth Round compliance with the Court in the coming months.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Nancy L. Holm', is written over the typed name. The signature is stylized with large, overlapping loops.

Nancy L. Holm

NLH/sp
Enclosures

cc: Ashley J. Lee, Esq. (via eCourts and email)
Borough of Stone Harbor (via email)
Jen Heller, PP, AICP (via email)

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BOROUGH OF STONE HARBOR
CAPE MAY COUNTY

ORDINANCE NO. 1704

AN ORDINANCE OF THE BOROUGH OF STONE HARBOR REPEALING AND REPLACING CHAPTER 560 ARTICLE V OF THE ZONING ORDINANCE ENTITLED “AFFORDABLE HOUSING”

WHEREAS, Chapter 560, Article V “Affordable Housing” of the Zoning Ordinance of the Borough of Stone Harbor has to be repealed and replaced in its entirety to comply with the Fair Housing Act, N.J.S.A. 52:27D-301, et. seq. (“FHA”), as was amended in 2024, the newly adopted Uniform Housing Affordability Controls (“UHAC”) regulations, N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1 et seq., and newly adopted N.J.A.C. 5:99-1 et seq; and

WHEREAS, this Ordinance establishes Borough wide regulations and standards to govern the development of very low, low and moderate-income affordable units for multifamily for-sale and rental residential developments that may be approved by the Borough or the Borough Planning Board, and is designed to regulate these very low, low- and moderate-income units in a manner consistent with the FHA, UHAC, N.J.A.C. 5:99-1 et seq., and applicable New Jersey Council on Affordable Housing (COAH) regulations; and

BE IT ORDAINED by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Stone Harbor, in the County of Cape May and State of New Jersey that Chapter 560, Article V “Affordable Housing” of the Zoning Ordinance of the General Ordinances of the Borough of Stone Harbor is hereby repealed and replaced as follows:

Section 1. Chapter 560, Article V, Affordable Housing, of the Zoning of the Borough of Stone Harbor, shall be repealed and replaced as follows:

A. Introduction & Applicability.

1. This section of the Code sets forth regulations regarding the very low-, low- and moderate-income housing units in Borough of Roseland consistent with the provisions outlined in P.L 2024, Chapter 2, including the amended Fair Housing Act (“FHA”) at N.J.S.A. 52:27D-301 et seq., as well as the Department of Community Affairs, Division of Local Planning Services (“LPS”) at N.J.A.C. 5:99 et seq., statutorily upheld existing regulations of the now-defunct Council on Affordable Housing (“COAH”) at N.J.A.C. 5:93 and 5:97, the Uniform Housing Affordability Controls (“UHAC”) at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1 et seq., and as reflected in the adopted municipal Fourth Round Housing Element and Fair Share Plan (“HEFSP”).
2. This Ordinance is intended to ensure that very low-, low- and moderate-income units (“affordable units”) are created with controls on affordability over time and that very low-

, low- and moderate-income households shall occupy these units pursuant to statutory requirements. This Ordinance shall apply to all inclusionary developments, individual affordable units, and 100% affordable housing developments except where inconsistent with applicable law. Low-Income Housing Tax Credit financed developments shall adhere to the provisions set forth below in item 5.c. below.

3. The Borough of Stone Harbor Planning Board has adopted a HEFSP pursuant to the Municipal Land Use Law at N.J.S.A. 40:55D-1, et seq. The Fair Share Plan describes the ways the municipality shall address its fair share of very low-, low- and moderate-income housing as approved by the Superior Court and documented in the Housing Element.
4. This Ordinance implements and incorporates the relevant provisions of the HEFSP and addresses the requirements of P.L 2024, Chapter 2, the FHA, N.J.A.C. 5:99, NJ Supreme Court upheld COAH regulations at N.J.A.C. 5:93 and 5:97, and UHAC at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1, as may be amended and supplemented.
5. Applicability
 - a. The provisions of this Ordinance shall apply to all affordable housing developments and affordable housing units that currently exist and that are proposed to be created pursuant to the municipality's most recently adopted HEFSP, excluding those affordable housing units that were subject to a written agreement, rezoning or approval prior to the end of the Third Round on June 30, 2025.
 - b. This Ordinance shall also apply to any unanticipated future developments that will provide very low-, low- and moderate-income housing units.
 - c. Projects receiving federal Low Income Housing Tax Credit financing and are proposed for credit shall comply with the low/moderate split and bedroom distribution requirements, maximum initial rents and sales prices requirements, affirmative fair marketing requirements of UHAC at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.16 and the length of the affordability controls applicable to such projects shall be not less than a 30-year compliance period plus a 15-year extended-use period, for a total of not less than 45 years.

B. Definitions.

As used herein the following terms shall have the following meanings:

“Accessory apartments” means a residential dwelling unit that provides complete independent living facilities with a private entrance for one or more persons, consisting of provisions for living, sleeping, eating, sanitation, and cooking, including a stove and refrigerator, and is located within a proposed preexisting primary dwelling, within an existing or proposed structure that is an accessory to a dwelling on the same lot, constructed in whole or part as an extension to a proposed or existing primary dwelling, or constructed as a separate detached structure on the same lot as the existing or proposed primary dwelling. Accessory apartments are also referred to as “accessory dwelling units”.

“Act” means the New Jersey Fair Housing Act, N.J.S.A. 52:27D-301 et seq.

“Adaptable” means constructed in compliance with the technical design standards of the barrier free subcode adopted by the Commissioner of Community Affairs pursuant to the “State

Uniform Construction Code Act,” P.L.1975, c. 217 (C.52:27D-119 et seq.) and in accordance with the provisions of section 5 of P.L.2005, c. 350 (C.52:27D-123.15).

“Administrative agent” means the entity approved by the Division responsible for the administration of affordable units, in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:99-7, and UHAC at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.15.

“Affirmative marketing” means a regional marketing strategy designed to attract buyers and/or renters of affordable units pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.16.

“Affirmative Marketing Plan” means the municipally adopted plan of strategies from which the administrative agent will choose to implement as part of the Affirmative Marketing requirements.

“Affirmative Marketing Process” or “Program” means the actual undertaking of Affirmative Marketing activities in furtherance of each project with very low- low- and moderate-income units.

“Affordability assistance” means the use of funds to render housing units more affordable to low- and moderate-income households and includes, but is not limited to, down payment assistance, security deposit assistance, low interest loans, rental assistance, assistance with homeowner’s association or condominium fees and special assessments, common maintenance expenses, and assistance with emergency repairs and rehabilitation to bring deed-restricted units up to code, pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:99-2.5.

“Affordability average” means an average of the percentage of regional median income at which restricted units in an affordable development are affordable to low- and moderate-income households.

“Affordable” means, in the case of an ownership unit, that the sales price for the unit conforms to the standards set forth at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.7 and, in the case of a rental unit, that the rent for the unit conforms to the standards set forth at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.13.

“Affordable housing development” means a development included in a municipality’s housing element and fair share plan, and includes, but is not limited to, an inclusionary development, a municipally sponsored affordable housing project, or a 100 percent affordable development. This includes developments with affordable units on-site, off-site, or provided as a payment in-lieu of construction only if such a payment-in-lieu option has been previously approved by the Program or Superior Court as part of the HEFSP. Payments in lieu of construction were invalidated per P.L. 2024, c.2.

“Affordable Housing Dispute Resolution Program” or “the Program” refers to the dispute resolution program established pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-313.2.

“Affordable Housing Monitoring System” or “AHMS” means the Department’s cloud-based software application, which shall be the central repository for municipalities to use for reporting detailed information regarding affordable housing developments, affordable housing unit completions, and the collection and expenditures of funds deposited into the municipal affordable housing trust fund.

“Affordable Housing Trust Fund” or “AHTF” means that non-lapsing, revolving trust fund established in DCA pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-320 and N.J.A.C. 5:43 to be the repository of all State funds appropriated for affordable housing purposes. All references to the

“Neighborhood Preservation Nonlapsing Revolving Fund” and “Balanced Housing” mean the AHTF.

“Affordable unit” means a housing unit proposed or developed pursuant to the Act, including units created with municipal affordable housing trust funds.

“Age-restricted housing” means a housing unit that is designed to meet the needs of, and is exclusively for, an age-restricted segment of the population such that: 1. All the residents of the development where the unit is situated are 62 years or older; 2. At least 80 percent of the units are occupied by one person that is 55 years or older; or 3. The development has been designated by the Secretary of HUD as “housing for older persons” as defined in Section 807(b)(2) of the Fair Housing Act, 42 U.S.C. § 3607.

“Agency” means the New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency established by P.L.1983, c. 530 (C.55:14K-1 et seq.).

“Assisted living residence” means a facility licensed by the New Jersey Department of Health to provide apartment-style housing and congregate dining and to ensure that assisted living services are available when needed for four or more adult persons unrelated to the proprietor. Apartment units must offer, at a minimum, one unfurnished room, a private bathroom, a kitchenette, and a lockable door on the unit entrance.

“Barrier-free escrow” means the holding of funds collected to adapt affordable unit entrances to be accessible in accordance with N.J.S.A. 52:27D-311a et seq. Such funds shall be held in a municipal affordable housing trust fund pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:99-2.6.

“Builder’s remedy” means court-imposed site-specific relief for a litigant who seeks to build affordable housing for which the court requires a municipality to utilize zoning techniques, such as mandatory set-asides or density bonuses, including techniques which provide for the economic viability of a residential development by including housing that is not for low- and moderate-income households.

“Certified household” means a household that has been certified by an administrative agent as a very-low-income household, a low-income household, or a moderate-income household.

“CHOICE” means the no-longer-active Choices in Homeownership Incentives for Everyone Program, as it was authorized by the Agency.

“COAH” or the “Council” means the Council on Affordable Housing established in, but not of, DCA pursuant to the Act and that was abolished effective March 20, 2024, pursuant to section 3 at P.L. 2024, c. 2 (N.J.S.A. 52:27D-304.1).

“Commissioner” means the Commissioner of the Department of Community Affairs.

“Compliance certification” means the certification obtained by a municipality pursuant to section 3 of P.L.2024, c. 2 (C.52:27D-304.1), that protects the municipality from exclusionary zoning litigation during the current round of present and prospective need and through July 1 of the year the next round begins, which is also known as a “judgment of compliance” or “judgment of repose.” The term “compliance certification” shall include a judgment of repose granted in an action filed pursuant to section 13 of P.L.1985, c. 222 (C.52:27D-313).

“Construction” means new construction and additions, but does not include alterations, reconstruction, renovations, conversion, relocation, or repairs, as those terms are defined in the

State Uniform Construction Code promulgated pursuant to the State Uniform Construction Code Act, P.L. 1975, c. 217(N.J.S.A. 52:27D-119 et seq.).

“County-level housing judge” means a judge appointed pursuant to section 5 at P.L. 2024, c. 2, to resolve disputes over the compliance of municipal fair share affordable housing obligations and municipal Fair Share plans and housing elements with the Act.

“DCA” and “Department” mean the State of New Jersey Department of Community Affairs.

“Deficient housing unit” means a housing unit with health and safety code violations that require the repair or replacement of a major system. A major system includes weatherization, roofing, plumbing (including wells), heating, electricBorough, sanitary plumbing (including septic systems), lead paint abatement and/or load bearing structural systems.

“Department” means the New Jersey Department of Community Affairs.

“Developer” means the legal or beneficial owner or owners of a lot or of any land proposed to be included in a proposed development, including the holder of an option or contract to purchase, or other person having an enforceable proprietary interest in such land.

“Development” means the division of a parcel of land into two or more parcels, the construction, reconstruction, conversion, structural alteration, relocation, or enlargement of any building or other structure, or of any mining, excavation, or landfill, and any use or change in the use of any building or other structure, or land or extension of use of land, for which permission may be required pursuant to the Municipal Land Use Law, N.J.S.A. 40:55D-1 et seq.

“Development fee” means money paid by a developer for the improvement of residential and non-residential property as permitted pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-329.2 and 40:55D-8.1 through 40:55D-8.7 and N.J.A.C. 5:99-3.

“Dispute Resolution Program” means the Affordable Housing Dispute Resolution Program, established pursuant to section 5 at P.L. 2024, c. 2 (N.J.S.A. 52:27D-313.2).

“Division” means the Division of Local Planning Services within the Department of Community Affairs.

“Emergent opportunity” means a circumstance that has arisen whereby affordable housing will be able to be produced through a delivery mechanism not originally contemplated by or included in a fair share plan that has been the subject of a compliance certification.

“Equalized assessed value” or “EAV” means the assessed value of a property divided by the current average ratio of assessed to true value for the municipality in which the property is situated, as determined in accordance with sections 1, 5, and 6 at P.L. 1973, c. 123 (N.J.S.A. 54:1-35a, 54:1-35b, and 54:1-35c). Estimates at the time of building permit may be obtained by the tax assessor using construction cost estimates. Final EAV shall be determined at project completion by the municipal assessor.

“Equity share amount” means the product of the price differential and the equity share, with the equity share being the whole number of years that have elapsed since the last non-exempt sale of a restricted ownership unit, divided by 100, except that the equity share may not be less than five percent and may not exceed 30 percent.

“Exit sale” means the first authorized non-exempt sale of a restricted unit following the end of the control period, which sale terminates the affordability controls on the unit.

“Exclusionary zoning litigation” means litigation challenging the fair share plan, housing element, ordinances, or resolutions that implement the fair share plan or housing element of a municipality based on alleged noncompliance with the Act or the Mount Laurel doctrine, which litigation shall include, but shall not be limited to, litigation seeking a builder’s remedy.

“Extension of expiring controls” means extending the deed restriction period on units where the controls will expire in the current round of a housing obligation, so that the total years of a deed restriction is at least 60 years.

“Fair share obligation” means the total of the present need and prospective need, including prior rounds, as determined by the Affordable Housing Dispute Resolution Program, or a court of competent jurisdiction.

“Fair share plan” means the plan or proposal, with accompanying ordinances and resolutions, by which a municipality proposes to satisfy its constitutional obligation to create a realistic opportunity to meet its fair share of low- and moderate-income housing needs of its region and which details the affirmative measures the municipality proposes to undertake to achieve its fair share of very low-, low- and moderate-income housing, as provided in the municipal housing element, and which addresses the development regulations necessary to implement the housing element, including, but not limited to, inclusionary requirements and development fees, and the elimination of unnecessary housing cost-generating features from the municipal land use ordinances and regulations.

“FHA” means the New Jersey Fair Housing Act, N.J.S.A. 52:27D-301 et seq.

“Green Building Strategies” means the strategies that minimize the impact of development on the environment, and enhance the health, safety and well-being of residents by producing durable, low-maintenance, resource-efficient housing while making optimum use of existing infrastructure and community services.

“HMFA” or “the Agency” means the New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency established pursuant to P.L. 1983, c. 530 (N.J.S.A. 55:14K-1 et seq.).

“Household income” means a household’s gross annual income calculated in a manner consistent with the determination of annual income pursuant to section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (Section 8), not in accordance with the determination of gross income for Federal income tax liability.

“Housing element” means the portion of a municipality’s master plan adopted in accordance with the Municipal Land Use Law (MLUL) at N.J.S.A. 40:55D-28.b(3) and the Act consisting of reports, statements proposals, maps, diagrams, and text designed to meet the municipality’s fair share of its region’s present and prospective housing needs, particularly with regard to low- and moderate-income housing, which shall include the municipal present and prospective obligation for affordable housing, determined pursuant to subsection f. at N.J.S.A. 52:27D-304.1.

“Housing region” means a geographic area established pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-304.2b.

“Inclusionary development” means a residential housing development in which a substantial percentage of the housing units are provided for a reasonable income range of very low-, low- and moderate- income households.

“Judgment of compliance” or “judgment for repose” means a determination issued by the Superior Court approving a municipality’s fair share plan to satisfy its affordable housing obligation for a particular 10-year round.

“Low-income household” means a household with a household income equal to 50 percent or less of the regional median income.

“Low-income unit” means a restricted unit that is affordable to a low-income household.

“Major system” means the primary structural, mechanical, plumbing, electrical, fire protection, or occupant service components of a building which include but are not limited to, weatherization, roofing, plumbing (including wells), heating, electrical, sanitary plumbing (including septic systems), lead paint abatement or load bearing structural systems.

“Mixed use development” means any development that includes both a non-residential development component and a residential development component, and shall include developments for which: (1) there is a common developer for both the residential development component and the non-residential development component, provided that for purposes of this definition, multiple persons and entities may be considered a common developer if there is a contractual relationship among them obligating each entity to develop at least a portion of the residential or non-residential development, or both, or otherwise to contribute resources to the development; and (2) the residential and non-residential developments are located on the same lot or adjoining lots, including, but not limited to, lots separated by a street, a river, or another geographical feature.

“Moderate-income household” means a household with a household income in excess of 50 percent but less than 80 percent of the regional median income.

“Moderate-income unit” means a restricted unit that is affordable to a moderate-income household.

“MONI” means the no-longer-active Market Oriented Neighborhood Investment Program, as it was authorized by the Agency.

“Municipal housing liaison” or “MHL” means an appointed municipal employee who is, pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:99-6, responsible for oversight and/or administration of the affordable units created within the municipality.

“Municipal affordable housing trust fund” means a separate, interest-bearing account held by a municipality for the deposit of development fees, payments in lieu of constructing affordable units on sites zoned for affordable housing previously approved prior to March 20, 2024 (per P.L. 2024, c.2), barrier-free escrow funds, recapture funds, proceeds from the sale of affordable units, rental income, repayments from affordable housing program loans, enforcement fines, unexpended RCA funds remaining from a completed RCA project, application fees, and any other funds collected by the municipality in connection with its affordable housing programs, which shall be used to address municipal low- and moderate-income housing obligations within the time frames established by the Legislature and this chapter.

“Municipal development fee ordinance” means an ordinance adopted by the governing body of a municipality that authorizes the collection of development fees.

“New construction” means the creation of a new housing unit under regulation by a code enforcement official regardless of the means by which the unit is created. Newly constructed units are evidenced by the issuance of a certificate of occupancy and may include new residences created through additions and alterations, adaptive reuse, subdivision, or conversion of existing space, and moving a structure from one location to another.

“New Jersey Affordable Housing Trust Fund” means an account established pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-320.

“New Jersey Housing Resource Center” or “Housing Resource Center” means the online affordable housing listing portal, or its successor, overseen by the Agency pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-321.3 et seq.

“95/5 restriction” means a deed restriction governing a restricted ownership unit that is part of a housing element that received substantive certification from COAH pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:93, as it was in effect at the time of the receipt of substantive certification, before October 1, 2001, or any other deed restriction governing a restricted ownership unit with a seller repayment option requiring 95 percent of the price differential to be paid to the municipality or an instrument of the municipality at the closing of a sale at market price.

“Non-exempt sale” means any sale or transfer of ownership of a restricted unit to one’s self or to another individual other than the transfer of ownership between spouses or civil union partners; the transfer of ownership between former spouses or civil union partners ordered as a result of a judicial decree of divorce or judicial separation, but not including sales to third parties; the transfer of ownership between family members as a result of inheritance; the transfer of ownership through an executor’s deed to a class A beneficiary; and the transfer of ownership by court order.

“Nonprofit” means an organization granted nonprofit status in accordance with section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

“Non-residential development” means:

Any building or structure, or portion thereof, including, but not limited to, any appurtenant improvements, which is designated to a use group other than a residential use group according to the State Uniform Construction Code, N.J.A.C. 5:23, promulgated to effectuate the State uniform Construction Code Act, N.J.S.A. 52:27D-119 et seq., including any subsequent amendments or revisions thereto;

Hotels, motels, vacation timeshares, and child-care facilities; and

The entirety of all continuing care facilities within a continuing care retirement community which is subject to the Continuing Care Retirement Community Regulation and Financial Disclosure Act, N.J.S.A.52:27D-330 et seq.

“Non-residential development fee” means the fee authorized to be imposed pursuant to N.J.S.A. 40:55D-8.1 through 40:55D-8.7.

“Order for repose” means the protection a municipality has from a builder’s remedy lawsuit for a period of time from the entry of a judgment of compliance by the Superior Court. A judgment of compliance often results in an order for repose.

“Payment in lieu of constructing affordable units” means the prior approval of the payment of funds to the municipality by a developer when affordable units were not produced on a site zoned for an inclusionary development. The statutory permission for payments in lieu of constructing affordable units was eliminated per P.L. 2024, c.2.

“Prospective need” means a projection of housing needs based on development and growth which is reasonably likely to occur in a region or a municipality, as the case may be, as a result of actual determination of public and private entities. Prospective need shall be determined by the methodology set forth pursuant to sections 6 and 7 of P.L.2024, c. 2 (C.52:27D-304.2 and C.52:27D-304.3) for the fourth round and all future rounds of housing obligations.

“Qualified Urban Aid Municipality” means a municipality that meets the criteria established pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-304.3.c(1).

“Person with a disability” means a person with a physical disability, infirmity, malformation, or disfigurement which is caused by bodily injury, birth defect, aging, or illness including epilepsy and other seizure disorders, and which shall include, but not be limited to, any degree of paralysis, amputation, lack of physical coordination, blindness or visual impairment, deafness or hearing impairment, the inability to speak or a speech impairment, or physical reliance on a service animal, wheelchair, or other remedial appliance or device.

“Price differential” means the difference between the controlled sale price of a restricted unit and the contract price at the exit sale of the unit, determined as of the date of a proposed contract of sale for the unit. If there is no proposed contract of sale, the price differential is the difference between the controlled sale price of a restricted unit and the appraised value of the unit as if it were not subject to UHAC, determined as of the date of the appraisal. If the controlled sale price exceeds the contract price or, in the absence of a contract price, the appraised value, the price differential is zero dollars.

“Prior round unit” means a housing unit that addresses a municipality’s fair share obligation from a round prior to the fourth round of affordable housing obligations, including any unit that: (1) received substantive certification from COAH; (2) is part of a third-round settlement agreement or judgment of compliance approved by a court of competent jurisdiction, inclusive of units created pursuant to a zoning designation adopted as part of the settlement agreement or judgment of compliance to create a realistic opportunity for development; (3) is subject to a grant agreement or other contract with either the State or a political subdivision thereof entered into prior to July 1, 2025, pursuant to either item (1) or (2) above; or (4) otherwise addresses a municipality’s fair share obligation from a round prior to the fourth round of affordable housing obligations. A unit created after the enactment of P.L. 2024, c. 2 (N.J.S.A. 52:27D-304.1) on March 20, 2024, is not a prior round unit unless: (1) it is created pursuant to a prior round development plan or zoning designation that was adopted and/or having received COAH or court approval on or before the cutoff date of June 30, 2025, or the date that the municipality adopts the implementing ordinances and resolutions for the fourth round of affordable housing obligations, whichever occurs sooner; and (2) its siting and creation are consistent with the form of the prior round development plan or zoning designation in effect as of the cutoff date, without any amendment or variance.

“Program” means the Affordable Housing Dispute Resolution Program, established pursuant to section 5 of P.L.2024, c. 2 (C.52:27D-313.2).

“Random selection process” means a lottery process by which currently income-eligible applicant-households are selected, at random, for placement in affordable housing units such that no preference is given to one applicant over another, except in the case of a veterans’ preference where such an agreement exists; for purposes of matching household income and size with an appropriately priced and sized affordable unit; or another purpose allowed pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.7(k)3. This definition excludes any practices that would allow affordable housing units to be leased or sold on a first-come, first-served basis.

“RCA administrator” means an appointed municipal employee who is responsible for oversight and/or administration of affordable units and associated revenues and expenditures within the municipality that were funded through regional contribution agreements.

“RCA project plan” means a past application, submitted by a receiving municipality in an RCA, delineating the manner in which the receiving municipality intended to create or rehabilitate low- and moderate-income housing.

“Receiving municipality” means, for the purposes of an RCA, a municipality that contractually agreed to assume a portion of another municipality’s fair share obligation.

“Reconstruction” means any project where the extent and nature of the work is such that the work area cannot be occupied while the work is in progress and where a new certificate of occupancy is required before the work area can be reoccupied, pursuant to the Rehabilitation Subcode of the uniform Construction Code, N.J.A.C. 5:23-6. Reconstruction shall not include projects comprised only of floor finish replacement, painting or wallpapering, or the replacement of equipment or furnishings. Asbestos hazard abatement and lead hazard abatement projects shall not be classified as reconstruction solely because occupancy of the work area is not permitted.

“Recreational facilities and community centers” means any indoor or outdoor buildings, spaces, structures, or improvements intended for active or passive recreation, including, but not limited to, ballfields, meeting halls, and classrooms, accommodating either organized or informal activity.

“Regional contribution agreement” or “RCA” means a contractual agreement, pursuant to the Act, into which two municipalities voluntarily entered into and was approved by COAH and/or Superior Court prior to July 18, 2008, to transfer a portion of a municipality’s affordable housing obligation to another municipality within its housing region.

“Regional median income” means the median income by household size for an applicable housing region, as calculated annually in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.3.

“Rehabilitation” means the repair, renovation, alteration, or reconstruction of any building or structure, pursuant to the Rehabilitation Subcode, N.J.A.C. 5:23-6.

“Rent” means the gross monthly cost of a rental unit to the tenant, including the rent paid to the landlord, as well as an allowance for tenant-paid utilities computed in accordance with allowances published by DCA for its Section 8 program. With respect to units in assisted living residences, rent does not include charges for food and services.

“Residential development fee” means money paid by a developer for the improvement of residential property as permitted pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-329.2 and N.J.A.C. 5:99-3.2.

“Restricted unit” means a dwelling unit, whether a rental unit or ownership unit, that is subject to the affordability controls of this subchapter but does not include a market-rate unit that was financed pursuant to UHORP, MONI, or CHOICE.

“Spending plan” means a method of allocating funds contained in an affordable housing trust fund account, which includes, but is not limited to, development fees collected and to be collected pursuant to an approved municipal development fee ordinance, or pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-329.1 et seq., for the purpose of meeting the housing needs of low- and moderate-income individuals.

“State Development and Redevelopment Plan” or “State Plan” means the plan prepared pursuant to sections 1 through 12 of the “State Planning Act,” P.L.1985, c. 398 (C.52:18A-196 et al.), designed to represent a balance of development and conservation objectives best suited to meet the needs of the State, and for the purpose of coordinating planning activities and establishing Statewide planning objectives in the areas of land use, housing, economic development, transportation, natural resource conservation, agriculture and farmland retention, recreation, urban and suburban redevelopment, historic preservation, public facilities and services, and intergovernmental coordination pursuant to subsection f. of section 5 of P.L.1985, c. 398 (C.52:18A-200).

“Supportive housing household” means a very low-, low- or moderate-income household certified as income eligible by an administrative agent in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.14, in which at least one member is an individual who requires supportive services to maintain housing stability and independent living and who is part of a population identified by federal or state statute, regulation, or program guidance as eligible for supportive or special needs housing. Such populations include, but are not limited to: persons with intellectual or developmental disabilities, persons with serious mental illness, person with head injuries (as defined in Section 2 of P.L. 1977), persons with physical disabilities or chronic health conditions, persons who are homeless as defined by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development at 24 C.F.R. Part 578, survivors of domestic violence, youth aging out of foster care, and other special needs populations recognized under programs administered by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program, the McKinney-Vento Act, or the New Jersey Department of Human Services. A supportive housing household may include family members, unrelated individuals, or live-in aides, provided that the household meets the income eligibility requirements of this subchapter, except that in the case of unrelated individuals not operating as a family unit, income eligibility shall be tested on an individual basis rather than in the aggregate; the unit is leased or sold subject to the affordability controls established herein; and the supportive services available to the household are designed to promote housing stability, independent living, and community integration. The determination of whether unrelated individuals are operating as a family unit shall be made based on the applicant’s self-identification of household members on the affordable housing application.

“Supportive housing sponsoring program” means grant or loan program which provided financial assistance to the development of the unit.

“Supportive housing unit” means a restricted rental unit, as defined by N.J.S.A. 34:1B-21.24, that is affordable to very low-, low- or moderate-income households and is reserved for occupancy by a supportive housing household. Supportive housing units are also referred to as permanent supportive housing units.

“Transitional housing” means temporary housing that: (1) includes, but is not limited to, single-room occupancy housing or shared living and supportive living arrangements; (2) provides access to on-site or off-site supportive services for very low-income households who have recently been homeless or lack stable housing; (3) is licensed by the department; and (4) allows households to remain for a minimum of six months.

“Treasurer” means the Treasurer of the State of New Jersey.

“UHAC” means the Uniform Housing Affordability Controls set forth at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.

“UHORP” means the Agency’s Urban Homeownership Recovery Program, as it was authorized by the Agency Board.

“Unit type” means type of dwelling unit with various building standards including but not limited to single-family detached, single-family attached/townhouse, stacked townhouse (attached building containing 2 units each with separate entrances), duplex (detached building containing 2 units each with separate entrances), triplex (3 units each with separate entrance), quadplex (4 units each with separate entrance), multifamily / flat (2 or more units with a shared entrance). Inclusion of a garage, or not, shall not define the unit type.

“Very-low-income household” means a household with a household income less than or equal to 30 percent of the regional median income.

“Very-low-income housing” means housing affordable according to the Federal Department of Housing and Urban Development or other recognized standards for home ownership and rental costs and occupied or reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household income equal to 30 percent or less of the median gross household income for households of the same size within the housing region in which the housing is located.

“Very-low-income unit” means a restricted unit that is affordable to a very-low-income household.

“Veteran” means a veteran as defined at N.J.S.A. 54:4-8.10.

“Veterans’ preference” means the agreement between a municipality and a developer or residential development owner that allows for low- to moderate-income veterans to be given preference for up to 50 percent of rental units in relevant projects, as provided for at N.J.S.A. 52:27D-311.j.

“Weatherization” means building insulation (for attic, exterior walls and crawl space), siding to improve energy efficiency, replacement storm windows, replacement storm doors, replacement windows and replacement doors and is considered a major system for rehabilitation.

C. Monitoring and Reporting Requirements.

1. The municipality shall comply with the following monitoring and reporting requirements regarding the status of the implementation of its court-approved Housing Element and Fair Share Plan:

- a. The municipality shall provide electronic monitoring data with the Department pursuant to P.L 2024, Chapter 2 and N.J.A.C. 5:99 through the Affordable Housing Monitoring System (AHMS). All monitoring information required to be made public by the FHA shall be available to the public on the Department's website at <https://www.nj.gov/dca/dlps/hss/MuniStatusReporting.shtml>.
- b. On or before February 15 of each year, the municipality shall provide annual reporting of its municipal Affordable Housing Trust Fund activity to the Department on the AHMS portal. The reporting shall include an accounting of all municipal Affordable Housing Trust Fund activity, including the sources and amounts of funds collected and the amounts and purposes for which any funds have been expended, for the previous year from January 1st to December 31st.
- c. On or before February 15 of each year, the annual reporting of the status of all affordable housing activity shall be provided to the Department on the AHMS portal, for the previous year from January 1st to December 31st.

D. Affordable Housing Overlay District.

1. An Affordable Housing Overlay District is hereby created, which District shall consist of all properties that are located within the Business District between 93rd Street and 99th Street.
2. Development in the Overlay District shall be subject to the bulk regulations set forth in § 560-18, except as set forth in this § 560-48.
3. Residential units shall be permitted in the Overlay District on the second and third floors of buildings, through either new construction of a mixed-use building or placing residential multifamily units over existing structures, subject to the following regulations:
 - a. Construction of new residential units, including but not limited to those in excess of the story and height limitations set forth in § 560-18, shall require not less than 20% of all residential units to be designated as affordable housing units.
 - b. The first floor of any building in which residential units exist on the second and third floor shall be operated as a commercial use in accordance with § 560-18.
 - c. Structures housing third-floor residential units shall be subject to the following supplemental bulk regulations, which shall control in the event of a conflict with § 560-18:
 - i. Maximum stories: three.
 - ii. Maximum building height: 42 feet from top of curb.
 - iii. Minimum lot area: 4,000 square feet.
 - iv. Minimum front yard setback:
 - 1) First and second floors. as per § 560-18.
 - 2) Third floor: 10 feet, provided that a railing measuring up to 42 inches above a third-floor exterior deck shall be subject the minimum front yard setback set forth in § 560-18.
 - v. Minimum side yard setback: zero feet.
 - vi. Minimum rear yard setback: zero feet.
 - vii. Affordable housing unit gross floor area (min): 650 square feet.
 - viii. Affordable housing unit parking: zero spaces.

E. Multifamily residential set-aside requirements.

1. All newly constructed multifamily residential developments of five units or more, whether located within or outside in the Affordable Housing Overlay District, shall be required to set aside a percentage of the units as affordable housing as follows:
 - a. The set-aside for rental developments shall be 15% of the total units;
 - b. The set-aside for for-sale developments shall be 20% of the total units.
2. The provisions of this § 560-48E shall not apply to residential expansions, additions, renovations, replacement, or any other type of residential development that does not result in a net increase in the number of dwelling units by five or more.

F. New Construction (per N.J.A.C. 5:93 as may be updated per various sections in N.J.A.C. 5:97 and N.J.S.A. 52:27D-301 et seq.).

Per the definition of “New Construction,” this section governs the creation of new affordable housing units regardless of the means by which the units are created. Newly constructed units may include new residences constructed or created through other means.

1. The following requirements shall apply to all new or planned developments that contain very low-, low- and moderate-income housing units. To the extent possible, details related to the adherence to the requirements below shall be outlined in the resolution granting municipal subdivision or site plan approval of the project to assist municipal representatives, developers and Administrative Agents.
2. Completion Schedule (previously known as phasing). Final site plan or subdivision approval shall be contingent upon the affordable housing development meeting the following completion schedule for very low-, low- and moderate-income units whether developed in a single-phase development, or in a multi-phase development:

Maximum Percentage of Market-Rate Units Issued a Temporary or Final Certificate of Occupancy	Minimum Percentage of Affordable Units Issued a Temporary or Final Certificate of Occupancy
25+1	10
50	50
75	75
90	100

3. Design. The following design requirements apply to affordable housing developments, excluding prior round units.
 - a. Design of 100 percent affordable developments:
 - i. Restricted units must meet the minimum square footage required for the number of inhabitants for which the unit is marketed and the minimum square footage required

- for each bedroom, as set forth in the Neighborhood Preservation Balanced Housing rules at N.J.A.C. 5:43-2.4.
- ii. Each bedroom in each restricted unit must have at least one window.
 - iii. Restricted units must include adequate air conditioning and heating.
- b. Design of developments comprising market-rate rental units and restricted rental units. The following does not apply to prior round units, unless stated otherwise.
- i. Restricted units must use the same building materials and architectural design elements (for example, plumbing, insulation, or siding) as market-rate units of the same unit type (for example, flat or townhome) within the same development, except that restricted units and market-rate units may use different interior finishes. This shall apply to prior round units.
 - ii. Restricted units and market-rate units within the same affordable development must be sited such that restricted units are not concentrated in less desirable locations.
 - iii. Restricted units may not be physically clustered so as to segregate restricted and market-rate units within the same development or within the same building, but must be interspersed throughout the development, except that age-restricted and supportive housing units may be physically clustered if the clustering facilitates the provision of on-site medical services or on-site social services. Prior round affordable units shall be integrated with market rate units to the extent feasible.
 - iv. Residents of restricted units must be offered the same access to communal amenities as residents of market-rate units within the same affordable development. Examples of communal amenities include, but are not limited to, community pools, fitness and recreation centers, playgrounds, common rooms and outdoor spaces, and building entrances and exits. This shall apply to prior round units.
 - v. Restricted units must include adequate air conditioning and heating and must use the same type of cooling and heating sources as market-rate units of the same unit type. This shall apply to prior round units.
 - vi. Each bedroom in each restricted unit must have at least one window.
 - vii. Restricted units must be of the same unit type as market-rate units within the same building.
 - viii. Restricted units and bedrooms must be no less than 90 percent of the minimum size prescribed by the Neighborhood Preservation Balanced Housing rules at N.J.A.C. 5:43-2.4.
- c. Design of developments containing for-sale units, including those with a mix of rental and for-sale units. Restricted rental units shall meet the requirements of section b above. Restricted sale units shall comply with the below:
- i. Restricted units must use the same building standards as market-rate units of the same unit type (for example, flat, townhome, or single-family home), except that restricted units and market-rate units may use different interior finishes. This shall apply to prior round units.

- ii. Restricted units may be clustered, provided that the buildings or housing product types containing the restricted units are integrated throughout the development and are not concentrated in an undesirable location or in undesirable locations. Prior round affordable units shall be integrated with market rate units to the extent feasible.
 - iii. Restricted units may be of different unit housing product types than market-rate units, provided that there is a restricted option available for each market rate housing type. Developments containing market-rate duplexes, townhomes, and/or single-family homes shall offer restricted housing options that also include duplexes, townhomes, and/or single-family homes. Penthouses and higher priced end townhomes may be exempt from this requirement. The proper ratio for restricted to market-rate unit type shall be subject to municipal ordinance or, if not specified, shall be determined at the time of site plan approval.
 - iv. Restricted units must meet the minimum square footage required for the number of inhabitants for which the unit is marketed and the minimum square footage required for each bedroom, as set forth in the Neighborhood Preservation Balanced Housing rules at N.J.A.C. 5:43-2.4.
 - v. Penthouse and end units may be reserved for market-rate sale, provided that the overall number, value, and distribution of affordable units across the development is not negatively impacted by such reservation(s).
 - vi. Residents of restricted units must be offered the same access to communal amenities as residents of market-rate units within the same affordable development. Examples of communal amenities include, but are not limited to, community pools, fitness and recreation centers, playgrounds, common rooms and outdoor spaces, and building entrances and exits. This shall apply to prior round units.
 - vii. Each bedroom in each restricted unit must have at least one window; and
 - viii. Restricted units must include adequate air conditioning and heating.
4. Utilities.
- a. Affordable units shall utilize the same type of cooling and heating source as market-rate units within the affordable housing development.
 - b. Tenant-paid utilities that are included in the utility allowance shall be so stated in the lease and shall be consistent with the utility allowance in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.13(e).
5. Low/moderate split and bedroom distribution.
- a. Affordable units shall be divided equally between low- and moderate-income units, except that where there is an odd number of affordable housing units, the extra unit shall be a low-income unit.
 - b. In each affordable housing development, at least 50% of the restricted units within each bedroom distribution rounded up to the nearest whole number shall be very low- or low-income units.

- c. Within rental developments, of the total number of affordable rental units, at least 13%, rounded up to the nearest whole number, shall be affordable to very low-income households. The very low-income units shall be distributed between each bedroom count as proportionally as possible, to the nearest whole unit, to the total number of restricted units within each bedroom count, and counted as part of the required number of low-income units within the development.
 - d. Affordable housing developments that are not age-restricted or supportive housing shall be structured such that:
 - i. At a minimum, the number of bedrooms within the restricted units equals twice the number of restricted units;
 - ii. Two-bedroom and/or three-bedroom units compose at least 50 percent of all restricted units;
 - iii. The combined number of efficiency and one-bedroom units shall be no greater than 20%, rounded down, of the total number of low- and moderate-income units.
 - iv. At least 30% of all low- and moderate-income units, rounded up shall be two-bedroom units.
 - v. At least 20% of all low- and moderate-income units, rounded up shall be three-bedroom units.
 - vi. The remaining units may be allocated among two- and three- bedroom units at the discretion of the developer.
 - e. Affordable housing developments that are age-restricted or supportive housing, except those supportive housing units whose sponsoring program determines the unit arrangements, shall be structured such that, at a minimum, the number of bedrooms shall equal the number of age-restricted or supportive housing low- and moderate-income units within the inclusionary development. Supportive housing units whose sponsoring program determines the unit arrangement shall comply with all requirements of the sponsoring program. The standard may be met by having all one-bedroom units or by having a two-bedroom unit for each efficiency unit. In affordable housing developments with 20 or more restricted units that are age-restricted or supportive housing, two-bedroom units must comprise at least 5% of those restricted units.
6. Accessibility requirements.
- a. Any new construction shall be adaptable; however, elevators shall not be required in any building or within any dwelling unit for the purpose of compliance with this section. In buildings without elevator service, only ground floor dwelling units shall be required to be constructed to conform with the technical design standards of the barrier free subcode. "Ground floor" means the first floor with a dwelling unit or portion of a dwelling unit, regardless of whether that floor is at grade. A building may have more than one ground floor.
 - b. Notwithstanding the exemption for townhouse dwelling units in the barrier free subcode, the first floor of all townhouse dwelling units and of all other multifloor dwelling units that are attached to at least one other dwelling unit shall be subject to

the technical design standards of the barrier free subcode and shall include the following features:

- i. An adaptable toilet and bathing facility on the first floor;
- ii. An adaptable kitchen on the first floor;
- iii. An interior accessible route of travel however an interior accessible route of travel shall not be required between stories;
- iv. An adaptable room that can be used as a bedroom, with a door, or the casing for the installation of a door that is compliant with the Barrier Free Subcode, on the first floor;
- v. If not all of the foregoing requirements in b.i. through b.iv. can be satisfied, then an interior accessible route of travel shall be provided between stories within an individual unit; and
- vi. An accessible entranceway as set forth in P.L. 2005, c. 350 (N.J.S.A. 52:27D-311a et seq.) and the Barrier Free Subcode, N.J.A.C. 5:23-7, or evidence that the municipality has collected funds from the developer sufficient to make 10% of the adaptable entrances in the development accessible:
 - (a) Where a unit has been constructed with an adaptable entrance, upon the request of a disabled person who is purchasing or will reside in the dwelling unit, an accessible entrance shall be installed.
 - (b) To this end, the builder of restricted units shall deposit funds within the Affordable Housing Trust Fund sufficient to install accessible entrances in 10% of the affordable units that have been constructed with adaptable entrances.
 - (c) The funds deposited shall be expended for the sole purpose of making the adaptable entrance of an affordable unit accessible when requested to do so by a person with a disability who occupies or intends to occupy the unit and requires an accessible entrance.
 - (d) The developer of the restricted units shall submit to the Construction Official a design plan and cost estimate for the conversion from adaptable to accessible entrances.
 - (e) Once the Construction Official has determined that the design plan to convert the unit entrances from adaptable to accessible meets the requirements of the Barrier Free Subcode, N.J.A.C. 5:23-7, and that the cost estimate of such conversion is reasonable, payment shall be made to the Affordable Housing Trust Fund and earmarked appropriately.
- vii. Full compliance with the foregoing provisions shall not be required where an entity can demonstrate that it is "site-impracticable" to meet the requirements. If full compliance with this section would be site impracticable, compliance with this section for any portion of the dwelling shall be required to the extent that it is not site impracticable. Determinations of site impracticability shall comply with the Barrier Free Subcode at N.J.A.C. 5:23-7.

G. Affordable Housing Programs/Compliance Techniques.

1. Pursuant to amended UHAC regulations at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1 et seq. and, in addition, pursuant to P.L. 2024, c.2 and specifically to the amended FHA at N.J.S.A. 52:27D-311.m, "All parties shall be entitled to rely upon regulations on municipal credits, adjustments, and compliance mechanisms adopted by the Council on Affordable Housing unless those regulations are contradicted by statute, including but not limited to P.L. 2024, c.2, or binding court decisions." The following are many of the main provisions of the COAH regulations at either N.J.A.C. 5:93 or 5:97 that have been upheld by the NJ Supreme Court. Municipalities should consult the cited full COAH regulations when preparing the HEFSP for required documentation, etc. Additional compliance details may also be included in the specific municipal program manual.
2. Accessory Apartment program (per N.J.A.C. 5:93-5.9 as may be updated per various sections in N.J.A.C. 5:97-6.8).
 - a. It is the specific purpose and intent of this section to allow accessory apartments on parcels of minimum size in conformance with the specific zoning district minimum lot size requirement to provide the opportunity for the development of affordable housing units to meet the needs of very-low-, low- and moderate-income residents. It is also the purpose of this limited, special-use provision to allow more efficient use of the Borough's existing stock of residential dwelling units and the Borough's existing stock of accessory buildings, to allow existing residents the opportunity to remain in large, underutilized houses by virtue of the added income for them from an accessory apartment, to allow accessory apartments in new attached and/or detached structures and to protect and preserve property values in the Borough of Stone Harbor. To help achieve these goals to promote the other objectives of this chapter and of the Master Plan, and to implement the Borough's Housing Element and Fair Share Plan, the following specific standards and limitations are set forth for such accessory apartment use.
 - b. Location and number of units: Location of units shall be permitted in the Business Zoning District and Residential Zoning Districts. The Borough is limited to the number of new permitted accessory apartments to allow up to 10 units, five of which shall be affordable to low-income households, with one of those five units being affordable to a very-low-income household.
 - c. Size: The minimum floor area for an accessory apartment located within a principal structure shall be 650 square feet, but in no case shall it exceed the gross floor area of the existing principal structure on the lot.
 - d. An accessory apartment unit will comply with the rest of the provisions of § 560-48.
 - e. All standards and requirements of the zoning district, except as modified by this section, shall apply.
 - f. An accessory apartment unit shall comply with all applicable statutes and regulations of the State of New Jersey in addition to all local building codes.
 - g. Exterior appearance: An accessory apartment shall be located, designed, constructed, and landscaped so as to preserve the appearance of the principal building to the maximum extent feasible and further to enhance and not detract from the character of the principal building and the surrounding neighborhood. An accessory apartment shall

- have a separate, distinct entry which does not detract from the character of the principal building.
- h. The appropriate utility authority or Board of Health must certify that there is water and sewer infrastructure with sufficient capacity to serve the proposed accessory apartment.
 - i. Each accessory apartment shall have its own private entrance, living/sleeping space, cooking facilities, a kitchen sink, and complete sanitary facilities for the exclusive use of its occupants.
 - j. The accessory apartment shall have a separate door with direct access to the outdoors.
 - k. An accessory apartment program shall provide low- and moderate-income units or may be limited to only low- or only moderate-income units.
 - l. Per N.J.A.C. 5:97-6.8(c)1, at the time of initial occupancy of the unit and for at least ten years thereafter, the accessory apartment shall be rented only to income eligible households consistent with the income category and rent structure of the unit.
 - m. Rents of accessory apartments shall be established using the same methodology of affordable rental units discussed herein.
 - n. There shall be a recorded deed or declaration of covenants and restrictions applied to the property upon which the accessory apartment is located running with the land and limiting its subsequent rental for the duration of the control period.
 - o. The municipal accessory apartment program shall not restrict the number of bedrooms in any accessory apartment.
 - p. Administration:
 - i. Stone Harbor Borough shall designate an administrative agent to administer the accessory apartment program.
 - ii. The administrative agent shall administer the accessory apartment program in accordance with the Borough's Affordable Housing Ordinance, which includes, but is not limited to, advertising, income qualifying prospective renters, settling rents and annual rental increases, maintaining a waiting list, distributing the subsidy, overseeing the securing of certificates of occupancy, qualifying properties, handing application forms, overseeing the filing deed restrictions, filing monitoring reports and affirmatively marketing the accessory apartment program.
 - iii. Per N.J.A.C. 5:97-6.8(b)2, the municipality shall provide a minimum of \$35,000 per unit to subsidize the creation of each very-low-income accessory apartment, \$25,000 per unit to subsidize the creation of a low-income accessory apartment or \$20,000 per unit to subsidize the creation of each moderate-income accessory apartment. Subsidy may be used to fund actual construction costs and/or to provide compensation for reduced rental rates. Prior to the grant of such subsidy, the property owner shall enter into a written agreement with the Borough ensuring that the subsidy shall be used to create the accessory apartment and the apartment shall meet the requirements of this subsection.

- iv. Applicants for the creation of an accessory apartment shall submit to the administrative agent:
 - a) A sketch of floor plans showing the location, size, and relationship of both the accessory apartment and the primary dwelling within the building or in another structure;
 - b) Rough elevations showing the modification of any exterior building facade to which changes are proposed; and
 - c) A site development sketch showing the location of the existing dwelling and other existing buildings; all property lines; proposed addition, if any, along with the minimum building setback lines; the required parking spaces for both dwelling units and any man-made conditions which might affect construction.
3. Extension of Controls Program (for ownership units per N.J.A.C. 5:97-6.14 and UHAC at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.6(h) through (k) and (m); and for rental units per N.J.A.C. 5:97-6.14 and N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.12(h) through (k)).
 - a. An extension of affordability controls program is established to maintain and extend the affordability of deed restricted units scheduled to come out of their affordability control period, subject to N.J.A.C. 5:97-6.14 and UHAC, including the following:
 - i. The affordable unit meets the criteria for prior cycle (April 1, 1980 - December 15, 1986) or post December 15, 1986 credits set forth in N.J.A.C. 5:97.
 - ii. The affordability controls for the unit are scheduled to expire in the current round; or in the next round of housing obligations if the municipal election to extend controls is made no earlier than one year before the end of the current round;
 - iii. The municipality shall obtain a continuing certificate of occupancy or a certified statement from the municipal building inspector stating that the restricted unit meets all code standards.
 - iv. If a unit requires repair and/or rehabilitation work in order to receive a continuing certificate of occupancy or certified statement from the municipal building inspector, the municipality shall fund and complete the work.
 - v. The municipality shall adhere to the process for extending controls pursuant to UHAC for extending ownership units and rental units, either inclusionary or 100% affordable developments.
 - vi. The deed restriction for the extended control period shall be filed with the County Clerk.
4. Assisted Living Residence (per N.J.A.C. 5:97-6.11).
 - a. An assisted living residence is a facility licensed by the New Jersey Department of Health to provide apartment-style housing and congregate dining and to assure that assisted living services are available. All or a designated number of apartments in the facility shall be restricted to low- and moderate-income households.

- b. The unit of credit shall be the apartment. However, a two-bedroom apartment shall be eligible for two units of credit if it is restricted to two unrelated individuals.
 - c. A recipient of a Medicaid waiver shall automatically qualify as a low- or moderate-income household.
 - d. Assisted living units are considered age-restricted housing in a HEFSP and shall be included with the maximum number of units that may be age-restricted.
 - e. Low- and moderate-income residents cannot be charged any upfront fees.
 - f. The units shall comply with UHAC with the following exceptions:
 - i. Affirmative marketing (N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.16); provided that the units are restricted to recipients of Medicaid waivers;
 - ii. The deed restriction may be on the facility, rather than individual apartments or rooms;
 - iii. Low/moderate income split and affordability average (N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.4); only if all of the affordable units are affordable to households at a maximum of 60 percent of median income; and
 - g. Tenant income eligibility (N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.14); up to 80 percent of an applicant's gross income may be used for rent, food and services based on occupancy type and the affordable unit must receive the same basic services as required by the Agency's underwriting guidelines and financing policies. The cost of non-housing related services shall not exceed one and two-thirds times the rent established for each unit.
5. Supportive Housing and Group Homes (per N.J.A.C. 5:97-6.10).
- a. The following provisions shall apply to group homes, residential health care facilities, and supportive shared living housing:
 - i. Units are subject to Affirmative Marketing requirements, household certification, and administrative agent oversight; and may, with the approval of the municipal housing liaison and the administrative agent, be leased either by the bedroom or to a single household in the case of multi-bedroom configurations, provided such arrangement is consistent with the Federal Fair Housing Act (Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968).
 - ii. Units may, with the approval of the administrative agent, be subject to a master lease by an approved supportive housing operator, provided that all subleases are to be certified supportive housing households and remain fully subject to the affordability controls of this subchapter. Rents for supportive housing units shall not exceed the rent standards established and published by the New Jersey Department of Human Services.
 - iii. The unit of credit shall be the bedroom. However, the unit of credit shall be the unit if occupied by a single person or household.
 - iv. Housing that is age-restricted shall be included with the maximum number of units that may be age-restricted pursuant to the Act.
 - v. Occupancy shall not be restricted to youth under 18 years of age.

- vi. In affordable developments with 20 or more restricted units that are supportive housing, two-bedroom units must compose at least five percent of those restricted units.
- vii. The bedrooms and/or units shall comply with UHAC with the following exceptions:
 - (a) Affirmative marketing; however, group homes, residential health care facilities, permanent supportive housing, and supportive shared living housing shall be affirmatively marketed to broadest possible population of qualified individuals with special needs in accordance with a plan approved by the sponsoring program;
 - (b) Affordability average and bedroom distribution (N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.4).
- viii. With the exception of units established with capital funding through a 20-year operating contract with the Department of Human Services, Division of Developmental Disabilities, group homes, residential health care facilities, supportive shared living housing and permanent supportive housing shall have the appropriate controls on affordability in accordance with the Act. In the event that a supportive housing provider is unable to record or execute a long-term deed restriction, the units shall be subject to annual recertification by the Municipal Housing Liaison to confirm continued occupancy and compliance with this Section.
- ix. Objective standards shall be applied in the selection of tenants for supportive housing units and shall be designed to ensure that individuals are not excluded in an arbitrary or capricious manner.
- x. The following documentation shall be submitted by the sponsor to the municipality prior to marketing the completed units or facility:
 - (a) An Affirmative Marketing Plan in accordance with §30-1109 above; and
 - (b) If applicable, proof that the supportive and/or special needs housing is regulated by the New Jersey Department of Health and Senior Services, the New Jersey Department of Human Services or another State agency in accordance with the requirements of this section, which includes validation of the number of bedrooms or units in which low- or moderate-income occupants reside.
- xi. The sponsor/owner shall complete annual monitoring as directed by the MHI.

H. Regional Income Limits.

1. Administrative agents shall use the current regional income limits for the purpose of pricing affordable units and determining income eligibility of households.
2. Regional income limits are based on regional median income, which is established by a regional weighted average of the "median family incomes" published by HUD. The procedure for computing the regional median income is detailed in N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.3.
3. Updated regional income limits are effective as of the effective date of the regional Section 8 income limits for the year, as published by HUD, or 45 days after HUD publishes the

regional Section 8 income limits for the year, whichever comes later. The new income limits may not be less than those of the previous year.

I. Maximum Initial Rents And Sales Prices.

1. In establishing rents and sales prices of affordable housing units, the Administrative Agent shall follow the procedures set forth in UHAC N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.4.
2. The average rent for all restricted units within each affordable housing development shall be affordable to households earning no more than 52 percent of regional median income.
3. The maximum rent for restricted rental units within each affordable housing development shall be affordable to households earning no more than 60% of regional median income. The maximum rent may be increased to no more than 70 percent of regional median income for moderate-income units within affordable developments where very-low-income units compose at least 13 percent of the restricted units; however, the number of units with rent affordable to households earning 70 percent of regional median income may not exceed the number of very-low-income units in excess of 13 percent (rounded up) of the restricted units.
4. The developers and/or municipal sponsors of restricted rental units shall establish at least one rent for each bedroom type for both low-income and moderate-income units, provided that at least 13% of all low- and moderate-income rental units shall be affordable to households earning no more than 30% of median income. These very low-income units shall be part of the low-income requirement and very-low-income units should be distributed between each bedroom count as proportionally as possible, to the nearest whole unit, to the total number of restricted units within each bedroom count.
5. The maximum sales price of restricted ownership units within each affordable housing development shall be affordable to households earning no more than 70% of median income, and each affordable housing development must achieve an affordability average that does not exceed 55% for all restricted ownership units. In achieving this affordability average, moderate-income ownership units must be available for at least three different prices for each bedroom type, and low-income ownership units must be available for at least two different prices for each bedroom type when the number of low- and moderate-income units permits.
6. The master deeds and declarations of covenants and restrictions for affordable developments may not distinguish between restricted units and market-rate units in the calculation of any condominium or homeowner association fees and special assessments to be paid by low- and moderate-income purchasers and those to be paid by market-rate purchasers. Notwithstanding the foregoing sentence, condominium units subject to a municipal ordinance adopted before December 20, 2004, which ordinance provides for condominium or homeowner association fees and/or assessments different from those provided for in this subsection are governed by the ordinance.
7. In determining the initial sales prices and rents for compliance with the affordability average requirements for restricted family units, the following standards shall be met:
 - a. A studio or efficiency unit shall be affordable to a one-person household;

- b. A one-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a one and one-half person household;
 - c. A two-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a three-person household;
 - d. A three-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a four and one-half person household; and
 - e. A four-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a six-person household.
8. In determining the initial rents and sales prices for compliance with the affordability average requirements for restricted units in assisted living facilities and age-restricted and special needs and supportive housing developments, the following standards shall be met:
 - a. A studio or efficiency unit shall be affordable to a one-person household;
 - b. A one-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a one and one-half person household; and
 - c. A two-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a two-person household or to two one-person households. Where pricing is based on two one-person households, the developer shall provide a list of units so priced to the Municipal Housing Liaison and the Administrative Agent.
 9. The initial purchase price for all restricted ownership units shall be calculated so that the monthly carrying cost of the unit, including principal and interest (based on a mortgage loan equal to 95 percent of the purchase price and the Freddie Mac 30-Year Fixed Rate-Mortgage rate of interest), property taxes, homeowner and private mortgage insurance and condominium or homeowner association fees do not exceed 30 percent of the eligible monthly income of the appropriate size household as determined pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.7, as may be amended and supplemented; provided, however, that the price shall be subject to the affordability average requirement of N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.4, as may be amended and supplemented.
 10. The initial rent for a restricted rental unit shall be calculated so that the total monthly housing expense, including an allowance for tenant-paid utilities, does not exceed 30 percent of the gross monthly income of a household of the appropriate size whose income is targeted to the applicable percentage of median income for the unit, as determined pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.3, as may be amended and supplemented. The rent shall also comply with the affordability average requirement of N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.4, as may be amended and supplemented. The initial rent for a restricted rental unit shall be calculated so the eligible monthly housing expenses/income, including an allowance for tenant-paid utilities does not exceed 30 percent of gross income of and the appropriate household size as determined pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.3, as may be amended and supplemented.
 11. At the anniversary date of the tenancy of the certified household occupying a restricted rental unit, following proper notice provided to the occupant household pursuant to N.J.S.A. 2A:18-61.1.f, the rent may be increased to an amount commensurate with the annual percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U), specifically U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics Series CUUR0100SAH, titled "Housing in Northeast urban, all urban consumers, not seasonally adjusted." Rent increases for units constructed pursuant to Low-Income Housing Tax Credit regulations shall be indexed pursuant to the regulations governing Low-Income Housing Tax Credits.

J. Affirmative Marketing.

1. The municipality shall adopt, by resolution, an Affirmative Marketing Plan, subject to approval of the Superior Court, compliant with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.16, as may be amended and supplemented.
2. The Affirmative Marketing Plan is a regional marketing strategy designed to attract buyers and/or renters of all majority and minority groups, regardless of race, creed, color, national origin, ancestry, marital or familial status, gender, affectional or sexual orientation, disability, age, or number of children, to housing units which are being marketed by a developer, sponsor or owner of affordable housing. The Affirmative Marketing Plan is intended to target those potentially eligible persons who are least likely to apply for affordable units in that region. It is a continuing program that directs all marketing activities toward Housing Region 2 and is required to be followed throughout the period of deed restriction.
3. The Affirmative Marketing Plan provides the following preferences, provided that units that remain unoccupied after these preferences are exhausted may be offered to households without regard to these preferences.
 - a. Where the municipality has entered into an agreement with a developer or residential development owner to provide a preference for very-low-, low-, and moderate-income veterans who served in time of war or other emergency, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-311.j, there shall be a preference for veterans for up to 50 percent of the restricted rental units in a particular project.
 - b. There shall be a regional preference for all households that live and/or work in Housing Region2 comprising Essex, Morris, Union, and WarrenCounties.
 - c. Subordinate to the regional preference, there shall be a preference for households that live and/or work in New Jersey.
 - d. With respect to existing restricted units undergoing approved rehabilitation for the purpose of preservation or to restricted units newly created to replace existing restricted units undergoing demolition, a preference for the very-low-, low-, and moderate-income households that are displaced by the rehabilitation or demolition and replacement.
4. The municipality has the ultimate responsibility for adopting the Affirmative Marketing Plan and for the proper administration of the Affirmative Marketing Process, including the marketing of initial sales and rentals and resales and re-rentals. The Administrative Agent designated by the municipality shall implement the Affirmative Marketing Process to ensure the Affirmative Marketing of all affordable units, with the exception of affordable programs that are exempt from Affirmative Marketing as noted herein.
5. The Affirmative Marketing Process shall describe the media to be used in advertising and publicizing the availability of housing. In implementing the Affirmative Marketing Process, the Administrative Agent shall consider the use of language translations where appropriate.
6. Applications for affordable housing or notices thereof, if offered online, shall be available in several locations, including, at a minimum, the County Administration Building and/or the County Library for each county within the housing region; the municipal administration building and municipal library in the municipality in which the units are located; and the

developer's rental or sales office. The developer shall mail applications to prospective applicants upon request and shall make applications available through a secure online website address.

7. In addition to other Affirmative Marketing strategies, the Administrative Agent shall provide specific notice of the availability of affordable housing units on the New Jersey Housing Resource Center website. Any other entities, including developers or persons or companies retained to implement the Affirmative Marketing Process, shall comply with this paragraph. The affirmative marketing plan shall include the following community and regional organizations: FSHC; the Latino Action Network; the New Jersey State Conference of the NAACP; East Orange NAACP; Newark NAACP; Morris County NAACP; Elizabeth NAACP; and the Supportive Housing Association.
8. In implementing the Affirmative Marketing Process, the Administrative Agent shall provide a list of counseling services to low- and moderate-income applicants on subjects such as budgeting, credit issues, mortgage qualification, rental lease requirements, and landlord/tenant law.
9. The Affirmative Marketing Process for available affordable units shall begin at least four months (120 days) prior to the expected date of occupancy.
10. The cost to affirmatively market the affordable units shall be the responsibility of the developer, sponsor or owner, with the exception of Affirmative Marketing for resales.

K. Selection of Occupants of Affordable Housing Units.

1. The Administrative Agent shall use a random selection process to select occupants of very low-, low- and moderate-income housing.
2. A pool of interested households will be maintained in accordance with the provisions of N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.16.

L. Occupancy Standards.

1. In referring certified households to specific restricted units, to the extent feasible, and without causing an undue delay in occupying the unit, the Administrative Agent shall strive to:
 - a. Ensure each bedroom is occupied by at least one person, except for age-restricted and supportive and special needs housing units;
 - b. Provide a bedroom for every two adult occupants;
 - c. With regard to occupants under the age of 18, accommodate the household's requested arrangement, except that such arrangement may not result in more than two occupants under the age of 18 occupying any bedroom; and
 - d. Avoid placing a one-person household into a unit with more than one bedroom.

M. Control Periods for Restricted Ownership Units and Enforcement Mechanisms.

1. Control periods for restricted ownership units shall be in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.6, as may be amended and supplemented, and each restricted ownership unit shall

remain subject to the controls on affordability for a period of at least 30 years subject to the requirements of N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.6, as may be amended and supplemented.

2. Rehabilitated housing units that are improved to code standards shall be subject to affordability controls for a period of not less than 10 years (crediting towards present need only).
3. The affordability control period for a restricted ownership unit shall commence on the date the initial certified household takes title to the unit. The date of commencement shall be identified in the deed restriction.
4. If existing affordability controls are being extended, the extended control period for a restricted ownership unit commences on the effective date of the extension, which is the end of the original control period.
5. After the end of any control period, the restricted ownership unit remains subject to the affordability controls set forth in this subchapter until the owner gives notice of their intent to make an exit sale, at which point:
 - a. If the municipality exercises the right to extend the affordability controls on the unit, no exit sale occurs and a new control period commences; or
 - b. If the municipality does not exercise the right to extend the affordability controls on the unit, the affordability controls terminate following the exit sale.
6. Prior to the issuance of any building permit for the construction/rehabilitation of restricted ownership units, the developer/owner and the municipality shall record a preliminary instrument provided by the Administrative Agent.
7. Prior to the issuance of the initial certificate of occupancy for a restricted ownership unit and upon each successive sale during the period of restricted ownership, the Administrative Agent shall determine the restricted price for the unit and shall also determine the nonrestricted, fair market value of the unit based on either an appraisal or the unit's equalized assessed value without the restrictions in place.
8. At the time of the initial sale of the unit and upon each successive price-restricted sale, the initial purchaser shall execute and deliver to the Administrative Agent a recapture note obliging the purchaser, as well as the purchaser's heirs, successors, and assigns, to repay, upon the first non-exempt sale after the unit's release from the restrictions set forth in this Ordinance, an amount equal to the difference between the unit's non-restricted fair market value and its restricted price, and the recapture note shall be secured by a recapture lien evidenced by a duly recorded mortgage on the unit.
9. The affordability controls set forth in this Ordinance shall remain in effect despite the entry and enforcement of any judgment of foreclosure with respect to price-restricted ownership units.

N. Price Restrictions for Restricted Ownership Units and Resale Prices.

1. Price restrictions for restricted ownership units shall be in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.7, as may be amended and supplemented, including:
 - a. The initial purchase price and affordability percentage for a restricted ownership unit shall be set by the Administrative Agent.

- b. The Administrative Agent shall approve all resale prices, in writing and in advance of the resale, to assure compliance with the standards set forth in N.J.A.C 5:80-26.7.
 - i. If the resale occurs prior to the one-year anniversary of the date on which title to the unit was transferred to a certified household, the maximum resale price for a is the most recent non-exempt purchase price.
 - ii. If the resale occurs on or after such anniversary date, the maximum resale price is the most recent non-exempt purchase price increased to reflect the cumulative annual percentage increases to the regional median income, effective as of the same date as the regional median income calculated pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.3
 - c. The owners of restricted ownership units may apply to the Administrative Agent to increase the maximum sales price for the unit on the basis of anticipated capital improvements. Eligible capital improvements shall be:
 - i. those that render the unit suitable for a larger household or the addition of a bathroom.
 - ii. The maximum resale price may be further increased by an amount up to the cumulative dollar value of approved capital improvements made after the last non-exempt sale for improvements and/or upgrades to the unit, excluding capital improvements paid for by the entity favored on the recapture note and recapture lien described at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.6(d);
 - d. No increase for capital improvements is permitted if the maximum resale price prior to adjusting for capital improvements already exceeds whatever initial purchase price the unit would have if it were being offered for purchase for the first time at the initial affordability percentage. All adjustments for capital improvements are subject to 10-year, straight-line depreciation.
2. Upon the resale of a restricted ownership unit, all items of property that are permanently affixed to the unit or were included when the unit was initially restricted (for example, refrigerator, range, washer, dryer, dishwasher, wall-to-wall carpeting) shall be included in the maximum allowable resale price. Other items may be sold to the purchaser at a reasonable price that has been approved by the Administrative Agent at the time of the signing of the agreement to purchase but shall be separate and apart from any contract of sale for the underlying real estate. The purchase of central air conditioning installed subsequent to the initial sale of the unit and not included in the base price may be made a condition of the unit resale provided the price of the air conditioning equipment, which shall be subject to 10-year, straight-line depreciation, has been approved by the Administrative Agent. Unless otherwise approved by the Administrative Agent, the purchase of any property other than central air conditioning shall not be made a condition of the unit resale. The seller and the purchaser must personally certify at the time of closing that no unapproved transfer of funds for the purpose of selling and receiving property has taken place at the time of or as a condition of resale.

O. Buyer Income Eligibility.

- 1. Buyer income eligibility for restricted ownership units shall be established pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.17, as may be amended and supplemented, such that very low-income ownership units shall be reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household

income less than or equal to 30% of median income, low-income ownership units shall be reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household income less than or equal to 50% of median income and moderate-income ownership units shall be reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household income less than 80% of median income.

2. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Administrative Agent may, upon approval by the municipality, and subject to the Division's approval, permit a moderate-income purchaser to buy a low-income unit if and only if the Administrative Agent can demonstrate that there is an insufficient number of eligible low-income purchasers in the housing region to permit prompt occupancy of the unit and all other reasonable efforts to attract a low-income purchaser, including pricing and financing incentives, have failed. Any such low-income unit that is sold to a moderate-income household shall retain the required pricing and pricing restrictions for a low-income unit. Similarly, the administrative agent may permit low-income purchasers to buy very-low-income units in housing markets where, as determined by the Division, units are reserved for very-low-income purchasers, but there is an insufficient number of very-low-income purchasers to permit prompt occupancy of the units. In such instances, the purchased unit must be maintained as a very-low-income unit and sold at a very-low-income price point such that on the next resale the unit will still be affordable to very-low-income households and able to be purchased by a very-low-income household. A very-low-income unit that is seeking bonus credit pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-311.k(9) must first be advertised exclusively as a very-low-income unit according to the Affirmative Marketing requirements at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.16, then advertised as a very-low-income or low-income unit for at least 30 additional days prior to referring any low-income household to the unit.
3. A certified household that purchases a restricted ownership unit must occupy it as the certified household's principal residence and shall not lease the unit; provided, however, that the Administrative Agent may permit the owner of a restricted ownership unit, upon application and a showing of hardship, to lease the restricted unit to another certified household for a period not to exceed one year.
4. The Administrative Agent shall certify a household as eligible for a restricted ownership unit when the household is a low-income household or a moderate-income household, as applicable to the unit, and the estimated monthly housing cost for the particular unit (including principal, interest, property taxes, homeowner and private mortgage insurance and condominium or homeowner association fees, as applicable) does not exceed 35 percent of the household's eligible monthly income; provided, however, that this limit may be exceeded if one or more of the following circumstances exists:
 - a. The household currently pays more than 35% (40% for households eligible for age-restricted units) of its gross household income for housing expenses, and the proposed housing expenses will reduce its housing costs;
 - b. The household has consistently paid more than 35% (40% for households eligible for age-restricted units) of eligible monthly income for housing expenses in the past and has proven its ability to pay; or
 - c. The household is currently in substandard or overcrowded living conditions;

- d. The household documents the existence of assets, within the asset limitation otherwise applicable, with which the household proposes to supplement the rent payments

P. Limitations on Indebtedness Secured by Ownership Unit; Subordination.

1. Prior to incurring any indebtedness to be secured by a restricted ownership unit, the owner shall apply to the Administrative Agent for a determination in writing that the proposed indebtedness complies with the provisions of this Section, and the Administrative Agent shall issue such determination prior to the owner incurring such indebtedness.
2. With the exception of original purchase money mortgages, neither an owner nor a lender shall at any time during the control period cause or permit the total indebtedness secured by a restricted ownership unit to exceed 95% of the maximum allowable resale price of that unit, as such price is determined by the Administrative Agent in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.7(c).

Q. Control Periods for Restricted Rental Units.

1. Control periods for units that meet the definition of prior round units shall be pursuant to the 2001 UHAC rules originally adopted October 1, 2001, 33 N.J.R. 3432, and amended December 20, 2004, 36 N.J.R. 5713 and shall remain subject to the requirements of this ordinance for a period of at least 30 years as applicable unless otherwise indicated.
2. Other than for prior round units, control periods for restricted rental units shall be in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.12, as may be amended and supplemented, and each restricted rental unit shall remain subject to the requirements of this Ordinance for a period of at least 40 years. Restricted rental units created as part of developments receiving 9% Low-Income Housing Tax Credits must comply with a control period of not less than a 30-year compliance period plus a 15-year extended use period for a total of 45 years.
3. The affordability control period for a restricted rental unit shall commence on the first date that a unit is issued a certificate of occupancy following the execution of the deed restriction or, if affordability controls are being extended, on the effective date of the extension, which is the end of the original control period.
4. Rehabilitated renter-occupied housing units that are improved to code standards shall be subject to affordability controls for a period of not less than 10 years.
5. Prior to the issuance of any building permit for the construction/rehabilitation of restricted rental units, the developer/owner and the municipality shall record a preliminary instrument provided by the Administrative Agent.
6. Deeds of all real property that include restricted rental units shall contain deed restriction language. The deed restriction shall have priority over all mortgages on the property. The deed restriction shall be recorded by the developer with the county records office, and provided as filed and recorded, to the Administrative Agent within 30 days of the receipt of a certificate of occupancy.
7. A restricted rental unit shall remain subject to the affordability controls of this Ordinance despite the occurrence of any of the following events:
 - a. Sublease or assignment of the lease of the unit;
 - b. Sale or other voluntary transfer of the ownership of the unit;

- c. The entry and enforcement of any judgment of foreclosure on the property containing the unit; or
- d. The end of the control period, until the occupant household vacates the unit, or is certified as over-income and the controls are released in accordance with UHAC.

R. Rent Restrictions for Rental Units; Leases and Fees.

1. The initial rent for a restricted rental unit shall be set by the Administrative Agent.
2. A written lease shall be required for all restricted rental units, except for units in an assisted living residence, and tenants shall be responsible for security deposits and the full amount of the rent as stated on the lease. A copy of the current lease for each restricted rental unit shall be retained on file by the Administrative Agent.
3. No additional fees, operating costs, or charges shall be added to the approved rent (except, in the case of units in an assisted living residence, to cover the customary charges for food and services) without the express written approval of the Administrative Agent.
 - a. Operating costs, for the purposes of this section, include certificate of occupancy fees, move-in fees, move-out fees, mandatory internet fees, mandatory cable fees, mandatory utility submetering fees, and for developments with more than one and a half off-street parking spaces per unit, parking fees for one parking space per household.
4. Any fee structure that would remove or limit affordable unit occupant access to any amenities or services that are required or included for market-rate unit occupants is prohibited. Application fees (including the charge for any credit check) shall not exceed 5% of the monthly rent of the applicable restricted unit to be applied to the costs of administering the controls applicable to the unit as set forth in this Ordinance.
5. Fees for unit-specific, non-communal items that are charged to market-rate unit tenants on an optional basis, such as pet fees for tenants with pets, storage spaces, bicycle-share programs, or one-time rentals of party or media rooms, may also be charged to affordable unit tenants, if applicable.
6. Pet fees may not exceed \$30.00 per month and associated one-time payments for optional fees pertaining to pets, such as a pet cleaning fee, are prohibited.
7. Fees charged to affordable unit tenants for other optional, unit-specific, non-communal items shall not exceed the amounts charged to market-rate tenants.
8. For any prior round rental unit leased before December 20, 2024, elements of the existing fee structure that are consistent with prior rules, but inconsistent with 5:80-26.13(c)1, may continue until the occupant household's current lease term expires or that occupant household vacates the unit, whichever occurs later.

S. Tenant Income Eligibility.

1. Tenant income eligibility shall be determined pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.14, as may be amended and supplemented, and shall be determined as follows:
 - a. Very low-income rental units shall be reserved for households with a gross household income less than or equal to 30% of the regional median income by household size.

- b. Low-income rental units shall be reserved for households with a gross household income less than or equal to 50% of the regional median income by household size.
 - c. Moderate-income rental units shall be reserved for households with a gross household income less than 80% of the regional median income by household size.
2. The Administrative Agent shall certify a household as eligible for a restricted rental unit when the household is a very low-income, low-income or moderate-income household, as applicable to the unit, and the rent proposed for the unit does not exceed 35% (40% for age-restricted units) of the household's eligible monthly income as determined pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.17, as may be amended and supplemented; provided, however, that this limit may be exceeded if one or more of the following circumstances exists:
- a. The household currently pays more than 35% (40% for households eligible for age-restricted units) of its gross household income for rent, and the proposed rent will reduce its housing costs;
 - b. The household has consistently paid more than 35% (40% for households eligible for age-restricted units) of eligible monthly income for rent in the past and has proven its ability to pay;
 - c. The household is currently in substandard or overcrowded living conditions;
 - d. The household documents the existence of assets with which the household proposes to supplement the rent payments; or
 - e. The household documents reliable anticipated third-party assistance from an outside source such as a family member in a form acceptable to the Administrative Agent and the owner of the unit.
3. The applicant shall file documentation sufficient to establish the existence of any of the circumstances in 2.a. through 2.e. above with the Administrative Agent, who shall counsel the household on budgeting.

T. Municipal Housing Liaison.

- 1. The Municipal Housing Liaison shall be approved by municipal resolution.
- 2. The Municipal Housing Liaison shall be approved by the Division, or is in the process of getting approval, and fully or conditionally meets the requirements for qualifications, including initial and periodic training as set forth in in N.J.A.C. 5:99-1 et seq.
- 3. The Municipal Housing Liaison shall be responsible for oversight and administration of the affordable housing program, including the following responsibilities, which may not be contracted out to the Administrative Agent:
 - a. Serving as the primary point of contact for all inquiries from the Affordable Housing Dispute Resolution Program, the State, affordable housing providers, administrative agents and interested households.
 - b. The oversight of the Affirmative Marketing Plan and affordability controls.
 - c. When applicable, overseeing and monitoring any contracting Administrative Agent.
 - d. Overseeing the monitoring of the status of all restricted units listed in the Fair Share Plan.

- e. Verifying, certifying and providing annual information within AHMS at such time and in such form as required by the Division.
- f. Coordinating meetings with affordable housing providers and administrative agents, as needed.
- g. Attending continuing education opportunities on affordability controls, compliance monitoring, and affirmative marketing as offered or approved by the Division.
- h. Overseeing the recording of a preliminary instrument in the form set forth at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1 for each affordable housing development.
- i. Coordinating with the Administrative Agent, municipal attorney and municipal Construction Code Official to ensure that permits are not issued unless the document required in C.8. above has been duly recorded.
- j. Listing on the municipal website contact information for the MHL and Administrative Agents.

U. Administrative Agent.

1. All municipalities that have created or will create affordable housing programs and/or affordable units shall designate or approve, for each project within its HEFSP, an administrative agent to administer the affordable housing program and/or affordable housing units in accordance with the requirements of the FHA, NJAC 5:99-1 et seq. and UHAC.
2. The fees for administrative agents shall be paid as follows:
 - a. Administrative agent fees related to rental units shall be paid by the developer/owner.
 - b. Administrative agent fees related to initial sale of units shall be paid by the developer.
 - c. Administrative agent fees related to resales shall be paid by the seller of the affordable home.
 - d. Administrative agent fees related to ongoing administration and enforcement shall be paid by the municipality.
3. An Operating Manual for each affordable housing program shall be provided by the Administrative Agent(s). The Operating Manual(s) shall be available for public inspection in the Office of the Clerk and in the office(s) of the Administrative Agent(s). Operating manuals shall be adopted by resolution of the Governing Body.
4. Subject to the role of the Administrative Agent(s), the duties and responsibilities as are set forth in N.J.A.C. 5:99-7 and which are described in full detail in the Operating Manual, including those set forth in UHAC, include:
 - a. Attending continuing education opportunities on affordability controls, compliance monitoring, and affirmative marketing as offered or approved by the Division:
 - b. Affirmative marketing:
 - i. Conducting an outreach process to affirmatively market affordable housing units in accordance with the Affirmative Marketing Plan of the municipality and the provisions of N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.16.

- ii. Providing counseling, or contracting to provide counseling services, to low- and moderate-income applicants on subjects such as budgeting, credit issues, mortgage qualification, rental lease requirements; and landlord/tenant law.
- c. Household certification.
 - i. Soliciting, scheduling, conducting and following up on interviews with interested households.
 - ii. Conducting interviews and obtaining sufficient documentation of gross income and assets upon which to base a determination of income eligibility for a low- or moderate-income unit;
 - iii. Providing written notification to each applicant as to the determination of eligibility or non-eligibility within 5 days of the determination thereof.
 - iv. Requiring that all certified applicants for restricted units execute a certificate substantially in the form, as applicable, of either the ownership or rental certificates set forth in the Appendices J and K of N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1 et seq.
 - v. Creating and maintaining a referral list of eligible applicant households living in the housing region, and eligible applicant households with members working in the housing region, where the units are located.
 - vi. Employing a random selection process as provided in the Affirmative Marketing Plan when referring households for certification to affordable units.
- d. Affordability controls.
 - i. Furnishing to attorneys or closing agents forms of deed restrictions and mortgages for the recording at the time of conveyance of title of each restricted unit.
 - ii. Ensuring that the removal of the deed restrictions and cancellation of the mortgage note are effectuated and filed properly with the County Register of Deeds or County Clerk's office after the termination of the affordability controls for each restricted unit in accordance with UHAC.
 - iii. Communicating with lenders and the Municipal Housing Liaison regarding foreclosures.
 - iv. Ensuring the issuance of Continuing Certificates of Occupancy or certifications pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.11.
- e. Records retention.
 - i. Creating and maintaining a file on each restricted unit for its control period, including the recorded deed with restrictions, recorded recapture mortgage, and note, as appropriate.
 - ii. Records received, retained, retrieved, or transmitted in furtherance of crediting affordable units of a municipality constitute public records of the municipality as defined by N.J.S.A. 47:3-16, and are legal property of the municipality.
- f. Resales and re-rentals.

- i. Instituting and maintaining an effective means of communicating information between owners and the Administrative Agent regarding the availability of restricted units for resale or re-rental.
 - ii. Instituting and maintaining an effective means of communicating information to very low-, low-, or moderate-income households regarding the availability of restricted units for resale or re-rental.
 - g. Processing requests from unit owners.
 - i. Reviewing and approving requests from owners of restricted units who wish to refinance or take out home equity loans during the term of their ownership to determine that the amount of indebtedness to be incurred will not violate the terms of this ordinance.
 - ii. Reviewing and approving requests to increase sales prices from owners of restricted units who wish to make capital improvements to the units that would affect the selling price, such authorizations to be limited to those improvements resulting in additional bedrooms or bathrooms and the depreciated cost of central air conditioning systems.
 - iii. Notifying the municipality of an owner's intent to sell a restricted unit.
 - iv. Making determinations on requests by owners of restricted units for hardship waivers.
 - h. Enforcement.
 - i. Securing annually from the municipality a list of all affordable ownership units for which property tax bills are mailed to absentee owners, and notifying all such owners that they must either move back to their unit or sell it;
 - ii. Securing from all developers and sponsors of restricted units, at the earliest point of contact in the processing of the project or development, written acknowledgement of the requirement that no restricted unit can be offered, or in any other way committed, to any person, other than a household duly certified to the unit by the Administrative Agent;
 - iii. Sending annual mailings to all owners of affordable dwelling units reminding them of the notices and requirements outlined in N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.19(d)4;
 - iv. Establishing a program for diverting unlawful rent payments to the municipal Affordable Housing Trust Fund; and
 - v. Creating and publishing a written operating manual for each affordable housing program administered by the Administrative Agent setting forth procedures for administering the affordability controls.
 - i. The Administrative Agent(s) shall, as delegated by the municipality, have the authority to take all actions necessary and appropriate to carry out its/their responsibilities herein.

V. Responsibilities of The Owner of a development containing affordable units.

1. The owner of all developments containing affordable units subject to this subchapter or the assigned management company thereof shall provide to the administrative agent:
 - a. Site plan, architectural plan, or other plan that identifies the location of each affordable unit, if subject to the site plan approval, settlement agreement, or other applicable document regulating the location of affordable units. The administrative agent shall determine the location of affordable units if not set forth in the site plan approval, settlement agreement, or other applicable document.
 - b. The total number of units in the project and the number of affordable units.
 - c. The breakdown of the affordable units by or identification of affordable unit locations by bedroom count and income level, including street addresses / unit numbers, if subject to the site plan approval, settlement agreement, or other applicable document regulating the breakdown of affordable units. The administrative agent shall determine the bedroom and income distribution if not set forth in the site plan approval, settlement agreement, or other applicable document.
 - d. Floor plans of all affordable units, including complete and accurate identification of all rooms and the dimensions thereof.
 - e. A projected construction schedule.
 - f. The location of any common areas and elevators.
 - g. The name of the person who will be responsible for official contact with the administrative agent for the duration of the project, which must be updated if the contact changes.
2. In addition to 1 above, the owner of rental developments containing affordable rental units subject to this subchapter or the assigned management company thereof shall:
 - a. Send to all current tenants in all restricted rental units an annual mailing containing a notice as to the maximum permitted rent and a reminder of the requirement that the unit must remain their principal place of residence, which is defined as residing in the unit at least 260 days out of each calendar year, together with the telephone number, mailing address, and email address of the administrative agent to whom complaints of excess rent can be issued.
 - b. Provide to the administrative agent a description of any applicable fees.
 - c. Provide to the administrative agent a description of the types of utilities and which utilities will be included in the rent.
 - d. Agree and ensure that the utility configuration established at the start of the rent-up process not be altered at any time throughout the restricted period.
 - e. Provide to the administrative agent a proposed form of lease for any rental units.
 - f. Ensure that the tenant selection criteria for the applicants for affordable units not be more restrictive than the tenant selection criteria for applicants for non-restricted units.
 - g. Strive to maintain the continued occupancy of the affordable units during the entire restricted period.

3. In addition to 1, above, the owner of affordable for-sale developments containing affordable for-sale units subject to this subchapter or the assigned management company thereof shall provide the administrative agent:
 - a. Proposed pricing for all units, including any purchaser options and add-on items.
 - b. Condominium or homeowner association fees and any other applicable fees.
 - c. Estimated real property taxes.
 - d. Sewer, water, trash disposal, and any other utility assessments.
 - e. Flood insurance requirement, if applicable.
 - f. The State-approved planned real estate development public offering statement and/or master deed, where applicable, as well as the full build-out budget.

W. Enforcement of Affordable Housing Regulations.

1. Upon the occurrence of a breach of any of the regulations governing the affordable unit by an owner, developer or tenant, the municipality shall have all remedies provided at law or equity, including but not limited to foreclosure, tenant eviction, municipal fines, a requirement for household recertification, acceleration of all sums due under a mortgage, recoupment of any funds from a sale in the violation of the regulations, injunctive relief to prevent further violation of the regulations, entry on the premises, and specific performance.
2. After providing written notice of a violation to an owner, developer or tenant of an affordable unit and advising the owner, developer or tenant of the penalties for such violations, the municipality may take the following action against the owner, developer or tenant for any violation that remains uncured for a period of 60 days after service of the written notice:
 - a. The municipality may file a court action pursuant to N.J.S.A. 2A:58-11 alleging a violation, or violations, of the regulations governing the affordable housing unit. If the owner, developer or tenant is found by the Court to have violated any provision of the regulations governing affordable housing units the owner, developer or tenant shall be subject to one or more of the following penalties, at the discretion of the Court:
 - i. A fine of not more than \$500 per day or imprisonment for a period not to exceed 90 days, or both, unless otherwise specified below, provided that each and every day that the violation continues or exists shall be considered a separate and specific violation of these provisions and not a continuation of the initial offense;
 - ii. In the case of an owner who has rented his or her low- or moderate-income unit in violation of the regulations governing affordable housing units, payment into the Affordable Housing Trust Fund of the gross amount of rent illegally collected;
 - iii. In the case of an owner who has rented his or her affordable unit in violation of the regulations governing affordable housing units, payment of an innocent tenant's reasonable relocation costs, as determined by the Court.
3. The municipality shall have the authority to levy fines against the owner of the development for instances of noncompliance with NJHRC advertising requirements

(N.J.S.A. 52:27D-321.6.e.(2)), following written notice to the owner. The fine for the first offense of noncompliance shall be \$5,000, the fine for the second offense of noncompliance shall be \$10,000, and the fine for each subsequent offense of noncompliance shall be \$15,000.

4. The municipality may file a court action in the Superior Court seeking a judgment, which would result in the termination of the owner's equity or other interest in the unit, in the nature of a mortgage foreclosure. Any judgment shall be enforceable as if the same were a judgment of default of the first purchase money mortgage and shall constitute a lien against the low- or moderate-income unit.
 - a. Such judgment shall be enforceable, at the option of the municipality, by means of an execution sale by the Sheriff, at which time the affordable unit of the violating owner shall be sold at a sale price which is not less than the amount necessary to fully satisfy and pay off any first purchase money mortgage and prior liens and the costs of the enforcement proceedings incurred by the municipality, including attorney's fees. The violating owner shall have the right to possession terminated as well as the title conveyed pursuant to the Sheriff's sale.
 - b. The proceeds of the Sheriff's sale shall first be applied to satisfy the first purchase money mortgage lien and any prior liens upon the low- or moderate-income unit. The excess, if any, shall be applied to reimburse the municipality for any and all costs and expenses incurred in connection with either the court action resulting in the judgment of violation or the Sheriff's sale. In the event that the proceeds from the Sheriff's sale are insufficient to reimburse the municipality in full as aforesaid, the violating owner shall be personally responsible for the full extent of such deficiency, in addition to any and all costs incurred by the municipality in connection with collecting such deficiency. In the event that a surplus remains after satisfying all of the above, such surplus shall be placed in escrow by the municipality for the owner and shall be held in such escrow for a maximum period of two years or until such earlier time as the owner shall make a claim with the municipality for such. Failure of the owner to claim such balance within the two year period shall automatically result in a forfeiture of such balance to the municipality. Any interest accrued or earned on such balance while being held in escrow shall belong to and shall be paid to the municipality, whether such balance shall be paid to the owner or forfeited to the municipality.
 - c. Foreclosure due to violation of the regulations governing affordable housing units shall not extinguish the restrictions of the regulations governing affordable housing units as they apply to the low- and moderate-income unit. Title shall be conveyed to the purchaser at the Sheriff's sale, subject to the restrictions and provisions of the regulations governing the affordable housing unit. The owner determined to be in violation of the provisions of this plan and from whom title and possession were taken by means of the Sheriff's sale shall not be entitled to any right of redemption.
 - d. If there are no bidders at the Sheriff's sale, or if insufficient amounts are bid to satisfy the first purchase money mortgage and any prior liens, the municipality may acquire title to the affordable unit by satisfying the first purchase money mortgage and any prior liens and crediting the violating owner with an amount equal to the difference between the first purchase money mortgage and any prior liens and costs of the

enforcement proceedings, including legal fees and the maximum resale price for which the affordable unit could have been sold under the terms of the regulations governing affordable housing units. This excess shall be treated in the same manner as the excess that would have been realized from an actual sale as previously described.

- e. Failure of the low- or moderate-income unit to be either sold at the Sheriff's sale or acquired by the municipality shall obligate the owner to accept an offer to purchase from any qualified purchaser that may be referred to the owner by the municipality, with such offer to purchase being equal to the maximum resale price of the low- or moderate-income unit as permitted by the regulations governing affordable housing units.
 - f. The affordable unit owner shall remain fully obligated, responsible and liable for complying with the terms and restrictions of governing affordable housing units until such time as title is conveyed from the owner.
5. It is the responsibility of the municipal housing liaison and the administrative agent(s) to ensure that affordable housing units are administered properly. All affordable units must be occupied within a reasonable amount of time and be re-leased within a reasonable amount of time upon the vacating of the unit by a tenant. If an administrative agent or municipal housing liaison becomes aware of or suspects that a developer, landlord, or property manager has not complied with these regulations, it shall report this activity to the Division. The Division must notify the developer, landlord, or property manager, in writing, of any violation of these regulations and provide a 30-day cure period. If, after the 30-day cure period, the developer, landlord, or property manager remains in violation of any terms of this subchapter, including by keeping a unit vacant, the developer, landlord, or property manager may be fined up to the amount required to construct a comparable affordable unit of the same size and the deed-restricted control period will be extended for the length of the time the unit was out of compliance, in addition to the remedies provided for in this section. For the purposes of this subsection, a reasonable amount of time shall presumptively be 60 days, unless a longer period of time is required due to demonstrable market conditions and/or failure of the municipal housing liaison or the administrative agent to refer a certified tenant.
 6. Banks and other lending institutions are prohibited from issuing any loan secured by owner occupied real property subject to the affordability controls set forth in this subchapter if such loan would be in excess of amounts permitted by the restriction documents recorded in the deed or mortgage book in the county in which the property is located. Any loan issued in violation of this subsection is void as against public policy.
 7. The Agency and the Department hereby reserve, for themselves and for each administrative agent appointed pursuant to this subchapter, all of the rights and remedies available at law and in equity for the enforcement of this subchapter, including, but not limited to, fines, evictions, and foreclosures as approved by a county-level housing judge.

X. Appeals.

1. Appeals from all decisions of an administrative agent appointed pursuant to this subchapter must be filed, in writing, with the municipal housing liaison. A decision by the municipal housing liaison may be appealed to the Division. A written decision of the Division

Director upholding, modifying, or reversing an administrative agent's decision is a final administrative action.

Section 2. Invalidation.

If any section, subsection, clause, or phrase of this ordinance is held to be unconstitutional or invalid for any reason, such decision shall not affect the remaining portions of this ordinance.

Section 3. Inconsistent Ordinances Repealed.

All ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent with this ordinance are hereby repealed to the extent of such inconsistency.

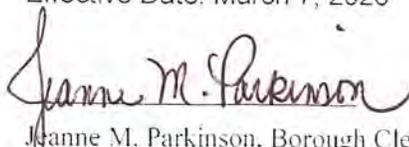
Section 4. Effective Date.

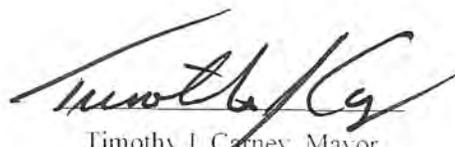
This ordinance shall take effect immediately upon final passage and publication as provided by law.

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT the foregoing ordinance will be introduced by the Borough Council of the Borough of Stone Harbor, New Jersey at the Work Session Meeting held on February 17, 2026 and will be further considered for second reading and public hearing at the Regular Meeting held on March 3, 2026.

	<u>MOTION</u>	<u>SECOND</u>	<u>AYE</u>	<u>NAY</u>	<u>RECUSE</u>	<u>ABSTAIN</u>	<u>ABSENT</u>
Councilmember Biddick			✓				
Councilmember Casper	✓		✓				
Councilmember Dallahan			✓				
Councilmember Parzych		✓	✓				
Councilmember Ross			✓				
Councilmember Vault			✓				

Introduced: February 17, 2026
 First Publication: February 21, 2026
 2nd Reading & Public Hearing: March 3, 2026
 Final Publication: March 7, 2026
 Effective Date: March 7, 2026


 Jeanne M. Parkinson, Borough Clerk


 Timothy J. Carney, Mayor

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**BOROUGH OF STONE HARBOR
CAPE MAY COUNTY**

ORDINANCE NO. 1705

AN ORDINANCE OF THE BOROUGH OF STONE HARBOR REPEALING AND REPLACING CHAPTER 123 ARTICLE I OF THE AFFORDABLE HOUSING ORDINANCE ENTITLED “DEVELOPMENT FEES”

WHEREAS, Chapter 123, Article I “Development Fees” of the Affordable Housing Ordinance of the Borough of Stone Harbor has to be repealed and replaced in its entirety to comply with the Fair Housing Act, N.J.S.A. 52:27D-301, et. seq. (“FHA”), as was amended in 2024, the newly adopted Uniform Housing Affordability Controls (“UHAC”) regulations, N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1 et seq., and newly adopted N.J.A.C. 5:99-1 et seq; and

WHEREAS, this chapter establishes standards for the collection, maintenance, and expenditure of development fees that are consistent with regulations set forth in P.L. 2024, c. 2, N.J.S.A. 52:27D-301 et seq., N.J.A.C. 5:99-1 et seq. and as previously established in accordance with P.L. 2008, c. 46, Sections 8 and 32 through 38 (N.J.S.A. 52:27D-329.2) and the Statewide Nonresidential Development Fee Act (N.J.S.A. 40:55D-8.1 through 8.7). Fees collected pursuant to this chapter shall be used for the sole purpose of providing very-low-, low- and moderate-income housing in accordance with a Court-approved Spending Plan;

BE IT ORDAINED by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Stone Harbor, in the County of Atlantic and State of New Jersey that Chapter 123, Article I “Development Fees” of the Affordable Housing Ordinance of the Borough of Stone Harbor is hereby repealed and replaced as follows:

Section 1. Chapter 123, Article I, “Development Fees” of the Affordable Housing Ordinance of the Borough of Stone Harbor, shall be repealed and replaced as follows:

§ 123-1 Purpose.

- A. This section establishes standards for the collection, maintenance, and expenditure of development fees that are consistent with the amended Fair Housing Act (P.L.2024, c.2), N.J.A.C. 5:99, and the Statewide Non-Residential Development Fee Act (C. 40:55D-8.1 through 8.7). Fees collected pursuant to this Ordinance shall be used for the sole purpose of providing very low-, low- and moderate-income housing in accordance with a Court-approved Spending Plan.

§ 123-2 Basic Requirements.

- A. The municipality previously adopted a Development Fee Ordinance, which established the Municipal Affordable Housing Trust Fund.
- B. The municipality shall not spend development fees until the court has approved a Spending Plan for spending such fees.

§ 123-3 Definitions.

As used herein the following terms shall have the following meanings:

“Act” means the New Jersey Fair Housing Act, N.J.S.A. 52:27D-301 et seq.

“Adaptable” means constructed in compliance with the technical design standards of the barrier free subcode adopted by the Commissioner of Community Affairs pursuant to the “State Uniform Construction Code Act,” P.L.1975, c. 217 (C.52:27D-119 et seq.) and in accordance with the provisions of section 5 of P.L.2005, c. 350 (C.52:27D-123.15).

“Administrative Agent” means the entity approved by the Division responsible for the administration of affordable units, in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:99-7, and UHAC at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.15.

“Affordability assistance” means the use of funds to render housing units more affordable to low- and moderate-income households and includes, but is not limited to, down payment assistance, security deposit assistance, low interest loans, rental assistance, assistance with homeowner’s association or condominium fees and special assessments, common maintenance expenses, and assistance with emergency repairs and rehabilitation to bring deed-restricted units up to code, pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:99-2.5.

“Affordable housing development” means a development included in a municipality’s housing element and fair share plan, and includes, but is not limited to, an inclusionary development, a municipally sponsored affordable housing project, or a 100 percent affordable development. This includes developments with affordable units on-site, off-site, or provided as a payment in-lieu of construction only if such a payment-in-lieu option has been previously approved by the Program or Superior Court as part of the HEFSP. Payments in lieu of construction were invalidated per P.L. 2024, c.2.

“Affordable Housing Monitoring System” or “AHMS” means the Department’s cloud-based software application, which shall be the central repository for municipalities to use for reporting detailed information regarding affordable housing developments, affordable housing unit completions, and the collection and expenditures of funds deposited into the municipal affordable housing trust fund.

“Affordable Housing Trust Fund” or “AHTF” means that non-lapsing, revolving trust fund established in DCA pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-320 and N.J.A.C. 5:43 to be the repository of all State funds appropriated for affordable housing purposes. All references to the “Neighborhood Preservation Nonlapsing Revolving Fund” and “Balanced Housing” mean the AHTF.

“Barrier-free escrow” means the holding of funds collected to adapt affordable unit entrances to be accessible in accordance with N.J.S.A. 52:27D-311a et seq. Such funds shall be held in a municipal affordable housing trust fund pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:99-2.6.

“Construction” means new construction and additions, but does not include alterations, reconstruction, renovations, conversion, relocation, or repairs, as those terms are defined in the State Uniform Construction Code promulgated pursuant to the State Uniform Construction Code Act, P.L. 1975, c. 217(N.J.S.A. 52:27D-119 et seq.).

“Developer” means the legal or beneficial owner or owners of a lot or of any land proposed to be included in a proposed development, including the holder of an option or contract to purchase, or other person having an enforceable proprietary interest in such land.

“Development” means the division of a parcel of land into two or more parcels, the construction, reconstruction, conversion, structural alteration, relocation, or enlargement of any building or other structure, or of any mining, excavation, or landfill, and any use or change in the use of any building or other structure, or land or extension of use of land, for which permission may be required pursuant to the Municipal Land Use Law, N.J.S.A. 40:55D-1 et seq.

“Development fee” means money paid by a developer for the improvement of residential and non-residential property as permitted pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-329.2 and 40:55D-8.1 through 40:55D-8.7 and N.J.A.C. 5:99-3.

“Division” means the Division of Local Planning Services within the Department of Community Affairs.

“Emergent opportunity” means a circumstance that has arisen whereby affordable housing will be able to be produced through a delivery mechanism not originally contemplated by or included in a fair share plan that has been the subject of a compliance certification.

“Equalized assessed value” or “EAV” means the assessed value of a property divided by the current average ratio of assessed to true value for the municipality in which the property is situated, as determined in accordance with sections 1, 5, and 6 at P.L. 1973, c. 123 (N.J.S.A. 54:1-35a, 54:1-35b, and 54:1-35c). Estimates at the time of building permit may be obtained by the tax assessor using construction cost estimates. Final EAV shall be determined at project completion by the municipal assessor.

“FHA” means the New Jersey Fair Housing Act, N.J.S.A. 52:27D-301 et seq.

“Inclusionary development” means a residential housing development in which a substantial percentage of the housing units are provided for a reasonable income range of low- and moderate- income households.

“Low-income household” means a household with a household income equal to 50 percent or less of the regional median income.

“Low-income unit” means a restricted unit that is affordable to a low-income household.

“Mixed use development” means any development that includes both a non-residential development component and a residential development component, and shall include developments for which: (1) there is a common developer for both the residential development component and the non-residential development component, provided that for purposes of this definition, multiple persons and entities maybe considered a common developer if there is a contractual relationship among them obligating each entity to develop at least a portion of the residential or non-residential development, or both, or otherwise to contribute resources to the development; and (2) the residential and non-residential developments are located on the same lot or adjoining lots, including, but not limited to, lots separated by a street, a river, or another geographical feature.

“Moderate-income household” means a household with a household income in excess of 50 percent but less than 80 percent of the regional median income.

“Moderate-income unit” means a restricted unit that is affordable to a moderate-income household.

“Municipal Housing Liaison” or “MHL” means an appointed municipal employee who is, pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:99-6, responsible for oversight and/or administration of the affordable units created within the municipality.

“Municipal affordable housing trust fund” means a separate, interest-bearing account held by a municipality for the deposit of development fees, payments in lieu of constructing affordable units on sites zoned for affordable housing previously approved prior to March 20, 2024 (per P.L. 2024, c.2), barrier-free escrow funds, recapture funds, proceeds from the sale of affordable units, rental income, repayments from affordable housing program loans, enforcement fines, unexpended RCA funds remaining from a completed RCA project, application fees, and any other funds collected by the municipality in connection with its affordable housing programs, which shall be used to address municipal low- and moderate-income housing obligations within the time frames established by the Legislature and this chapter.

“Municipal development fee ordinance” means an ordinance adopted by the governing body of a municipality that authorizes the collection of development fees.

“New construction” means the creation of a new housing unit under regulation by a code enforcement official regardless of the means by which the unit is created. Newly constructed units are evidenced by the issuance of a certificate of occupancy and may include new residences created through additions and alterations, adaptive reuse, subdivision, or conversion of existing space, and moving a structure from one location to another.

“New Jersey Affordable Housing Trust Fund” means an account established pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-320.

“Non-residential development” means:

Any building or structure, or portion thereof, including, but not limited to, any appurtenant improvements, which is designated to a use group other than a residential use group according to the State Uniform Construction Code, N.J.A.C. 5:23, promulgated to effectuate the State uniform Construction Code Act, N.J.S.A. 52:27D-119 et seq., including any subsequent amendments or revisions thereto;

Hotels, motels, vacation timeshares, and child-care facilities; and

The entirety of all continuing care facilities within a continuing care retirement community which is subject to the Continuing Care Retirement Community Regulation and Financial Disclosure Act, N.J.S.A.52:27D-330 et seq.

“Non-residential development fee” means the fee authorized to be imposed pursuant to N.J.S.A. 40:55D-8.1 through 40:55D-8.7.

“Payment in lieu of constructing affordable units” means the prior approval of the payment of funds to the municipality by a developer when affordable units were not produced on a site zoned for an inclusionary development. The statutory permission for payments in lieu of constructing affordable units was eliminated per P.L. 2024, c.2.

“Recreational facilities and community centers” means any indoor or outdoor buildings, spaces, structures, or improvements intended for active or passive recreation, including, but not limited to, ballfields, meeting halls, and classrooms, accommodating either organized or informal activity.

“Residential development fee” means money paid by a developer for the improvement of residential property as permitted pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-329.2 and N.J.A.C. 5:99-3.2.

“Spending plan” means a method of allocating funds contained in an affordable housing trust fund account, which includes, but is not limited to, development fees collected and to be collected pursuant to an approved municipal development fee ordinance, or pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-329.1 et seq., for the purpose of meeting the housing needs of low- and moderate-income individuals.

“UHAC” means the Uniform Housing Affordability Controls set forth at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.

“Very-low-income household” means a household with a household income less than or equal to 30 percent of the regional median income.

“Very-low-income unit” means a restricted unit that is affordable to a very-low-income household.

§ 123-4 Residential Development Fees.

A. Imposed fees

1. Residential developers, except for developers of the types of development specifically exempted below, shall pay a fee of 1.5% of the equalized assessed value for residential development, provided no increased density is permitted. Development fees shall also be imposed and collected when an additional dwelling unit is added to an existing residential structure; in such cases, the fee shall be calculated based on the increase in the equalized assessed value of the property due to the additional dwelling unit.
2. When an increase in residential density is permitted pursuant to a “d” variance granted under N.J.S.A. 40:55D-70d(5), developers shall be required to pay a “bonus” development fee of 6.0% of the equalized assessed value for each additional unit that may be realized, except that this provision shall not be applicable to a development that will include affordable housing. If the zoning on a site has changed during the two-year period preceding the filing of such a variance application, the base density for the purposes of calculating the bonus development fee shall be the highest density permitted by right during the two-year period preceding the filing of the variance application.

Example: If an approval allows four units to be constructed on a site that was zoned for two units, the fees could equal 1.5% of the equalized assessed value on the first two units; and the specified higher percentage of 6% of the equalized assessed value for the two additional units, provided zoning on the site has not changed during the two-year period preceding the filing of such a variance application.

B. Eligible exactions, ineligible exactions and exemptions for residential development

1. Affordable housing developments, developments where the developer is providing for the construction of affordable units elsewhere in the municipality, and developments where the developer has made an eligible payment in lieu of on-site construction of affordable units, if permitted by ordinance, or by agreement with the municipality and if approved by a municipality prior to the statutory elimination of payments in-lieu on March 20, 2024 per P.L.2024, c.2, shall be exempt from development fees.
2. Developments that have received preliminary or final site plan approval prior to the adoption of this ordinance and any preceding ordinance permitting the collection of development fees shall be subject to the fee in place prior to the adoption of this ordinance, unless the developer seeks a substantial change in the original approval. Where a site plan approval does not apply, the issuance of a zoning and/or building permit shall be synonymous with preliminary or final site plan approval for the purpose of determining the right to an exemption. In all cases, the applicable fee percentage shall be determined based upon the development fee ordinance in effect on the date that the building permit is issued.
3. The one-percent fee shall not apply to an increase in equalized assessed value of less than \$50,000 resulting from alterations, a change in use within the existing footprint, reconstruction, renovations and repairs.
4. Reconstruction development fees shall only be imposed on the increase in equalized assessed value if, during the period of 12 months immediately preceding the issuance of a building permit, each record owner (except one spouse who meets the domicile and use test qualifies the other spouse) is a NJ domiciliary and the subject property has been that person's principal residence. At the time of filing for the permit, the record owner has the burden to prove and submit evidence of such domicile and principal residence. Presumptive evidence of such domicile and residence are a valid NJ driver's license for the required 12 months and car registration and voter's registration at the subject property's address. Corporate, partnership and family trust ownership will not qualify under this Subsection B(4).
5. Other development shall be exempt from any development fee required to the extent provided by the terms of any order entered by the Superior Court of New Jersey.
6. No development fee shall be collected for the demolition and replacement of a residential building resulting from a fire, flood, or a natural disaster.

§ 123-5 Non-Residential Development Fees.

A. Imposition of fees

1. Within all zoning districts, non-residential developers, except for developers of the types of development specifically exempted, shall pay a fee equal to 2.5% of the equalized assessed value of the land and improvements, for all new non-residential construction on an unimproved lot or lots.
2. Within all zoning districts, non-residential developers, except for developers of the types of development specifically exempted, shall also pay a fee equal to 2.5% of

the increase in equalized assessed value resulting from any additions to existing structures to be used for non-residential purposes.

3. Development fees shall be imposed and collected when an existing structure is demolished and replaced. The development fee of 2.5% shall be calculated on the difference between the equalized assessed value of the pre-existing land and improvements and the equalized assessed value of the newly improved structure; i.e., land and improvements; and such calculation shall be made at the time a final certificate of occupancy is issued. If the calculation required under this section results in a negative number, the non-residential development fee shall be zero.
- B. Eligible exactions, ineligible exactions and exemptions for non-residential development
1. The non-residential portion of a mixed-use inclusionary or market-rate development shall be subject to a 2.5% development fee, unless otherwise exempted below.
 2. The 2.5% fee shall not apply to an increase in equalized assessed value resulting from alterations, change in use within existing footprint, reconstruction, renovations and repairs.
 3. Non-residential developments shall be exempt from the payment of non-residential development fees in accordance with the exemptions required pursuant to the Statewide Non-Residential Development Fee Act (N.J.S.A. 40:55D-8.1 through 8.7), as specified in Form N-RDF "State of New Jersey Non-Residential Development Certification/Exemption." Any exemption claimed by a developer shall be substantiated by that developer.
 4. A developer of a non-residential development exempted from the non-residential development fee pursuant to the Statewide Non-Residential Development Fee Act shall be subject to the fee at such time as the basis for the exemption no longer applies, and shall make the payment of the non-residential development fee, in that event, within three years after that event or after the issuance of the final certificate of occupancy of the non-residential development, whichever is later.
 5. If a property that was exempted from the collection of a non-residential development fee thereafter ceases to be exempt from property taxation, the owner of the property shall remit the fees required pursuant to this section within 45 days of the termination of the property tax exemption. Unpaid non-residential development fees under these circumstances may be enforceable by the municipality as a lien against the real property of the owner.
 6. Other development shall be exempt from any development fee required to the extent provided by the terms of any order entered by the Superior Court of New Jersey.

§ 123-6 Collection Procedures.

- A. Upon the granting of a preliminary, final or other applicable approval for a development, the applicable approving authority shall direct its staff to notify the construction official responsible for the issuance of a building permit.

- B. For non-residential developments only, the developer shall also be provided with a copy of Form N-RDF, "State of New Jersey Non-Residential Development Certification/Exemption," to be completed by the developer as per the instructions provided in the Form N-RDF. The construction official shall verify the information submitted by the non-residential developer as per the instructions provided on Form N-RDF. The tax assessor shall verify exemptions and prepare estimated and final assessments as per the instructions provided in Form N-RDF.
- C. The construction official responsible for the issuance of a building permit shall notify the tax assessor of the issuance of the first construction permit for a development that is subject to a development fee.
- D. Within 90 days of receipt of that notice, the tax assessor shall provide an estimate, based on the plans filed, of the equalized assessed value of the development.
- E. The construction official responsible for the issuance of a final certificate of occupancy shall notify the tax assessor of any and all requests for the scheduling of a final inspection on property that is subject to a development fee.
- F. Within 10 business days of a request for the scheduling of a final inspection, the tax assessor shall confirm or modify the previously estimated equalized assessed value of the improvements associated with the development; calculate the development fee; and thereafter notify the developer of the amount of the fee.
- G. Should the municipality fail to determine or notify the developer of the amount of the development fee within 10 business days of the request for final inspection, the developer may estimate the amount due and pay that estimated amount consistent with the dispute process set forth in Subsection b. of section 37 of P.L.2008. c.46 (N.J.S.A. 40:55D-8.6).
- H. One hundred percent (100%) of the development fee shall be collected at the time of issuance of the certificate of occupancy.

§ 123-7 Appeal of Development Fees.

- A. A developer may challenge residential development fees imposed by filing a challenge with the County Board of Taxation. Pending a review and determination by that board, collected fees shall be placed in an interest-bearing escrow account by the municipality. Appeals from a determination of the board may be made to the Tax Court in accordance with the provisions of the State Tax Uniform Procedure Law, R.S. 54:48-1 et seq., within 90 days after the date of such determination. Interest earned on amounts escrowed shall be credited to the prevailing party.
- B. A developer may challenge non-residential development fees imposed by filing a challenge with the director of the Division of Taxation. Pending a review and determination by the director, which shall be made within 45 days of receipt of the challenge, collected fees shall be placed in an interest-bearing escrow account by the municipality. Appeals from a determination of the director may be made to the Tax Court in accordance with the provisions of the State Tax Uniform Procedure Law, R.S. 54:48-1 et seq., within 90 days after the date of such determination. Interest earned on amounts escrowed shall be credited to the prevailing party.

§ 123-8 Affordable Housing Trust Fund.

- A. A separate, interest-bearing Municipal Affordable Housing Trust Fund shall be maintained by the chief financial officer of the municipality for the purpose of depositing development fees collected from residential and non-residential developers and proceeds from the sale of units with extinguished controls.
- B. The following additional funds shall be deposited in the Municipal Affordable Housing Trust Fund and shall at all times be identifiable by source and amount:
 1. Payments in lieu of on-site construction of an affordable unit, where previously permitted by ordinance or by agreement with the municipality and if approved by a municipality prior to the statutory elimination of payments in-lieu on March 20, 2024 per P.L.2024, c.2;
 2. Funds contributed by developers to make 10% of the adaptable entrances in a townhouse or other multistory attached dwelling unit development accessible;
 3. Rental income from municipally operated units;
 4. Repayments from affordable housing program loans;
 5. Recapture funds;
 6. Proceeds from the sale of affordable units; and
 7. Any other funds collected in connection with the municipal affordable housing program including but not limited to interest earned on fund deposits.
- C. The municipality shall provide the Division with written authorization, in the form of a tri-party escrow agreement(s) between the municipality, the Division and the financial institution in which the municipal affordable housing trust fund has been established to permit the Division to direct the disbursement of the funds as provided for in N.J.A.C. 5:99-2.1 et seq.
- D. Occurrence of any of the following deficiencies may result in the Division requiring the forfeiture of all or a portion of the funds in the municipal Affordable Housing Trust Fund:
 1. Failure to meet deadlines for information required by the Division in its review of a development fee ordinance;
 2. Failure to commit or expend development fees within four years of the date of collection in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:99-5.5;
 3. Failure to comply with the requirements of the Non-Residential Development Fee Act and N.J.A.C. 5:99-3;
 4. Failure to submit accurate monitoring reports pursuant to this subchapter within the time limits imposed by the Act, this chapter, and/or the Division;
 5. Expenditure of funds on activities not approved by the Superior Court or otherwise permitted by law;
 6. Revocation of compliance certification or a judgment of compliance and repose;

7. Failure of a municipal housing liaison or administrative agent to comply with the requirements set forth at N.J.A.C. 5:99-6, 7, and 8;
 8. Other good cause demonstrating that municipal affordable housing funds are not being used for an approved purpose.
- E. All interest accrued in the housing trust fund shall only be used on eligible affordable housing purposes approved by the Court.

§ 123-9 Use of Funds.

- A. The expenditure of all funds shall conform to a Spending Plan approved by Superior Court. Funds deposited in the municipal Affordable Housing Trust Fund may be used for any activity approved by the Court to address the fair share obligation and may be set up as a grant or revolving loan program. Such activities include, but are not limited to: preservation or purchase of housing for the purpose of maintaining or implementing affordability controls; housing rehabilitation; new construction of affordable housing units and related costs; accessory apartments; a market-to-affordable program; conversion of existing non-residential buildings to create new affordable units; green building strategies designed to be cost-saving and in accordance with accepted national or state standards; purchase of land for affordable housing; improvement of land to be used for affordable housing; extensions or improvements of roads and infrastructure to affordable housing sites; financial assistance designed to increase affordability; administration necessary for implementation of the Housing Element and Fair Share Plan; and/or any other activity permitted by Superior Court and specified in the approved Spending Plan.
- B. Funds shall not be expended to reimburse the municipality or activities that occurred prior to the authorization of a municipality to collect development fees.
- C. At least a portion of all development fees collected and interest earned shall be used to provide affordability assistance to very low-, low- and moderate-income households in affordable units included in the municipal Fair Share Plan. A portion of the development fees which provide affordability assistance shall be used to provide affordability assistance to very low-income households.
1. Affordability assistance programs may include down payment assistance, security deposit assistance, low-interest loans, rental assistance, assistance with homeowners association or condominium fees and special assessments, infrastructure assistance, and assistance with emergency repairs. The specific programs to be used for affordability assistance shall be identified and described within the Spending Plan.
 2. Affordability assistance for very low income households may include producing very low-income units or buying down the cost of low- or moderate-income units in the municipal Fair Share Plan to make them affordable to households earning 30% or less of median income.
- D. No more than 20% of all affordable housing trust funds, exclusive of those collected to fund an RCA prior to July 17, 2008, shall be expended on administration, including, but not limited to, salaries and benefits for municipal employees or consultants' fees necessary to develop or implement a new construction program, prepare and implement

a Housing Element and Fair Share Plan, administer an Affirmative Marketing Program and for compliance with the Superior Court and the Program including the costs to the municipality of resolving a challenge.

§ 123-10 Monitoring.

- A. On or before February 15 of each year, the municipality shall provide annual electronic data reporting of trust fund activity for the previous year from January 1st to December 31st through the AHMS Reporting System. This reporting shall include an accounting of all Municipal Affordable Housing Trust Fund activity, including the sources and amounts of all funds collected and the amounts and purposes for which any funds have been expended. Such reporting shall include an accounting of development fees collected from residential and non-residential developers, previously eligible payments in lieu of constructing affordable units on site (if permitted by ordinance or by agreement with the municipality prior to the March 20, 2024 statutory elimination per P.L. 2024, c.4), funds from the sale of units with extinguished controls, barrier-free escrow funds, rental income from municipally-owned affordable housing units, repayments from affordable housing program loans, interest and any other funds collected in connection with municipal housing programs, as well as an accounting of the expenditures of revenues and implementation of the Spending Plan approved by the Court.

§ 123-11 Ongoing Collection of Fees.

- A. The ability to impose, collect and expend development fees shall continue so long as the municipality retains authorization from the Court in the form of Compliance Certification, or a Judgment of Compliance and Repose, or the good faith effort to obtain either one.
- B. If the municipality fails to renew its ability to impose and collect development fees prior to the expiration of its Compliance Certification or its Judgment of Compliance and Repose, it may be subject to forfeiture of any or all funds remaining within its Affordable Housing Trust Fund. Any funds so forfeited shall be deposited into the New Jersey Affordable Housing Trust Fund established pursuant to section 20 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C. 52:27D-320).
- C. The Borough of Stone Harbor shall not expend development fees after the expiration of its substantive certification or judgment of compliance.

§ 123-12 Emergent Affordable Housing Opportunities.

Requests to expend affordable housing trust funds on emergent affordable housing opportunities not included in the municipal fair share plan shall be made to the Division and shall be in the form of a governing body resolution. Any request shall be consistent with N.J.A.C. 5:99-4.1.

Section 2. Invalidity.

If any section, subsection, clause, or phrase of this ordinance is held to be unconstitutional or invalid for any reason, such decision shall not affect the remaining portions of this ordinance.

Section 3. Inconsistent Ordinances Repealed.

All ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent with this ordinance are hereby repealed to the extent of such inconsistency.

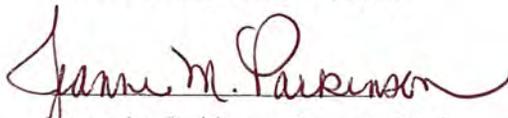
Section 4. Effective Date.

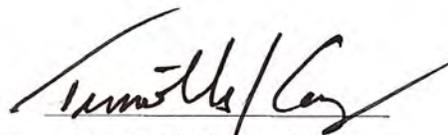
This ordinance shall take effect immediately upon final passage and publication as provided by law.

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT the foregoing ordinance will be introduced by the Borough Council of the Borough of Stone Harbor, New Jersey at the Work Session Meeting held on February 17, 2026 and will be further considered for second reading and public hearing at the Regular Meeting held on March 3, 2026.

	<u>MOTION</u>	<u>SECOND</u>	<u>AYE</u>	<u>NAY</u>	<u>RECUSE</u>	<u>ABSTAIN</u>	<u>ABSENT</u>
Councilmember Biddick			✓				
Councilmember Casper	✓		✓				
Councilmember Dallahan			✓				
Councilmember Parzych		✓	✓				
Councilmember Ross			✓				
Councilmember Vaul			✓				

Introduced: February 17, 2026
 First Publication: February 21, 2026
 2nd Reading & Public Hearing: March 3, 2026
 Final Publication: March 7, 2026
 Effective Date: March 7, 2026


 Jeanne M. Parkinson, Borough Clerk


 Timothy J. Carney, Mayor

3

BOROUGH OF STONE HARBOR
Cape May County, New Jersey

RESOLUTION

2026-S-76

RESOLUTION OF THE BOROUGH COUNCIL OF THE BOROUGH OF STONE HARBOR ADOPTING AN AFFORDABILITY ASSISTANCE MANUAL

WHEREAS, on March 20, 2024, Governor Murphy signed into law P.L. 2024, c.2, which amended the New Jersey Fair Housing Act and established the Affordable Housing Dispute Resolution Program (the "Program"); and

WHEREAS, on November 6, 2025, the Uniform Housing Affordability Controls ("UHAC") were updated and amended; and

WHEREAS, to ensure that the Borough's Affordability Assistance Manual conforms with UHAC as amended, the Borough will adopt an updated Affordability Assistance Manual;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Borough Council of the Borough of Stone Harbor, County of Cape May, State of New Jersey as follows:

1. The Borough of Stone Harbor hereby adopts an Affordability Assistance Manual, attached hereto as Exhibit A.
2. This Resolution shall take effect immediately.

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT the foregoing resolution was duly adopted by the Borough Council of the Borough of Stone Harbor, New Jersey at the Regular Meeting held on March 3, 2026, with the voting record as indicated below.

	<u>MOTION</u>	<u>SECOND</u>	<u>AYE</u>	<u>NAY</u>	<u>RECUSE</u>	<u>ABSTAIN</u>	<u>ABSENT</u>
Councilmember Biddick			✓				
Councilmember Casper	✓		✓				
Councilmember Dallahan			✓				
Councilmember Parzych		✓	✓				
Councilmember Ross			✓				
Councilmember Vault			✓				

Jeanne M. Parkinson
Jeanne Parkinson, Borough, Clerk

Timothy J. Carney
Timothy Carney, Mayor

BOROUGH OF STONE HARBOR

AFFORDABILITY ASSISTANCE MANUAL

This manual sets forth the policies and procedures of the Affordability Assistance Program for the Borough of Stone Harbor. This manual will outline the program options and provide what an applicant needs in order to qualify for the affordability assistance.

The Affordability Assistance Program is designed to help low and moderate-income households acquire funding that will assist them in securing affordable housing within the Borough of Stone Harbor. This is done by providing a one-time deferred payment loan to offset the initial costs of securing such housing. The Borough's program provides assistance for both owner-occupied affordable housing units or rental affordable housing units.

This program provides the following options for affordability assistance:

1. One or Two Month's Rent assistance – For a rental unit, funding equal to the one month's rent may be available to be paid directly to the landlord on behalf of an income-eligible low- or moderate-income tenant. This is a grant to the landlord for the unit to be rented. Very low-income households are eligible for two months' rental assistance.
2. Down payment / Closing cost assistance – For qualified first-time home buyers, funding of up to \$10,000.00 per applicant may be applied to offset the up-front costs of purchasing a deed-restricted home or condominium unit in Stone Harbor in the form of a no-interest, forgivable loan for a period of 10 years.

Administration

The Borough's appointed Affordable Housing Administrative Agent will be responsible for administering the Affordability Assistance Program. All funds provided for the Affordability Assistance Program shall be distributed from the Borough's Affordable Housing Trust Fund, in accordance with the Borough's adopted Affordable Housing Trust Fund Spending Plan. Questions about the Program should be directed to the Administrative Agent.

Applicant Eligibility

Submitted applications for the Program will be provided and reviewed on a first-come-first-served basis according to the following criteria. PLEASE NOTE: All the following criteria must be met in order for an applicant to be deemed eligible for this Program. Eligibility does not guarantee that any funding will be provided to applicants.

1. There are affordability assistance funds remaining in the budget for the year.
2. The applicant has not received affordability assistance in the past in the applied assistance category. For example, an applicant may receive One Month's Rent and Moving Expenses assistance, but an applicant cannot receive One Month's Rent assistance twice.
3. The applicant must qualify as a very low-, low-, or moderate-income household in accordance with the most current regional income limits established by the Affordable Housing Professionals of New Jersey (AHPNJ), or the applicable State of New Jersey regulatory agency should the State resume promulgation of regional income limits.

Down Payment/Closing Cost Program Procedures

1. An application shall be submitted to the Borough's Affordable Housing Administrative Agent.
2. The Administrative Agent shall review and process the application.
3. If an applicant is certified and approved, the Administrative Agent shall notify the Borough's financial department of the intent to award the loan and confirm the availability of funds.
4. The Administrative Agent shall prepare a draft resolution authorizing the award of the loan, specifying the amount of funds, the location and type of unit, and the specific affordability controls on the unit.
5. The Borough shall release the funds from the Affordable Housing Trust Fund to the escrow account following the approval of the resolution.
6. A Repayment Agreement, Mortgage Note, and Mortgage shall be executed at closing, and recorded by the title company.
7. The Administrative Agent shall notify the applicant of the awarding of funds, and record the assistance, and terms of the assistance, in the file for the affordable unit.

Eligible Participants

Eligible participants must be under contract to purchase a home in Stone Harbor. This means that the applicant must have signed a contract with the seller, applied to the Program, and have been income qualified as a low- or moderate-income household.

Loan Amount and Period

The amount of assistance that is provided per applicant is \$10,000.00. The loan period shall be ten (10) years.

Loan Terms & Repayment Agreement

All funds are distributed at closing. The funds are sent via bank wire to either the participant's attorney or closing agent trust account. The attorney or trust account must have a business registration certificate and W-9 Tax Identification Form. The Borough must be given notice of the closing five (5) business days ahead of the closing of title.

Loans for applicants to the Program shall be secured through a mortgage and mortgage note in favor of the Borough, and executed by the property owner when required. The mortgage and mortgage note, as well as a deed restriction, will be executed at closing. The terms of the mortgage are in the mortgage note, which is not recorded. The original mortgage note shall be retained by the Program Administrator and kept in the unit file. The administrative agent shall send the mortgage and deed restriction requiring recording to the Borough. Upon receipt, the Borough will file said documents with the County Clerk's office upon the completion of the closing of title.

All loans are deferred payment loans and are due in full at zero percent (0%) interest upon sale, or change in title, if said sale or change in title occurs within five (5) years of the date of closing. All repayment of loans shall be made to the Borough's Affordable Housing Trust Fund. After the fifth year, the loan shall be forgiven at 20% a year for five additional years, fully forgiven at the end of the 10-year period. If the applicant remains the owner and occupant of the dwelling at the end of the duration of the ten (10) year mortgage period, the full amount of the loan shall be forgiven.

Insurance Requirements

The applicant must provide proof of homeowner's insurance and proof that the insurance has been paid. The homeowner's insurance must list the Borough of Stone Harbor as additional insureds, loss payees, or additional mortgagees for the entire 10-year period of the lien.

If the home is associated with a Condominium Association or a substantially similar entity, the Borough of Stone Harbor shall be listed as additional insureds, loss payees, or additional mortgagees on the blanket insurance policy for the Association's property.

If the property is located in a Flood Zone, flood insurance will be required listing the Borough of Stone Harbor as additional insureds, loss payees, or additional mortgagees.

Affordability Controls

All homes purchased by qualified low or moderate income households with assistance from the Borough's First Time Homebuyer Program shall include a deed restriction, which provides affordability controls so that the unit must remain affordable to a low or moderate income household for a period of at least thirty (30) years, in accordance with the Uniform Housing Affordability Controls (UHAC) at N.J.A.C. 5:80-16.1 et seq.

One or Two Months' Rent Program Procedures

1. An application for funding shall be filed with the Borough's Affordable Housing Administrative Agent.
2. The Administrative Agent shall review and process the application.
3. If there are more income-qualified applicants than there are funds available, preference shall be given to very low-income households.
4. If an applicant is certified and approved, the Administrative Agent shall notify the Borough's financial department of the intent to award the grant and confirm the availability of funds.
5. The Administrative Agent shall prepare a draft resolution authorizing the award of funds, specifying the amount, the location and type of unit, and the specific affordability controls on the unit.
6. The Borough shall release the funds from the Affordable Housing Trust Fund to the participating landlord following the approval of the resolution.
7. The Administrative Agent shall notify the applicant of the awarding of funds, and record the assistance, and terms of the assistance, in the file for the affordable unit.

Eligible Participants

All participants must be very low-, low-, or moderate-income households, entering into a lease agreement to rent a deed restricted affordable dwelling unit in the Borough of Stone Harbor. Applicants must not have received any assistance from any of the Borough's Affordability Assistance Program previously.

Grant Amount and Period

The maximum amount of assistance that may be provided per applicant shall be equal to one month's contract rent. Very low-income households are awarded two months' rent.

Terms & Repayment Agreement

This program is a grant and there are no terms and no repayment agreement.

Income Eligibility and Certification Procedure

In order to be eligible for assistance, applicants must be determined to be income eligible. All adult members 18 years of age and older must be fully certified as income-eligible before they can receive any assistance from the Program. The Program will income-qualify applicants in accordance with the Uniform Housing Affordability Controls (UHAC) at N.J.A.C. 5:80-16.1 et seq., except for the asset test. The applicant's monthly housing payment shall not exceed 40% of the applicant's adjusted monthly gross income.

The following is a list of various types of wages, payments, rebates, and credits. Those that are considered as part of the household's income are listed under "Income."

Qualified Income Sources

The following are considered income and will be included in the determination of the applicant's income eligibility:

- Wages, salaries, tips, commissions
- Regularly scheduled overtime
- Social Security
- Unemployment Compensation (verify # of weeks that are eligible to be received)
- Pensions
- Disability
- Alimony
- Verified regular child support (received)
- Any other forms of regular income reported to the Internal Revenue Service
- Interest income from assets such as savings, certificates of deposit, money market accounts, mutual funds, stocks, bonds
- Imputed interest (using a current average annual rate of 2%) from non-income producing assets, such as equity in real estate. Rent from real estate is considered income, after deduction of any mortgage payment, real estate taxes, property owner's insurance.
- TANF (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families)
- Net income from business or real estate
- Rent from real estate is considered income

Unqualified Income Sources

The following are not considered income and will not be included in the determination of the applicant's income eligibility:

- Court ordered payments for alimony or child support paid to another household shall be deducted from gross annual income
- Food stamps
- Rebates or credits received under low-income energy assistance programs
- Income of live-in attendants
- Student loans
- Part-time income of dependents enrolled as full time students
- Lump-sum additions to assets such as inheritances, lottery winnings, gifts, insurance settlements
- Payments received for foster care
- Relocation assistance benefits
- Scholarships
- Personal property such as automobiles

Income Verification

To calculate income, the current gross income of the applicant is used to project income over the next 12 months. Income verification documentation should include, but is not limited to, the following for each member of a household who is 18 years of age or older:

- Four current consecutive pay stubs, including bonuses, overtime or tips, or a letter from the employer stating the present annual income figure, or if self-employed, a current Certified Profit & Loss Statement and Balance Sheet.
- A signed copy of regular IRS Form 1040 (Tax computation form), 1040A, or 1040EZ (as applicable) and state income tax returns filed for the last three years prior to the date of interview or notarized tax waiver letter for respective tax year(s).
- A form 1040 Tax Summary for the past three tax years can be requested from the local IRS Center or by calling 800-829-1040
- If applicable, a letter or appropriate reporting form verifying monthly benefits such as:
 - Social Security or SSI – current awards letter or computer printout letter
 - Unemployment – verification of unemployment benefits
 - Welfare – TANF current award letter
 - Disability – Worker's compensation letter, or
 - Pension income (monthly or annually) – a pension letter
 - A letter or appropriate reporting to verify any other sources of income claimed by the applicant such as alimony or child support – copy of court order or recent original letter from the court (includes separation agreement or divorce papers) or education scholarship/stipends – current award letter.
- Reports from the last two consecutive months that verify income from assets to be submitted by banks or other financial institutions managing savings and checking accounts (bank statements and

passbooks), trust funds, money market accounts, certificate of deposit, stocks or bonds (in brokerage accounts – most recent statements and/or in certificate form – photocopy of certificates)

Examples: copies of all interest and dividend statements for savings accounts, interest and non-interest-bearing checking accounts, and investments.

- Evidence or reports of income from directly held assets, such as real estate or businesses owned by any household member 18 years and older.
- Interest in a corporation or partnership – Federal tax returns for each of the preceding three tax years.
- Current reports of assets – Market Value Appraisal or Realtor Comparative Market Analysis and Bank/Mortgage Co. Statement indicating current mortgage balance. For rental property attach copies of all leases.

Verifying Student Income and Income from Real Estate

1. *Student Income* – Only full-time income of full-time students is included in the income calculation. A full-time student is a member of the household reported to the IRS as a dependent who is enrolled in a degree seeking program for 12 or more credit hours per semester; and part-time income is income earned on less than a 35-hour work week.

2. *Income from Real Estate* – If real estate owned by an applicant to the Program is a rental property, the rent is considered income. After deduction of any mortgage interest, real estate taxes, property owner insurance, and reasonable property management expenses as reported to the IRS, the remaining amount shall be counted as income.

Other Eligibility Requirements

Applicants must also submit the following in the application package as applicable:

- Recorded deed to the property to be assisted;
- If you are a widow or widower, copy of Death Certificate should be included;
- Signed release form to verify eligibility determination from third party sources;
- Copy of any and all other liens recorded against property; and
- Personal identification (a copy of any of the following: Driver's license, Passport, Birth Certificate, Social Security Card, Adoption Papers, Alien Registration card, etc.) for each household member.

Eligibility Certification

After the Administrative Agent determines that the household is income eligible and meets all other eligible requirements, the Administrative Agent will complete and sign the eligibility certification. This certification shall be valid for twelve (12) months starting from the date of eligibility certification.

4

BOROUGH OF STONE HARBOR

Cape May County, New Jersey

RESOLUTION

2026-S-78

RESOLUTION OF THE BOROUGH COUNCIL OF THE BOROUGH OF STONE HARBOR ADOPTING AN "AFFIRMATIVE MARKETING PLAN" FOR THE BOROUGH OF STONE HARBOR

WHEREAS, in accordance with P.L. 2024, Chapter 2 and the New Jersey Uniform Housing Affordability Controls ("UHAC") (N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1 *et seq.*), the Borough of Stone Harbor is required to adopt an Affirmative Marketing Plan to ensure that all affordable housing units created are affirmatively marketed to very low-, low- and moderate-income households, particularly those living and/or working within Housing Region 6, the Housing Region encompassing the Borough of Stone Harbor.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Stone Harbor, County of Cape May, State of New Jersey, does hereby adopt the following Affirmative Marketing Plan:

Affirmative Marketing Plan

- A. The Affirmative Marketing Plan is a regional marketing strategy designed to attract buyers and/or renters of all majority and minority groups, regardless of race, creed, color, national origin, ancestry, English-speaking ability, marital or familial status, gender, affectional or sexual orientation, disability, age or number of children, source of lawful income, or any other characteristic described in the New Jersey Law Against Discrimination, to housing units which are being marketed by a developer or sponsor of affordable housing. The Affirmative Marketing Plan is also intended to target those potentially eligible persons who are least likely to apply for affordable units in that region. It is a continuing program that directs all marketing activities toward the Housing Region in which the municipality is located and covers the entire period of the deed restriction for each restricted housing unit. The Borough of Stone Harbor is located in Housing Region 6, consisting of Atlantic, Cape May, Cumberland, and Salem Counties.
- B. The Borough of Stone Harbor has a plan to address both its Prior Round Obligation (1987-2025) and its Fourth Round Obligation (2025-2035). This Affirmative Marketing Plan shall apply to all developments that contain or will contain very low-, low- and moderate-income units, including those that are part of the municipality's Housing Element and Fair Share Plan, and those that may be constructed in future developments not yet anticipated by the Housing Element and Fair Share Plan.
- C. The Affirmative Marketing Plan shall be implemented by the Administrative Agent under contract to the Borough of Stone Harbor, or the Administrative Agent of any specific developer approved by the municipality.
- D. All of the costs of advertising and affirmatively marketing affordable housing units shall be borne by the developers/sellers/owners of affordable unit(s), and all such advertising and affirmative marketing shall be subject to approval and oversight by the designated Administrative Agent.
- E. The implementation of the Affirmative Marketing Plan for a development that includes affordable housing shall commence at least 120 days prior to expected occupancy. The implementation of the Affirmative Marketing Plan shall continue until all very low-, low- and moderate-income housing units are initially occupied and for as long as the affordable units remain deed restricted such that qualifying new tenants and/or purchasers continues to be necessary.
- F. The Affirmative Marketing Plan is a continuing program that shall be followed throughout the entire period of affordability restrictions. In implementing the Affirmative Marketing Plan, the Administrative Agent, whether acting on behalf of the Borough of Stone Harbor or on behalf of a specific developer, shall meet the following requirements at a minimum:

1. The primary marketing and advertising must be employed at the start of the marketing program and continue until all units are leased or sold or until the number of applications received is at least three times the number of units. Additional advertising and publicity shall be on an "as needed" basis. The developer/owner shall disseminate all public service announcements and pay for display advertisements. The developer/owner shall provide proof of all publications to the Administrative Agent. All press releases and advertisements shall be approved in advance by the Administrative Agent.
2. The advertisements shall, at a minimum, include:
 - a. The name and location of the housing project;
 - b. An address sufficient to find directions to the housing units;
 - c. A range of prices or rents for the affordable housing units;
 - d. The sizes, as measured in number of bedrooms of the affordable housing units;
 - e. The types (that is, family, age-restricted, or supportive) and number of affordable units available;
 - f. The number of units available to very low-, low-, and moderate-income households;
 - g. The accessibility features, if any, of the affordable housing units;
 - h. The maximum income permitted to qualify for the affordable housing units;
 - i. The population(s), if any, given preference in the selection process pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.17(k)2;
 - j. Where applications (paper and online) for the affordable housing units may be found;
 - k. The expected lease-up/closing date(s) for the affordable housing units;
 - l. The expected date of the random selection;
 - m. The business hours when interested households may obtain paper applications for the affordable housing units;
 - n. Contact information, including an email address and phone number that are regularly monitored by the administrative agent;
 - o. The name of the sales agent and/or rental manager; and
 - p. Application fees, if any.
3. Affirmative fair marketing of affordable units must be completed in accordance with the requirements set forth in UHAC at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.16 in all media and outlets required by the rules.
4. Each affordable housing development must complete worksheet substantially in the form of the model affirmative marketing worksheet published by the state.
5. Affordable units must be listed on the New Jersey Housing Resource Center's website (www.njhrc.gov) in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.16(f)1 at least 60 days before the random selection.
6. Applications, or notices thereof, used as part of the affirmative marketing program must be available in the following locations:
 - a. Atlantic County Administration Building, 1333 Atlantic Ave, Atlantic City, NJ 08401
Cape May County Administration Building, 4 Moore Road, Cape May Court House, NJ 08210
Cumberland County Administration Building, 164 W. Broad St., Bridgeton, NJ 08302
Salem County Administration Building, 110 5th St, Salem, NJ 08079
 - b. Atlantic County Library Headquarters, 40 Farragut Ave, Mays Landing, NJ 08330
Cape May County Library Headquarters, 30 Mechanic Street, Cape May Court House, NJ 08210

Cumberland County Library Headquarters, 5 800 E. Commerce St, Bridgeton, NJ 08302

Salem County Library Headquarters, 14 School Ln, Woodstown, NJ 08098

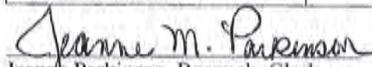
7. Additional outreach efforts, as dictated by the Settlement Agreement, will include the following organizations:
 - a. Fair Share Housing Center;
 - b. The New Jersey State Conference of the NAACP
 - c. The Latino Action Network;
 - d. Mainland/Pleasantville, Mizpah, Atlantic City, and Cape May County Branches of the NAACP
 - e. Supportive Housing Association
8. The municipality's Administrative Agent, or the Administrative Agent of a specific developer, shall comply with all requirements set forth in N.J.S.A. 52:27D-321.3 et seq. with regard to the affirmative marketing of affordable housing units.
- G. The municipality's Administrative Agent shall develop, maintain and update a list of community contact person(s) and/or organizations(s) in Atlantic, Cape May, Cumberland, and Salem Counties that will aid in the affirmative marketing program with particular emphasis on contacts that will reach out to groups that are least likely to apply for housing within the region, including major regional employers.
- H. The municipality's Administrative Agent shall develop, maintain and update a list of major employers in Atlantic, Cape May, Cumberland, and Salem Counties that will aid in the affirmative marketing program.
- I. A random selection method to select occupants of very low-, low- and moderate-income housing will be used by the municipality's Administrative Agent, or the Administrative Agent of any specific developer, in conformance with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.16(d). This Affirmative Marketing Plan provides a state-wide and/or regional preference for very low-, low-, and moderate-income households that live and/or work in Housing Region 6, which is comprised of Atlantic, Cape May, Cumberland, and Salem Counties. Pursuant to the New Jersey Fair Housing Act (C.52:27D-311), a preference for very low-, low- and moderate-income veterans duly qualified under N.J.A.C. 54:4-8.10 may also be exercised, provided an agreement to this effect has been executed between the developer or landlord and the municipality prior to the affirmative marketing of the units.
- J. All developers/owners of very low-, low- and moderate-income housing units shall be required to undertake and pay the costs of the marketing of the affordable units in their respective developments, subject to the direction and supervision of the municipality's Administrative Agent.

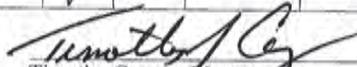
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the appropriate municipal officials and professionals are authorized to take all actions required to implement the terms of this Resolution.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that this Resolution shall take effect pursuant to law.

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT the foregoing resolution was duly adopted by the Borough Council of the Borough of Stone Harbor, New Jersey at the Regular Meeting held on March 3, 2026, with the voting record as indicated below.

	<u>MOTION</u>	<u>SECOND</u>	<u>AYE</u>	<u>NAY</u>	<u>RECUSE</u>	<u>ABSTAIN</u>	<u>ABSENT</u>
Councilmember Biddick			✓				
Councilmember Casper	✓		✓				
Councilmember Dallahan			✓				
Councilmember Parzych		✓	✓				
Councilmember Ross			✓				
Councilmember Vault			✓				


 Jeanne Parkinson, Borough, Clerk


 Timothy Carney, Mayor

5

BOROUGH OF STONE HARBOR

Cape May County, New Jersey

RESOLUTION

2026-S-77

RESOLUTION OF THE BOROUGH COUNCIL OF THE BOROUGH OF STONE HARBOR ADOPTING AN ACCESSORY APARTMENT MANUAL

WHEREAS, on March 20, 2024, Governor Murphy signed into law P.L. 2024, c.2, which amended the New Jersey Fair Housing Act and established the Affordable Housing Dispute Resolution Program (the "Program"); and

WHEREAS, on November 6, 2025, the Uniform Housing Affordability Controls ("UHAC") were updated and amended; and

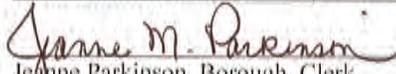
WHEREAS, to ensure that the Borough's Accessory Apartment Manual conforms with UHAC as amended, the Borough will adopt an updated Accessory Apartment Manual;

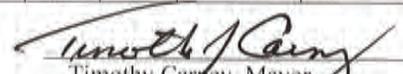
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Borough Council of the Borough of Stone Harbor, County of Cape May, State of New Jersey as follows:

1. The Borough of Stone Harbor hereby adopts an Accessory Apartment Manual, attached hereto as Exhibit A.
2. This Resolution shall take effect immediately.

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT the foregoing resolution was duly adopted by the Borough Council of the Borough of Stone Harbor, New Jersey at the Regular Meeting held on March 3, 2026, with the voting record as indicated below.

	<u>MOTION</u>	<u>SECOND</u>	<u>AYE</u>	<u>NAY</u>	<u>RECUSE</u>	<u>ABSTAIN</u>	<u>ABSENT</u>
Councilmember Biddick			✓				
Councilmember Casper	✓		✓				
Councilmember Dallahan			✓				
Councilmember Parzych		✓	✓				
Councilmember Ross			✓				
Councilmember Vault			✓				


 Jennie Parkinson, Borough, Clerk


 Timothy Carley, Mayor

Borough of Stone Harbor Operating Manual and Affirmative Marketing Plan for the Administration of an Accessory Apartment Program

February 2026

"What is an Accessory Apartment?"
"Who can participate?"
"What are the Accessory Apartment Requirements?"



Stone Harbor

9508 Second Avenue
Stone Harbor, New Jersey 08247
(609) 368-5102
Borough Hall Office Hours
8:30am to 4:00pm

Prepared by:

POLISTINA
Associates, LLC
Engineers & Planners

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INTRODUCTION

This Operating Manual has been prepared to assist in the administration of an accessory apartment program through the Borough of Stone Harbor Affordable Housing Program. It will serve as a guide to the program staff.

This manual describes the basic content and operation of the program, examines program purposes and provides the guidelines for implementing the program. It has been prepared with a flexible format allowing for periodic updates of its sections, when required, due to revisions in regulations and/or procedures.

This manual explains the steps in the initial creation of an accessory apartment and in the rental process. It describes the eligibility requirements for participation in the program, record keeping and overall program administration.

Implementation of any procedure, even if it is not included in this Operating Manual, shall be in accordance with the Federal Fair Housing Act and Equal Opportunities laws¹, the Uniform Housing Affordability Controls (UHAC) N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1 *et seq.*², the substantive rules of the Council on Affordable Housing and the affordable housing regulations of the *Borough of Stone Harbor* (hereafter referred to as the "Regulations").



In accordance with the Federal Fair Housing Act and Equal Opportunities laws it is unlawful to discriminate against any person making application to buy or rent a home with regard to age, race, religion, national origin, sex, handicapped or familial status.

WHAT IS AFFORDABLE HOUSING?

Affordable accessory apartments, unlike market rate housing, have affordability controls limiting the rent for ten (10) years. Housing is "affordable" if the household pays approximately 35% or less of the household's gross income on housing costs. Affordable housing is priced to be affordable to households earning up to 80% of the area median income for the region in which the affordable housing is located.

WHAT IS AN ACCESSORY APARTMENT?

An Accessory Apartment is "a self-contained residential dwelling unit with a kitchen, sanitary facilities, sleeping quarters and a private entrance, which is created within an existing home, or through the conversion of an existing accessory structure on the same site, or by an addition to an existing home or accessory building, or by the construction of a new accessory structure on the same site."

¹ <https://www.justice.gov/crt/fair-housing-act-1>

² <http://www.nj.gov/dca/affiliates/COAH/DCA/DCA/regulations/uhac.html>

WHO QUALIFIES FOR AFFORDABLE HOUSING?

In order to be eligible for affordable housing in New Jersey, a household’s income must be below the income limit for the region in which the affordable housing is located, either for low or moderate levels. A moderate-income household is classified as earning between 50 percent and 80 percent of the area median income. A low-income household is classified as earning less than 50 percent of area median income. Municipalities are also required to provide affordable housing to very low-income households; at least 13 percent of all affordable units must be affordable to households earning 30 percent or less of median income.

The six housing regions are as follows:

Regions	Counties
1	Bergen, Hudson, Passaic, Sussex
2	Essex, Morris, Union, Warren
3	Hunterdon, Middlesex, Somerset
4	Mercer, Monmouth, Ocean
5	Burlington, Camden, Gloucester
6	Atlantic, Cape May, Cumberland, Salem

The Regional Income Limits Chart (Appendix A) provides information about income limits for each of the six housing regions. Each region has different calculated median incomes, which are adjusted annually.

An applicant does not have to currently live in the region in which the applicant is interested in applying for an affordable unit. An applicant’s income qualification is determined by the Region Income Limits for where the applicant wants to live.

LOCAL AFFORDABLE HOUSING PROGRAMS AND OPPORTUNITIES

The following affordable housing programs and opportunities are available in the Borough of Stone Harbor:

1. **Accessory Apartment Program:** The Borough of Stone Harbor has established by ordinance, a program to allow the creation of accessory apartments, provided the units are affordable to very low, low, and moderate- income household as follows:
 - a. **Number of units:**
 - i. The Borough will allow the development of a total of (10) ten accessory apartments, including one very low-income accessory apartment, four low-income units and five moderate-income accessory apartments. Property owners interested in creating an accessory apartment on their property should contact the Accessory Apartment Administrator.

- b. **Conditions:** Accessory apartments shall meet the following conditions:
- i. Accessory apartments shall be allowed in the Business Zoning Districts and Residential Zoning Districts.
 - ii. An accessory apartment unit will comply with the rest of the provisions of §560-48.
 - iii. All standards and requirements of the zoning district, except as modified by the applicable ordinance, shall apply.
 - iv. An accessory apartment unit shall comply with all applicable statutes and regulations of the State of New Jersey in addition to all local building codes.
 - v. The application submitted to the Construction Office shall include the following:
 - Name and address of owner.
 - Name, address, income verification of the proposed occupant of the accessory unit (if known).
 - Floor plan of sketch
 - Current property survey.
 - vi. The minimum lot size and dimensional requirements shall be in accordance with the zone in which the property is located for accessory apartments constructed in new dwellings.
 - vii. The minimum floor area located within a principal structure shall be 650 square feet, but in no case shall it exceed the gross floor area of the existing principal structure on the lot.
 - viii. Accessory apartments may be created within existing single-family residences or accessory buildings, provided there is no expansion of the existing structure's exterior outline.
 - ix. There shall be no more than one (1) accessory apartment per single-family dwelling on each lot.
 - x. The structures shall be in full compliance with all applicable health and construction codes. The appropriate utility authority or Board of Health must certify that there is water and sewer infrastructure with sufficient cap Borough to serve the proposed unit.

- xi. Construction of accessory apartments shall be in full compliance with all applicable environmental regulations including Stone Harbor's Stormwater Management Ordinance.
- xii. Each accessory apartment shall have its own private entrance, living/sleeping space, cooking facilities, a kitchen sink, and complete sanitary facilities for the exclusive use of its occupants. The accessory apartment shall be located, designed, constructed and landscaped so as to preserve the appearance of the principal building to the maximum extent feasible and further to enhance and not detract from the character of the principal building and the surrounding neighborhood.
- xiii. An accessory apartment unit shall, for a period of at least 10 years from the date of the issuance of a certificate of occupancy, be rented only to a very low-, low- or moderate-income qualified household as is defined by applicable Uniform Housing Affordability Controls regulations at the time of initial occupancy of the unit.
- xiv. The occupant must meet the established income limitations for very low-, low- and moderate-income households as specified by the rules and regulations of COAH (N.J.A.C.5:93 et seq).
- xv. The accessory apartment must meet the adaptability law at P.L. 2005, c.350, if applicable.
- xvi. Rents of accessory apartments shall be affordable to very low-, low- and moderate-income households as per DCA and UHAC regulations.
- xvii. There shall be a recorded deed or declaration of covenants and restrictions applied to the property upon which the accessory apartment is located running with the land and limiting its subsequent rental or sale within the affordable housing requirements stated herein.
- xviii. The accessory apartment shall be affirmatively marketed to the housing region in accordance with COAH regulations and UHAC at N.J.A.C.5:80-26.1 et seq.
- xix. Accessory apartment units are exempt from bedroom mix requirements in N.J.A.C. 5:93-7.3.
- xx. A freestanding accessory building(s) containing accessory apartment units shall conform to the setback requirements for principal buildings in the district.

- xxi. The owner shall submit an affidavit of continuing use every two (2) years to the Borough Clerk of Stone Harbor.
 - xxii. Parking shall be consistent with the parking requirements of Stone Harbor.
 - xxiii. Any property owner applying for an accessory apartment under this section shall affirmatively demonstrate that the accessory apartment is to be rented to and occupied by households meeting DCA's and UHAC's affordable housing criteria.
 - xxiv. In the event that the accessory apartment is located in a structure which is detached from the primary residence, the property owner shall explicitly affirm via deed restriction that the property may not be further subdivided to separate the accessory apartment and any associated land as a new building lot unless such subdivision can be accomplished in full accordance with Stone Harbor's density requirements, minimum setbacks, dimensional requirements, and all other applicable subdivision constraints.
 - xxv. If, following completion of the 10-year affordability controls period, an accessory apartment constructed in accordance with this section of the Stone Harbor Borough Zoning Ordinance is no longer subject to Court requirements or restrictions, the apartment shall be considered a permitted conditional use subject to the remaining conditions established within this Ordinance section.
- c. **Illegal Accessory Apartments:** An illegal accessory apartment shall be eligible for credit if the illegal accessory apartment meets the conditions in Section 1 (b) above. There will be no monetary contribution for existing illegal accessory apartments approved through the program.
- d. **Program Administration**
- i. Stone Harbor has designated the administrative agency to administer the accessory apartment program.
 - ii. The administrative agent shall administer the program, in accordance with the terms of this Operating Manual and the Borough's Affordable Housing Ordinance, including advertising, income qualifying prospective renters, setting rents and annual rental increases, maintaining a waiting list, distributing the subsidy, overseeing the securing of certificates of occupancy, qualifying properties, handling application forms, overseeing the filing deed restrictions, filing monitoring reports and affirmatively marketing the accessory apartment program
 - iii. The Borough shall provide a subsidy that may be used by the property owner to fund actual construction costs and/or to provide compensation for reduced rental rates. The Borough shall provide \$20,000 each moderate-income unit, \$25,000 each for low-income

units, and \$35,000 for the very low-income unit to subsidize the physical creation of an accessory apartment conforming to the Affordable Housing Ordinance and applicable requirements. There will be no monetary compensation for existing illegal accessory apartments approved through the program. Prior to the grant of such subsidy, the property owner shall enter into a written agreement with the Borough ensuring that the subsidy shall be used to create the accessory apartment and the apartment shall meet the requirements of the program.

- iv. The subsidy shall be paid in the following manner:
 - a. 25% of the subsidy shall be paid upon permit and/or zoning approvals and the recording of the Deed Restriction;
 - b. 25% shall be paid to the property owner when, upon the determination of the construction official, the unit is ready for rental
 - c. The remainder of the subsidy shall be paid once a lease is signed with a tenant certified by the Administrative Agent

- v. Applicants intending to create an accessory apartment shall submit to the Administrative Agent, the following:
 - 1. A sketch of floor plans showing the location, size and relationship of both the accessory apartment and the primary dwelling within the building or in another structure;
 - 2. Rough elevations showing the modification of any exterior building facade to which changes are proposed; and
 - 3. A site development sketch showing the location of the existing dwelling and other existing buildings, all property lines; proposed addition, if any, along with the minimum building setback lines, the required parking spaces for both dwelling units and any manmade conditions which might affect construction.

- vi. The units shall comply with applicable regulations and UHAC with the following exceptions:
 - a. Control periods for rental units (N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.11(a)); accessory apartments will have 10-year controls on affordability;
 - b. Bedroom distribution (N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.3(b) and (c)); however, the ordinance shall not restrict the number of bedrooms per unit
 - c. Affordability average (N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.4); however, the maximum rent for a moderate-income unit shall be affordable to households earning no more than 60 percent of median income and the maximum rent for a low-income unit shall be

affordable to households earning no more than 44 percent of median income;

A copy of the Borough of Stone Harbor's Housing Element and Fair Share Plan is available at:

Stone Harbor Municipal Building
9508 2nd Ave
Stone Harbor, NJ 08247
Phone 609-368-6800
Fax 609-368-2619
Office Hours: Monday - Friday 8:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m.

OTHER AFFORDABLE HOUSING PROGRAMS AND OPPORTUNITIES

Affordable housing is administered by a wide variety of organizations and agencies. COAH does not administer affordable housing but links to affordable housing resources can be found on COAH's website at

<http://www.nj.gov/dca/affiliates/coah/resources/looking.html>

Individuals interested in applying for affordable housing should contact the Municipal Housing Liaison in the municipality in which they are interested in living. Each municipality under COAH's jurisdiction has a Municipal Housing Liaison who is responsible for administering the municipality's affordable housing program. Some municipalities administer their own affordable housing and have their own application process. If not, the Municipal Housing Liaison can direct applicants to developers, nonprofit agencies, State agencies or consultants that may administer the affordable housing within the municipality. A list of Municipal Housing Liaisons can be found at

<http://www.nj.gov/dca/affiliates/coah/resources/muniliasons.pdf>.

The New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency has established New Jersey's Housing Resource Center, an on-line, searchable database of affordable housing in the State. The Housing Resource Center provides a listing posted by developers, landlords, and municipalities of available affordable housing. Available units are listed with contact and application information. Look for the Housing Resource Center at www.njhousing.gov.

The New Jersey Housing Resource Center located at www.njhrc.gov lists all available affordable housing in the state of New Jersey.

Applicants who do not have access to the Internet should call 211 for assistance

FAIR HOUSING AND EQUAL HOUSING OPPORTUNITIES

It is unlawful to discriminate against any person making application to buy or rent a home with regard to race, creed, color, national origin, ancestry, age, marital status, affectional or sexual orientation, familial status, disability, nationality, sex, gender identity or expression or source of lawful income used for mortgage or rental payments.

For more information on discrimination or if anyone feels they are a victim of discrimination, please contact the New Jersey Division on Civil Rights at 1-866-405-3050 or <https://www.njoag.gov/about/divisions-and-offices/division-on-civil-rights-home/>.

OVERVIEW OF THE AFFORDABLE HOUSING ADMINISTRATION PROCESS

- The Municipal Housing Liaison for the Borough of Stone Harbor serves as an initial point of contact for unsolicited calls to the municipality about affordable housing and where appropriate directs applicants to the Borough's Administrative Agent. The Municipal Housing Liaison for the Borough of Stone Harbor is Michael Koochembere. His office is located at 9508 Second Ave Stone Harbor, NJ. He may be reached by phone at (609) 368-6814 or by email at koochemberem@stone-harbor.nj.us.
- The Administrative Agent for the Borough of Stone Harbor implements the municipality's Affirmative Marketing Plan.
- The Administrative Agent serves as the initial point of contact for all inquiries generated by the affirmative marketing efforts and sends out Preliminary Applications to interested callers.
- The Administrative Agent will accept returned Preliminary Applications for a specific period of time, 60 days. At the end of this time period, all applications will be randomly selected, through a lottery, to create a pool of applicants.
- The Administrative Agent will pre-qualify applicants in the applicant pool for income eligibility and will send either a rejection letter to those over income or a preliminary approval letter to those who appear income-eligible.
- When a unit becomes available, the Administrative Agent will contact applicants based on bedroom requirements and income level in order of their randomized lottery number.
- The Administrative Agent will notify applicant households in writing of certification or denial within 20 days of the determination.
- Certified households that are approved for a rental affordable housing unit will sign a Disclosure Statement and any other applicable documents, which are held

in the applicant file. Applicants then make an appointment with the leasing agent. Applicant households seeking rental units proceed with a credit check, which is generally conducted by the developer, affordable housing sponsor or landlord. If approved, the applicant will sign the lease, pay the first month's rent and the security deposit and receive the keys.

- The certified household moves into the affordable rental unit.

ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE MUNICIPAL HOUSING LIAISON

The Municipal Housing Liaison is responsible for coordinating all the activities of the municipal government as it relates to the creation and administration of affordable housing units, in conjunction with the Municipal Attorney, where appropriate (see **Responsibilities of the Municipal Attorney**). The primary purpose of the Municipal Housing Liaison is to ensure that all affordable housing projects are established and administered according to the Regulations as outlined in an Operating Manual. The duties of the Municipal Housing Liaison include the following duties, and may include the responsibilities for providing administrative services as described in the next Section under, **Responsibilities of an Administrative Agent**.

Monitor the status of all restricted units in the municipality's Fair Share Plan.

Regardless of any arrangements the municipality may have with one or more Administrative Agents, it is the Municipal Housing Liaison's responsibility to know the status of all restricted units in their community.

Serve as the municipality's primary point of contact for all inquiries from the State, Administrative Agents, developers, affordable housing sponsors, owners, property managers, and interested households. The Municipal Housing Liaison serves as the municipality's primary point of contact on affordable housing issues. Interested applicants should be provided with information on the types of affordable units within the municipality and, where applicable, the name of the Administrative Agent that manages the units and the contact information for the Administrative Agent.

Compile, verify and submit annual reporting. Administrative Agents are responsible for collecting much of the data that is ultimately included in an annual monitoring report. However, it is the Municipal Housing Liaison's responsibility to collect and verify this data and consolidate it into the annual report to Fair Share Housing Center (FSHC) and the Affordable Housing Monitoring System (AHMS). Any requests for additional information or corrections will be directed to the Municipal Housing Liaison.

Coordinate meetings with Administrative Agents and Developers/Affordable Housing Sponsors/Owners. When a new accessory apartment is in the planning process, the Municipal Housing Liaison should coordinate a meeting between the Administrative Agent and the owner. The purpose of this initial meeting is to make sure the unit owner understands all the requirements of the program and go over the procedures outlined in the Operating Manual.

Provide Administrative Services, unless those services are contracted out. The responsibilities for providing administrative services are described in the next Section under, **Responsibilities of an Administrative Agent.**

RESPONSIBILITIES OF AN ADMINISTRATIVE AGENT

The primary responsibility of an Administrative Agent is to establish and enforce affordability controls and ensure that units in the Administrative Agent's portfolio are rented to eligible households. Administrative Agents must:

Secure written acknowledgement from all owners in the accessory apartment program that no restricted unit can be offered or in any other way committed to any person other than a household duly certified by the Administrative Agent.

Create and adhere to an Operating Manual. All Administrative Agents are required to follow the policies and procedures of an Operating Manual, as applicable to the scope of services they have been contracted to perform.

Implement the municipality's Affirmative Marketing Plan. The Administrative Agent is responsible for implementing the Affirmative Marketing Plan adopted by the municipality. Affirmative marketing includes conducting regional outreach and advertising for available affordable units.

Accept applications from interested households. In response to marketing initiatives or by referral from the Municipal Housing Liaison, interested households will contact the Administrative Agent. The Administrative Agent will supply applicants with applications, provide additional information on available units and accept completed applications.

Conduct random selection of applicants for rental of restricted units. The Administrative Agent is responsible for conducting the random selection in accordance with the Affirmative Marketing Plan and any related local ordinances, and as described in the Operating Manual.

Create and maintain a pool of applicant households. This includes reaching out to households in the applicant pool to determine continued interest and/or changes in household size and income.

Determine eligibility of households. The task of collecting application materials and documentation from applicant households and analyzing it for eligibility is the responsibility of an Administrative Agent. A written determination on a household's eligibility must be provided within twenty (20) days of the Administrative Agent's determination of eligibility or non-eligibility. Whether or not the household is determined to be eligible for a unit, it is an Administrative Agent's responsibility to secure all information provided by the household in individual files and to maintain strict confidentiality of all information regarding that household. An Administrative Agent is

required to ensure that all certified applicants execute a Disclosure Statement acknowledging the rights and requirements of renting an affordable unit.

Establish and maintain effective communication with owners. Owners of restricted units should be instructed and regularly reminded that the Administrative Agent is their primary point of contact. The Administrative Agent must immediately inform all owners of any changes to the Administrative Agent's contact information or business hours. The Administrative Agent must create and distribute annual mailings to all Owners of affordable units reminding them of the rights and requirements of owning an affordable rental unit.

Owners should be instructed to immediately contact the Administrative Agent in the following circumstances:

- Immediately upon learning that an affordable rental unit will be vacated.
- For review and approval of annual rental increases.
- If they are considering or have decided to sell their home.

Send out annual mailings about restrictions. Administrative Agents must annually mail to all Owners of affordable housing units a reminder of their rights and responsibilities as Owners of an affordable rental unit.

Provide annual notification of maximum rents. Each year when the new low- and moderate-income limits are released, rental households must be notified of the new maximum rent that may be charged for their unit. The Administrative Agent's contact information must be included on such notification in case the tenant is being overcharged.

Serve as the custodian of all legal documents. An Administrative Agent is responsible for maintaining originals of all legal instruments for the units in their portfolio. Throughout the duration of a control period, an Administrative Agent must maintain a file containing its affordability control documents. This includes, but is not limited to, the recorded Deed Restriction, lease, and Disclosure Statement.

Provide annual activity reports to Municipal Housing Liaison for use in the annual monitoring report. An Administrative Agent is responsible for collecting the reporting data on each unit in the Administrative Agent's portfolio.

Maintain and distribute information on HUD-approved Housing Counseling Programs.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE MUNICIPAL ATTORNEY

The Municipal Attorney assists the municipality with developing, administering, and enforcing affordability controls, including but not limited to:

- Assisting the Municipal Housing Liaison with the review of the affordable housing provisions of any Master Deed and Public Offering for consistency with DCA and UHAC regulations, before they are recorded.

- Providing all reasonable and necessary assistance in support of the Administrative Agent's efforts to ensure compliance with the housing affordability controls, including reviewing legal documents and legal actions required on foreclosures and violations.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF OWNERS OF ACCESSORY APARTMENTS

When an owner is in the planning process for an affordable accessory apartment, she/he should contact the Administrative Agent. The purpose of this initial meeting is to develop a clear division of labor between the parties and to transmit any components of the Operating Manual – including copies of all related local ordinances – that have already been adopted by the municipality.

The Administrative Agent will secure from the owner written acknowledgement that no restricted unit can be offered or in any other way committed to any person other than a household duly certified by the Administrative Agent.

Open and direct communication between the Owners of rental developments, the Municipal Housing Liaison and the Administrative Agent is essential to ongoing administration of affordability controls. Although the Administrative Agent is required to serve as the primary point of contact with households, the Owner must provide the Municipal Housing Liaison and Administrative Agent with information on vacancies. Owners of rental developments are also responsible for working with the Administrative Agent to ensure that the Municipal Housing Liaison has all necessary information to complete the annual reporting.

REQUIREMENTS FOR CREATING AN ACCESSORY APARTMENT

- Homeowners interested in creating an accessory apartment or making an existing accessory unit available for this program must read this manual and understand all of the requirements of owning and renting out an affordable housing unit.
- Prior to the issuance of a building permit, the applicant shall have entered into an Accessory Apartment Agreement with the Borough and recorded a deed restriction specifying the appropriate affordability controls for the units.
- Property must have sufficient sewer and water capacity to service the proposed accessory apartment. This must be documented and kept on file by the Administrative Agent.
- A deed restriction in the form of Appendix E in the Uniform Housing Affordability Controls (N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1 et seq.) and included in Appendix B of this manual stating the affordability controls will be **recorded** on the primary residence.
- Deed restrictions for accessory apartments in Stone Harbor are for a period of no less than 10 years.

- The rent for the accessory apartment will be lower than market rate rents in the area to make it affordable for low- and/or moderate-income households. Households must be income-qualified by the Administrative Agent. Application for the apartment is open to the public, however the homeowner may establish reasonable criteria for the household selected to live in the unit.

COMPENSATION FOR THE CREATION OF AN ACCESSORY APARTMENT

- The Borough shall provide \$20,000 each for three moderate income units, \$25,000 each for the two low income units, and \$35,000 for the very low-income apartment to subsidize the physical creation of an accessory apartment conforming to the Affordable Housing Ordinance and applicable requirements. There will be no monetary compensation for existing illegal accessory apartments approved through the program.

PROCESS FOR CREATING AN ACCESSORY APARTMENT

- Application for approval of accessory apartment construction: Applicants intending to create an accessory apartment shall submit to the Administrative Agent a sketch of floor plans showing the location, size and relationship of both the accessory apartment and the primary dwelling within the building or in another structure, rough elevations showing the modification of any exterior building facade to which changes are proposed, and a site development sketch showing the location of the existing dwelling and other existing buildings, all property lines, proposed addition, if any, along with the minimum building setback lines, the required parking spaces for both dwelling units .
- The Borough Building inspector shall conduct an initial inspection and forward plans for approval of apartment design.
- Accessory Apartment Agreement signed between municipality and owner (see Appendix C – Program Forms).
- Deed restriction recorded on residence
- The subsidy shall be paid in the following manner:
 - a. 25% of the subsidy shall be paid upon permit and/or zoning approvals and the recording of the Deed Restriction;
 - b. 25% shall be paid to the property owner when, upon the determination of the construction official, the project is complete
 - c. The remainder of the subsidy shall be paid once a lease is signed with a tenant certified by the Administrative Agent

DETERMINING AFFORDABLE RENTS

To determine the affordable rents the Administrative Agent uses the approved calculators provided by the Affordable Housing Professionals of New Jersey, and updated annually.

DEVELOPMENT CONSIDERATIONS AND COMPLIANCE ISSUES

There are several regulations that must be considered from the *development perspective* before the rents of accessory apartments can be calculated. These requirements should be discussed at the first meeting between the Municipal Housing Liaison, Administrative Agent and homeowner.

Number of Bedrooms. The number of bedrooms is a decision that must be made by the homeowner as there is no requirement for a certain number of bedrooms for accessory apartments. The homeowner must provide this information to the municipality and the Administrative Agent so that a rent may be established for the unit.

Pricing by Household Size. Initial rents are based on targeted “model” household sizes for each size home as determined by the number of bedrooms. Initial rents must adhere to the following rules. These maximum rents are based on Annual Regional Income Limits Chart at the time of occupancy:

- A studio shall be affordable to a one-person household;
- A one-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a one- and one-half person household;
- A two-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a three-person household;
- A three-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a four- and one-half person household; and
- A four-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a six-person household.

Size of Unit	Household Size Used to Determine Max Rent
Studio/Efficiency	1
1 Bedroom	1.5
2 Bedrooms	3
3 Bedrooms	4.5
4 Bedrooms	6

The above rules are only to be used for setting initial rents. They are not guidelines for matching household sizes with unit sizes.

Utilities. The homeowner must determine how utilities for the accessory apartment will be paid, either by the homeowner and reimbursed through rent or by the tenant separately. Either way, the maximum rent amount may not be exceeded. This should be discussed with the Administrative Agent prior to the rent being set.

DETERMINING INITIAL RENTS

To determine the initial rents the Administrative Agent uses the calculators provided by the Affordable Housing Professionals of New Jersey, and updated annually.

Maximum Rent: When including percentages in the rental calculator, the maximum rent for a moderate-income unit shall be affordable to households earning no more than 60 percent of median income and the maximum rent for a low-income unit shall be affordable

to households earning no more than 44 percent of median income and 30% of median income for very low-income units.

DETERMINING RENT INCREASES

Annual rent increases are permitted in affordable units. Rent increases are permitted at the anniversary of tenancy according to the Annual Regional Income Limits Chart. These increases must be filed with and approved by the Administrative Agent. Property managers or landlords who have charged less than the permissible increase may use the maximum allowable rent with the next tenant with permission of the Administrative Agent. The maximum allowable rent would be calculated by starting with the rent schedule approved as part of initial lease-up of the development, and calculating the annual approved increase from the initial lease-up year to the present. Rents may not be increased more than once a year, may not be increased by more than one approved increment at a time, and may not be increased at the time of new occupancy if this occurs less than one year from the last rental. No additional fees may be added to the approved rent without the express written approval of the Administrative Agent.

FINDING AN ACCESSORY APARTMENT TENANT

AFFIRMATIVE MARKETING

OVERVIEW OF THE REQUIREMENTS

All affordable units are required to be affirmatively marketed using the Borough of Stone Harbor's Affirmative Marketing Plan. An Affirmative Marketing Plan is a regional marketing strategy designed to attract households of all majority and minority groups, regardless of race, creed, color, national origin, ancestry, marital or familial status, gender, affectional or sexual orientation, disability, age, or number of children to housing units which are being marketed by an Administrative Agent or a developer, sponsor, owner or property manager of affordable housing. The primary objectives of an Affirmative Marketing Plan are to target households who are least likely to apply for affordable housing, and to target households throughout the entire housing region in which the units are located.

The Borough of Stone Harbor's Affirmative Marketing Plan can be found on the [Borough's website](#).

Every Affirmative Marketing Plan and any revisions thereto must be adopted by resolution of the governing body, referenced by ordinance and approved by FSHC. A form to help municipalities set up an Affirmative Marketing Plan is available on DCA's website for Administrative Agents. It is recommended to include the approved Affirmative Marketing Plan in the Appendix rather than in the text of the Operating Manual so that if any revision is required to the Affirmative Marketing Plan, the manual will not need to be revised, only the insertion in the Appendix.

Every Affirmative Marketing Plan must include all of the following:

- Publication of at least one advertisement in a newspaper of general circulation within the housing region; and

- Broadcast of at least one advertisement by radio or television throughout the housing region.
- At least one additional regional marketing strategy such as a neighborhood newspaper, religious publication, organizational newsletter, advertisement(s) with major employer(s), or notification through community and regional organizations such as non-profit, religious and civic organizations.

As of 11/2020 municipalities must list all affordable housing units in their community on the New Jersey Housing Resource Center at www.njhrc.gov. The New Jersey Housing Resource Center is a free service to both owners and administrators of affordable housing and households seeking affordable housing opportunities.

For each affordable housing opportunity within the municipality, the Affirmative Marketing Plan must include the following information:

- The address of the project and development name, if any
- The number of rental units
- The price ranges of the rental units
- The name and contact information of the Municipal Housing Liaison, Administrative Agent, property manager or landlord
- A description of the Random Selection method that will be used to select applicants for affordable housing.
- Disclosure of required application fees, if any.

Advertisements must contain the following information for each affordable housing opportunity:

- The name of the program, i.e. Accessory Apartment
- The rent amount
- The bedroom size of the units
- The maximum income permitted to qualify for the housing units
- The locations of applications for the housing units
- The business hours when interested households may obtain an application for a housing unit
- Application fees, if any

It is also recommended that the following information be included in the advertisements:

- Last date applications will be accepted
- Contact number of the Municipal Housing Liaison or Administrative Agent
- If already adopted by ordinance, a statement concerning regional preference.

COAH recommends including the following statement on all advertisements. "Visit www.njhrc.gov for more affordable housing opportunities."

REGIONAL PREFERENCE

The Borough of Stone Harbor has by ordinance provided that households that live or work in Housing Region 6 comprised of Atlantic, Cape May, Cumberland and Salem counties shall be selected for an affordable housing unit before households from outside this region. Units that remain unoccupied after households who live or work in the region are exhausted, may be offered to the households outside the region.

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE AFFIRMATIVE MARKETING PLAN

The affirmative marketing process for affordable units shall begin at least four months prior to expected occupancy. In implementing the marketing program, the Borough of Stone Harbor shall undertake all of the strategies outlined in the Borough of Stone Harbor's Affirmative Marketing Plan. Advertising and outreach shall take place during the first week of the marketing program. Preliminary Applications for affordable housing shall be available in several locations in accordance with the Affirmative Marketing Plan. The time period when Preliminary Applications will be accepted will be posted with the applications. Preliminary Applications shall be mailed to prospective applicants upon request.

An applicant pool will be maintained by the Borough of Stone Harbor's Administrative Agent for re-rentals.

When a re-rental affordable unit becomes available, applicants will be selected from the applicant pool and, if necessary, the unit will be marketed as needed.

The selection of applicants from the applicant pool is described in more detail in this manual under **Random Selection & Applicant Pool(s)**.

Question: *How often should we advertise?*

Answer: If this is a new program within the municipality and/or a waiting list for rental units does not exist, Administrative Agents must advertise initially to create an applicant pool beginning four months prior to the anticipated occupancy of the unit(s). Advertising should be implemented as needed until all units are rented. Once all vacant units are

filled with eligible households, the Administrative Agent can either close the applicant pool or keep it open. If the applicant pool has sufficient eligible households for approximately two years' worth of turnover, COAH recommends that the applicant pool be closed and applications no longer be accepted. In this case, advertising does not need to be conducted until four months before the applicant pool is to be reopened. If the Administrative Agent wishes to keep the applicant pool open, they must conduct some form of advertising on a monthly basis. However, all the components of the Affirmative Marketing Plan do not need to be implemented every month. One strategy can be implemented each month on a rotating basis. The next section provides more information on random selection and applicant pool maintenance to help determine how often advertising should be conducted.

Question: My county doesn't have a library. How do I comply with the application availability rule?

Answer: Only 11 of New Jersey's 21 counties have a county library (a list is included on COAH's website for Administrative Agents). If one or more of the counties in a housing region do not have county libraries, applications must be made available at the county administration building.

Question: Our affordable housing development is very small. It is unnecessary for us to conduct monthly marketing initiatives and the number of applicants in our existing pool already exceeds the two-year rule of thumb. Is there any way for us to maintain compliance without conducting monthly outreach initiatives?

Answer: COAH suggests that you attempt to partner with other municipalities in your housing region to help defray time and cost or close the applicant pool and do not accept applications until the applicant pool contains fewer applicants and affirmative marketing is implemented.

Question: We have moderate-income units available, but not low-income units. Can we keep only the moderate portion of the applicant pool open?

Answer: Yes. In fact, if you regularly have a type of unit that is hard to fill, you may tailor marketing initiatives to fill that type of unit. However, households that submit applications and are not interested or eligible for the targeted unit type must be notified that they will not be placed in the applicant pool until it is reopened for their unit type.

Question: Are all developments required to conduct affirmative marketing, or just those with a certain number of units, for example, more than five units?

Answer: All affordable units governed by UHAC are required to be affirmatively marketed. If it is burdensome for a small development to conduct its own affirmative marketing, the municipality and Administrative Agent(s) should consider conducting the affirmative marketing for all the units within the municipality at the municipal level, not at the development level. An alternative is to contract with an Administrative Agent who will do the affirmative marketing for your units as well as other units they manage.

RANDOM SELECTION & APPLICANT POOL(S)

INITIAL RANDOMIZATION

Applicants are selected at random after income-eligibility is determined, regardless of household size or desired number of bedrooms. The process is as follows:

After advertising is implemented, Preliminary Applications are accepted for 120 days.

All Preliminary Applications are reviewed as received and applicants are notified if they are eligible or ineligible to be entered into the lottery. Ineligible applicants have 10 days prior to the lottery to correct any information to be included in the lottery.

On the date of the lottery, the Administrative Agent and one witness will conduct a lottery through the "RANDOMIZATION" feature in Excel.

Households are informed of the date, time and location of the lottery. The Municipal Housing Liaison will be invited to attend.

An applicant pool is created by listing applicants in the randomized order assigned.

Eligible households are matched to available units based upon the number of bedrooms needed (and any other special requirements, such as regional preference or the need for an accessible unit) and income.

If there are sufficient names remaining in the pool to fill future re-rental, the applicant pool shall be closed.

When the applicant pool is close to being depleted, the Administrative Agent will re-open the pool and conduct additional marketing. The new applicants will be added to the remaining list of applicants in the order their Preliminary Application is received.

MATCHING HOUSEHOLDS TO AVAILABLE UNITS

In referring certified households to specific restricted units, to the extent feasible, and without causing an undue delay in occupying the unit, the Administrative Agent shall strive to implement the following policies:

- Provide an occupant for each unit bedroom;
- Provide children of different sex with separate bedrooms;
- Prevent more than two persons from occupying a single bedroom;
- Require that all the bedrooms be used as bedrooms; and
- Require that a couple requesting a two-bedroom unit provide a doctor's note justifying such request.

The Administrative Agent cannot require an applicant household to take an affordable unit with a greater number of bedrooms, as long as overcrowding is not a factor.

A household can be eligible for more than one-unit category, and should be placed in the applicant pool for all categories for which it is eligible.

Question: What happens if a moderate-income household "walks in" (when the applicant pool is closed and no affirmative marketing is being conducted) and I have a moderate unit available with no eligible moderate-income households in the applicant pool?

Answer: If the Administrative Agent notices that a specific unit type is hard to fill and few eligible households are in the applicant pool, the Administrative Agent should conduct ongoing affirmative marketing for that unit type to ensure a steady stream of certified households and keep the list open for that unit type. The walk-in can be added to the list.

Question: I am working with an applicant household that requires an accessible unit. Do they skip ahead on the list when an accessible unit becomes available?

Answer: UHAC does not provide any guidance on this situation. However, COAH/DCA suggests that the Administrative Agent consider an accessible unit a unit type, just as a unit is defined by bedroom size. Therefore, if the Administrative Agent is using the initial randomization model, the first household on the randomized list that requires an accessible unit should be selected when an accessible unit becomes available. If the Administrative Agent is using the randomization after certification model, all households of the appropriate size who are in need of an accessible unit, would be selected, and randomized.

Question: An applicant household has a daughter that has room and board at her college. Can they request a unit that is large enough for her to have a bedroom when she is at home?

Answer: Yes. If the household has a student away at college who is still claimed as a dependent and maintains the parents' address as a legal address, the student should be counted in the household size.

Question: Do I have to place a one-person household in a two-bedroom unit if there is no one-bedroom units available or the applicant requests a two-bedroom unit?

Answer: A household should not be placed in a unit where there is more than one bedroom per household member. In order to deviate from these standards, the Administrative Agent must obtain written approval from DCA. If a development does not have any one-bedroom units, for example, the Administrative Agent should inform one-person households that they will not be offered a unit unless there are no eligible households with more than one person. The Administrative Agent should also refer one-bedroom households to other Administrative Agents within the municipality or region that offer one-bedroom units. The Administrative Agent must demonstrate that every effort has been made to find a household of the appropriate size and composition and that a hardship exists that would justify deviating from the established standard.

Question: I am working with an applicant household that consists of two parents and five children. This household is applying for a three-bedroom unit. Should this household only be offered a four-bedroom unit?

Answer: No. The administrator must *strive* to prevent more than two people from occupying one bedroom, as outlined in N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.4(c), but may not force a family to purchase or rent a larger unit as long as it does not violate municipal regulations for over-crowding.

HOUSEHOLD CERTIFICATION

Before any household can rent a restricted unit, the Administrative Agent must certify the household as eligible. Certification of a household involves the verification of two critical pieces of data: 1) Household size and composition, including gender; and 2) The total income and assets for all household members over 18 years of age. The certification process begins with the applicant completing an application in its entirety and providing the required backup documentation. Once eligibility documents and data have been collected, the Administrative Agent can begin the process of calculating the household's income.

PROCEDURE FOR INCOME-ELIGIBILITY CERTIFICATION

The Administrative Agent shall require each member of an applicant household who is 18 years of age or older to provide documentation to verify their income. Income verification documentation should include, but is not limited to the following for each and every member of a household who is 18 years of age or older:

- Four current consecutive pay stubs [including both the check and the stub], including bonuses, overtime or tips, or a letter from the employer stating the present annual income figure or if self-employed, a current Certified Profit & Loss Statement and Balance Sheet.
- Copies of Federal and State income tax returns for each of the preceding three tax years - A Form 1040 Tax Summary for the past three tax years can be requested from the local Internal Revenue Service Center or by calling 1-800-829-1040.
- A letter or appropriate reporting form verifying monthly benefits such as
 - Social Security or SSI – Current award letter or computer printout letter
 - Unemployment – verification of Unemployment Benefits
 - Welfare -TANF³ current award letter
 - Disability - Worker's compensation letter or
 - Pension income (monthly or annually) – a pension letter
- A letter or appropriate reporting form verifying any other sources of income claimed by the applicant, such as alimony or child support – copy of court order or recent original letters from the court or education scholarship/stipends – current award letter.
- Current reports of savings and checking accounts (bank statements and passbooks) and income reports from banks or other financial institutions holding or managing trust funds, money market accounts, certificates of deposit, stocks or bonds (In brokerage accounts – most recent statements and/or in certificate form – photocopy of certificates).
- Evidence or reports of income from directly held assets, such as real estate or businesses.
- Interest in a corporation or partnership – Federal tax returns for each of the preceding three tax years.

³ TANF – Temporary Assistance for Needy Families

- Current reports of assets – Market Value Appraisal or Realtor Comparative Market Analysis and Bank/Mortgage Co. Statement indicating Current Mortgage Balance. For rental property, attach copies of all leases.

The following is a list of various types of wages, payments, rebates and credits. Those that are considered as part of the household's income are listed under Income. Those that are not considered as part of the household's income are listed under Not Income. Restricted units constructed with Federal funds should consult the appropriate regulations, for example, HUD Section 42, to ensure compliance with applicable Federal regulations.

INCOME

1. Wages, salaries, tips, commissions
2. Alimony
3. Regularly scheduled overtime
4. Pensions
5. Social security
6. Unemployment compensation (verify the remaining number of weeks they are eligible to receive)
7. TANF
8. Verified regular child support
9. Disability
10. Net income from business or real estate
11. Interest income from assets such as savings, certificates of deposit, money market accounts, mutual funds, stocks, bonds
12. Imputed interest (using a current average annual rate of two percent) from non-income producing assets, such as equity in real estate. Rent from real estate is considered income, after deduction of any mortgage payments, real estate taxes, property owner's insurance.
13. Rent from real estate is considered income
14. Any other forms of regular income reported to the Internal Revenue Service

NOT INCOME

1. Rebates or credits received under low-income energy assistance programs
2. Food stamps
3. Payments received for foster care
4. Relocation assistance benefits
5. Income of live-in attendants
6. Scholarships
7. Student loans
8. Personal property such as automobiles
9. Lump-sum additions to assets such as inheritances, lottery winnings, gifts, insurance settlements
10. Part-time income of persons enrolled as full-time students
11. Court ordered payments for alimony or child support paid to another household shall be deducted from gross annual income

To calculate income, the current gross income of the applicant is used to project that income over the next 12 months.

STUDENT INCOME

Only full-time income of full-time students is included in the income calculation. A full-time student is a member of the household who is enrolled in a degree seeking program for 12 or more credit hours per semester; and part-time income is income earned on less than a 35-hour workweek.

REAL ESTATE ASSET LIMIT

If an applicant's primary residence, which is to be sold upon rental of an affordable unit, has no mortgage debt and is valued at or above the regional asset limit as published annually in the Annual Regional Income Limits Chart, the household must be determined ineligible for certification.

However, if the applicant's existing monthly housing costs including taxes, homeowner insurance, and condominium or homeowner association fees exceed 38 percent of the household's eligible monthly income, the household will be exempt from the asset limit.

An applicant must provide a recent, Market Value Appraisal or Realtor Comparative Market Analysis, on the home they own unless the applicant has mortgage debt on the home or can demonstrate that the existing monthly housing costs exceed 38 percent of the household's eligible monthly income, in which case the applicant is exempt from the asset limit.

Before obtaining a professional appraisal, the applicant should review the property's tax appraisal and the current market value and compare it to the asset limit to avoid any unnecessary expense. For instance, if homes are commonly selling in the applicant's neighborhood for over \$250,000, it is unlikely that an appraisal will determine a value below the asset limit.

INCOME FROM REAL ESTATE

If real estate owned by an applicant for affordable housing is a rental property, the rent is considered income. After deduction of any mortgage payments, real estate taxes, property owner insurance and reasonable property management expenses as reported to the Internal Revenue Service, the remaining amount shall be counted as income.

If an applicant owns real estate with mortgage debt, which is not to be used as rental housing, the Administrative Agent should determine the imputed interest from the value of the property. The Administrative Agent should deduct outstanding mortgage debt from the documented market value established by a market value appraisal. Based on current money market rates, interest will be imputed on the determined value of the real estate.

MAXIMUM MONTHLY PAYMENTS

The percentage of funds that a household can contribute toward housing expenses is limited. However, an applicant may qualify for an exception based on the household's current housing cost (see below). The Administrative Agent will strive to place an applicant in a unit with a monthly housing cost equal to or less than the applicant's current housing cost.

UHAC states that a certified household is not permitted to lease a restricted rental unit that would require more than 35 percent of the verified household income to pay rent and utilities. However, at the discretion of the Administrative Agent, this limit may be exceeded if:

- The household currently pays more than 35 percent (40 percent for households eligible for age-restricted units) of its gross household income for rent and the proposed rent will reduce the household's housing costs;
- The household has consistently paid more than 35 percent (40 percent for households eligible for age-restricted units) of eligible monthly income for rent in the past and has proven its ability to pay;
- The household is currently in substandard or overcrowded living conditions;
- The household documents the existence of assets, with which the household proposes to supplement the rent payments; or
- The household documents proposed third party assistance from an outside source such as a family member in a form acceptable to the Administrative Agent and the Owner of the unit; and
- The household receives budget counseling.

HOUSING COUNSELING

The Administrative Agent is responsible for providing housing counseling, or providing referrals for counseling, as a part of the Affirmative Marketing Plan and during the application process. Although housing counseling is recommended, a household is only required to attend counseling if their monthly housing expense exceeds UHAC standards. A HUD-approved housing counseling agency, or a counseling agency approved by the NJ Department of Banking and Insurance, meets UHAC's requirements for an experienced Housing Counseling Agency. If the Administrative Agent is not approved by HUD or by the NJ Department of Banking and Insurance, the Agent will make referrals to one of the HUD-approved housing counseling agencies in New Jersey. This counseling to low- and moderate-income housing applicants will focus on subjects such as budgeting, credit issues, and mortgage qualification, and is free of charge. A list of non-profit counselors approved by HUD and/or the New Jersey Department of Banking and Insurance is included on DCA website and is available from the Administrative Agent.

THE APPLICANT INTERVIEW

Ideally, the prospective applicant will be available to meet, in person or by phone, with the Administrative Agent to review the certification and random selection processes in detail and ask any questions they may have about the project or the process. However,

scheduling time off from work may prove burdensome to the applicant. Applicants may also have mobility issues or special needs that also pose an obstacle to an interview. Therefore, the Administrative Agent is prepared to complete the certification process via telephone and mail. If an interview is to be conducted, the Administrative Agent will attempt to achieve the following objectives:

- Confirm and update all information provided on the application.
- Explain program requirements, procedures used to verify information, and penalties for providing false information. Ask the head of household, co-head, spouse and household members over age 18 to sign the Authorization for Release of Information forms and other verification requests.
- Review the applicant's identification and financial information and documentation, ask any questions to clarify information on the application, and obtain any additional information needed to verify the household's income.
- Make sure the applicant has reported all sources for earned and benefit income and assets (including assets disposed of for less than fair market value in the past two years). Require the applicant to give a written certification as to whether any household member did or did not dispose of any assets for less than fair market value during the past two years.

DOCUMENTING HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION AND CIRCUMSTANCES

The following are various records for documenting household information:

- Social Security records or cards. Either individual Social Security card or letter from Social Security Administration
- Adoption papers, or legal documents showing adoption in process
- Income tax return
- Birth Certificate or Passport
- Alien Registration Card

APPROVING OR REJECTING A HOUSEHOLD

Administrative Agents must notify applicant households of their eligibility within twenty (20) days of the Administrative Agent's determination.

Households with a verified total household income that exceeds 80 percent of the regional income limit for the appropriate family size are ineligible for purchase or rental of restricted units. A letter rejecting the household's application shall be mailed to the household.

Similarly, households with a verified total household income that is within the income limits, but too low to afford any of the units administered by the Administrative Agent shall be sent a letter rejecting the household's application, and/or referring them to housing counseling.

Households with a verified total household income of less than 80 percent shall be issued a letter certifying eligibility. This certification is valid for 180 days. If the Administrative

Agent is unable to place the household in a restricted unit at the conclusion of 180 days, an extension may be granted once the household's eligibility is verified.

Once the applicant is certified and matched to an available unit, the Administrative Agent must secure from the applicant a signed and notarized acknowledgement of their requirements and responsibilities in renting a restricted unit. UHAC's Disclosure Statement (Appendix K) shall be forwarded to the applicants.

In addition to non-eligibility based on income, the Administrative Agent may deny a certification because of the household's failure or inability to document household composition, income, assets, sufficient funds for down payment, or any other required facts and information. A household may also be denied certification if the Administrative Agent determines that there was a willful or material misstatement of fact made by the applicant.

DISMISSAL OF APPLICATIONS

Applications can be dismissed for the following reasons:

1. The application is not signed or submitted on time.
2. The applicant commits fraud, or the application is not truthful or complete.
3. The applicant cannot or does not provide documentation to verify their income or other required information when due.
4. The household income does not meet the minimum or maximum income requirements for a particular property.
5. The applicant owns assets that exceed the Asset Limit.
6. The applicant fails to respond to any inquiry in a timely manner.
7. The applicant is non-cooperative or abusive with the staff, property manager or landlord.
8. The applicant changes address or other contact information without informing the Administrative Agent in writing.
9. The applicant does not meet the credit standard or other requirement set forth by managers of rental properties.
10. The applicant fails to verify attendance in a credit counseling program when required to do so by the program rules.
11. The applicant does not respond to periodic update inquiry in a timely fashion.
12. The applicant fails to sign the Compliance Certification, Certificate for Applicant, Lease Document, as may be required.
13. The applicant, once approved, fails to sign the lease in a timely manner.
14. Applicants will also be removed from all lists held by the Administrative Agent once they have been approved for an affordable unit. However, these applicants may re-apply for other opportunities in that municipality once they have occupied their unit.

Applicants who are dismissed must re-apply. A minimum time period of six months applies in most situations where the applicant has been withdrawn for fraud, poor credit, uncooperative behavior or other serious matters.

Applicants are not automatically removed from rental lists if they do not respond to a Notice of Availability.

Applications may be held in abeyance for a period not to exceed 60 days if there is an error on the credit report, so that the applicant can correct the error and re-apply. Units will not be held open for that applicant. However, once the credit report is corrected, the applicant will be given a priority for the next opportunity at that property.

APPEALS

Appeals from all decisions of an Administrative Agent shall be made in writing to the appropriate agency/party to be designated.

Question: *Is it a requirement of UHAC that Administrative Agents meet with applicants in person?*

Answer: Because an applicant interview could prove to be burdensome to many households it is not a pre-requisite to purchase or occupancy, although it is encouraged. Administrative Agents should be prepared to conduct the household certification via mail.

Question: *With households filing taxes through e-filing, we are having trouble getting copies of tax returns. How can we get copies of e-filed tax returns?*

Answer: According to the IRS website, transcripts of previously filed tax returns can be ordered by completing a Form 4506-T or calling (800) 829-1040 and following the prompts in the recorded message. There is no charge for the transcript and you should receive it in 10 business days from the time they receive your request. Tax return transcripts are generally available for the current and past three years.

Question: *How can child support payments that are made in cash be documented?*

Answer: If the applicant is depositing the cash child support payments into a bank account, a series of statements from that account should be used to establish a trend of payments. If not, a notarized statement from the former spouse should be obtained to document the income.

Question: *Is it a requirement that the Administrative Agent always obtain a written statement from the household's employer(s) confirming their income and job status?*

Answer: No. However, when evaluating overtime and other income trends, such as bonuses, working directly with the employer is typically much more efficient and reliable than simply evaluating pay stubs.

Question: *Are there any potential issues with renting to a separated family that has a divorce pending?*

Answer: Yes, until a divorce is finalized, a spouse can make claim on a residence rented by the other spouse. Until a divorce is finalized, it is suggested that Administrative Agents place these types of cases on hold.

Question: *How can income eligibility be established for someone that may have been out of work for two years, but had a job during the most recent tax year?*

Answer: As long as the applicant is currently employed, a series of consecutive pay stubs (at least 3 months) should be used to establish the income of an applicant in this or similar situations.

Question: *Can an applicant for a rental unit be rejected solely because they have Section 8 rental assistance?*

Answer: No. A household receiving Section 8 assistance cannot be rejected based on this status. Discrimination such as this is illegal.

Question: *Can an applicant be required to attend and graduate from a Housing Counseling Program in order to rent a restricted unit?*

Answer: No. A household is only required to attend housing counseling if their monthly housing expense exceeds UHAC standards. Administrative Agents, however, are required to provide housing counseling or refer applicants to an approved Housing Counseling Program.

Question: *Do households with Section 8 vouchers automatically qualify for affordable housing under UHAC?*

Answer: Yes, a Section 8 voucher is acceptable for income qualification, provided the applicant meets the criteria of the property manager or landlord. The Administrative Agent must still collect income verification documentation to match the household to an appropriately priced unit.

Question: *Can an existing moderate-income tenant be moved to a low-income unit when they can substantiate that there has been a change in their income? If so, can they bypass the random selection process?*

Answer: Yes, an existing tenant household may re-apply for a low-income unit within the same project if they can prove a change in their circumstances. If qualified, the tenant would be added to the applicant pool. The tenant should also be referred to the local Affordability Assistance Program, if available.

Question: *Does the Administrative Agent need to impute the value of a household's stocks as an asset?*

Answer: Only dividends from stock count towards a household's income. IRS Form-1099 from the previous year should be requested from the applicant if it was not part of their initial application.

Question: *Is there a maximum cost for the credit check?*

Answer: No, but the credit check is included in application fees which may total no more than five percent of the monthly rent.

Question: *In order to overcome inadequate or poor credit, can an applicant have a cosigner on a lease?*

Answer: No one outside the household, as certified by the Administrative Agent, may cosign or otherwise be party to any financing or legal instruments.

Question: *Does UHAC set a minimum income for eligibility for affordable housing?*

Answer: No, UHAC does not specify a minimum income for affordable housing units. However, an applicant household must be able to afford the unit and must not pay more than 33 percent for sale units or 35 percent for rental units of its monthly income (or 40 percent for age-restricted units), unless they meet the exemption criteria set forth in N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.7(b) or N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.13(b).

Question: *After I certify an applicant, how long is that certification valid?*

Answer: Pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.16(b), an initial certification is valid for 180 days and may be extended for an additional 180 days once the household's eligibility is verified.

Question: *How do I document third-party assistance from a guarantor? For example, a relative is providing funds toward the applicant's monthly payments.*

Answer: In the case of a rental unit, the applicant should demonstrate regular deposits from third party assistance, or a notarized letter from the third party documenting future assistance. The Administrative Agent must receive a copy of the policy regarding guarantors from the developer, affordable housing provider or owner, so as to assure the policy is applied consistently.

Question: *If an applicant for affordable housing has a "reverse mortgage", how does an Administrative Agent count income from that mortgage?*

Answer: An applicant for affordable housing with a "reverse mortgage" would not be eligible for affordable housing unless that mortgage was satisfied or, at a minimum, a contract for sale of the market unit was in place. "Reverse mortgages" require that the mortgaged property remain the principal place of residence of the person taking the mortgage. Since this is also a requirement of affordable housing only one such residence can be owned or leased at any given time.

Question: *For the purpose of income-qualification, what is considered part-time income of full-time students?*

Answer: Under UHAC, part-time income of persons enrolled as fulltime students, who are reported as dependents to the IRS, is not included in income calculations for determining eligibility. DCA recommends stipulating in the Operating Manual the following criteria in applying this rule:

- A full-time student is a member of the household who is enrolled in a degree seeking program for 12 or more credit hours per semester; and
- Part-time income is income earned on less than a 35-hour workweek.

Please note that full-time income of full-time students is included in the income calculation.

FINALIZING THE TENANT

Once a household has been certified to occupy an accessory apartment, the income has been documented and the ability to pay the established rent has been verified, the Administrative Agent may refer that household to meet with the owner of the apartment for final approval. The owner may develop a reasonable list of criteria, such as smoking or non-smoking, whether or not pets are allowed, etc., and may only reject tenants who do not meet those criteria. That list must be approved by the Administrative Agent.

The owner may also conduct a credit check and criminal background check on prospective tenants. An acceptable credit limit must be established prior to any credit check and must be on file with the Administrative Agent.

Lease. When a tenant is found, that tenant will be required to sign a lease. This may be a standard lease and must be approved by the Administrative Agent. It should list the location of the unit, the name of the tenant and the initial rent amount. A copy of the executed lease must be provided to the Administrative Agent. In addition, Certification K, which is included in Appendix D, must also be signed by the tenant and a file must be given to the tenant and the original kept on file with the Administrative Agent.

Security Deposit. The owner may require a reasonable security deposit from the tenant, but the amount of the security deposit may not exceed one and one-half months' rent. Applicants may apply for the Borough's Affordability Assistance Program to assist with the security deposit.

VACANCIES

Once a homeowner learns that an accessory apartment will be vacated by a tenant, the Administrative Agent should immediately be notified to begin the process of finding a new tenant.

VIOLATIONS, DEFAULTS AND REMEDIES

In the event of a threatened breach of any of the regulations governing the affordable unit by an Owner of an accessory apartment, the Administrative Agent shall have all the remedies provided at law or equity, including the right to seek injunctive relief or specific performance, it being recognized by both parties that it will cause irreparable harm to the municipality, in light of the public policies set forth in the Fair Housing Act and the obligation for the provision of low- and moderate-income housing.

Upon the occurrence of a breach of any of the regulations governing the affordable units by an Owner of an accessory apartment, the municipality shall have all remedies provided at law or equity, including but not limited to foreclosure, acceleration of all sums due under a mortgage, recoupment of any funds from a sale in the violation of the regulations, injunctive relief to prevent further violation of the regulations, entry on the premises, and specific performance.

MAINTENANCE OF RECORDS AND APPLICANT FILES

Pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.14(a)8, N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.15(c) and N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.17 current records must be maintained by the Administrative Agent and outdated records must be given to the municipality for safe-keeping. A file must be created and maintained on each restricted unit for its control period.

Administrative Agents maintain detailed records on all marketing initiatives.

FILES TO BE MAINTAINED ON EVERY APPLICANT

The Administrative Agent will maintain files on every applicant. All files will contain a preliminary application. If an applicant's preliminary application is approved, and the applicant files a formal application, the file will contain at a minimum:

- Application Form.
- Tenant Information Form
- Income Verification
- Letter of Certification of Eligibility or Letter of Determination of Ineligibility.

Individual files will be maintained throughout the process and will be submitted to the municipality upon termination of the program.

FILES TO BE MAINTAINED ON EVERY UNIT

The Administrative Agent will maintain files on every unit for the length of the affordability controls. The unit file will contain at a minimum:

- Base rent
- Identification as low- or moderate-income
- Description of number of bedrooms and physical layout
- Floor plan
- Application materials, verifications and certifications of all present owners, pertinent correspondence
- Copy of lease
- Disclosure Statement (Appendix K)
- Deed restriction with length of controls on the unit

FILES TO BE MAINTAINED ON THE APPLICANT POOL

- Any changes to the applicant pool
- Any action taken with regard to the applicant pool
- Any activity that occurs that affects a particular applicant
- Current applications for all applicants whose status is active in the applicant pool
- The application, the initial rejection notice, the applicant's reply to the notice, a copy of the Administrative Agent's final response to the applicant, and all documentation of the reason the applicant's name was removed from the applicant pool.

MONITORING

Administrative Agents are responsible for collecting much of the data that is ultimately included in an annual monitoring report. However, it is the Municipal Housing Liaison's responsibility to collect and verify this data and consolidate it into the annual report to Fair Share Housing Center (FSHC) and the Affordable Housing Monitoring System (AHMS). Any requests for additional information or corrections will be directed to the Municipal Housing Liaison.

The information required for each unit includes but is not limited to:

- Street Address
- Block/Lot/Qualifier/Unit Number
- Housing Type
- Income: Very Low/Low/Moderate
- Initial Rental Price
- % of affordability
- Bedroom Type
- Age-restricted
- Handicap accessible/adaptable
- Co #, date
- Effective date of affordability controls
- Length of affordability controls (yrs)
- Date Affordability controls removed

Question: *How long must the Administrative Agent keep files on applications for affordable housing units and certified Owners/tenants of affordable housing units?*

Answer: Pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.14(a)8, N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.15(c) and N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.17 current records must be maintained by the Administrative Agent and outdated records must be given to the municipality for safe-keeping. A file must be created and maintained on each restricted unit for its control period.

Accessory Apartment Program Audit Checklist

<input type="checkbox"/>	UP-TO-DATE OPERATING MANUAL	Comments
<input type="checkbox"/>	Income Limits	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sample Forms and Letters	
	AFFIRMATIVE MARKETING	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Copies of Display Ads	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Copies of PSA Requests	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Copies of Marketing Requests	
	RANDOM SELECTION	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Log of Applications Received	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Log of Random Selection Results	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Database of Referrals	
	MAINTENANCE OF RECORDS	
	Files to Be Maintained on Every Applicant	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Preliminary Application.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Application Form.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Tenant Information Form	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Income Verification	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Letter of Certification of Eligibility or	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Letter of Determination of Ineligibility	
	Files to Be Maintained on Every Unit	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Base rent	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Identification as low- or moderate-income	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Description of number of bedrooms and physical layout	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Floor plan	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Application materials, verifications and certifications of all present tenants, pertinent correspondence	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Copy of lease	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Disclosure Statement (Appendix K)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Original deed restriction with length of controls	
	MONITORING INFORMATION	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Complete Monitoring Reporting Forms	

ACCESSORY APARTMENT OPERATING MANUAL CHECKLIST
Minimum Standards

At a minimum the Accessory Apartment Operating Manual must clearly describe the procedures and policies for the following:

<input type="checkbox"/>	Affordable Housing Program & Opportunities
<input type="checkbox"/>	Identify where Housing Element & Fair Share Plan can be viewed.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Identify local Affordable Housing Programs & Affordability Assistance Programs
<input type="checkbox"/>	Include overview of local rental process
<input type="checkbox"/>	Process for Creation of an Accessory Apartment
<input type="checkbox"/>	Requirements for creating an accessory apartment
<input type="checkbox"/>	Compensation for creating an accessory apartment
<input type="checkbox"/>	Local process for creating an accessory apartment
<input type="checkbox"/>	Determining Affordable Rents
<input type="checkbox"/>	Development Considerations and Compliance Issues
<input type="checkbox"/>	Determining Initial Rents
<input type="checkbox"/>	Determining Rent Increases
<input type="checkbox"/>	Affirmative Marketing
<input type="checkbox"/>	Approved Affirmative Marketing Plan included
<input type="checkbox"/>	How will new rental units be marketed?
<input type="checkbox"/>	How will re-rentals be marketed?
<input type="checkbox"/>	Will there be a regional preference?
<input type="checkbox"/>	Who will implement marketing new rental units and re-rentals?
<input type="checkbox"/>	Prepare sample marketing materials, including a sample display ad and Public Service Announcements
<input type="checkbox"/>	Random Selection & Applicant Pool
<input type="checkbox"/>	What level of verification will be completed before the lottery process – pre-application or full applications?
<input type="checkbox"/>	Will the pool of applicants be randomized each time a unit is available?
<input type="checkbox"/>	Will there be categories of applicant pools?
<input type="checkbox"/>	Matching Households to Available Units
<input type="checkbox"/>	How will households be matched to available units? Will there be categories of applicant pools?
<input type="checkbox"/>	Household Certification
<input type="checkbox"/>	Standards for reviewing applicant household eligibility and certifying applicant households
<input type="checkbox"/>	Verification documentation required
<input type="checkbox"/>	Eligible Income/Ineligible Income
<input type="checkbox"/>	Maximum Monthly Payment
<input type="checkbox"/>	Housing Counseling
<input type="checkbox"/>	Basis for Dismissing Applications
<input type="checkbox"/>	Appeals
<input type="checkbox"/>	Application Fees
<input type="checkbox"/>	Violations, Defaults and Remedies
<input type="checkbox"/>	Maintenance of Records
<input type="checkbox"/>	List documents to be filed
<input type="checkbox"/>	Monitoring information required

APPENDIX A

Annual Regional Income Limits Chart



Last updated May 5, 2025, by New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency (NJHMFA). Effective May 16, 2025.

UHAC 2025 Affordable Housing Regional Income Limits by Household Size

Regional Income Limits

Region	Household Size	Household Size										
		1 Person	1.5 Persons	2 Persons	2.5 Persons	3 Persons	4 Persons	4.5 Persons	5 Persons	6 Persons	7 Persons	8 Persons
Region 1 Bergen, Hudson, Passaic, Sussex	Median	\$89,100	\$95,450	\$101,800	\$108,150	\$114,500	\$121,200	\$132,300	\$137,400	\$147,600	\$157,800	\$168,000
	Moderate (80%)	\$71,280	\$76,360	\$81,440	\$86,520	\$91,600	\$101,760	\$105,840	\$109,920	\$118,080	\$126,240	\$134,400
	Low (50%)	\$44,550	\$47,725	\$50,900	\$54,075	\$57,250	\$63,600	\$66,150	\$68,700	\$73,800	\$78,900	\$84,000
	Very Low (30%)	\$26,730	\$28,635	\$30,540	\$32,445	\$34,350	\$38,160	\$39,690	\$41,220	\$44,280	\$47,340	\$50,400
Region 2 Essex, Morris, Union, Warren	Median	\$94,800	\$101,550	\$108,300	\$115,050	\$121,800	\$135,300	\$140,750	\$146,200	\$157,000	\$167,800	\$178,600
	Moderate (80%)	\$75,840	\$81,240	\$86,640	\$92,040	\$97,440	\$108,240	\$112,600	\$116,960	\$125,600	\$134,240	\$142,880
	Low (50%)	\$47,400	\$50,775	\$54,150	\$57,525	\$60,900	\$67,650	\$70,375	\$73,100	\$78,500	\$83,900	\$89,300
	Very Low (30%)	\$28,440	\$30,465	\$32,490	\$34,515	\$36,540	\$40,590	\$42,225	\$43,860	\$47,100	\$50,340	\$53,580
Region 3 Hunterdon, Middlesex, Somerset	Median	\$107,400	\$115,100	\$122,800	\$130,450	\$138,100	\$153,400	\$159,550	\$165,700	\$178,000	\$190,300	\$202,500
	Moderate (80%)	\$85,920	\$92,080	\$98,240	\$104,360	\$110,480	\$122,720	\$127,640	\$132,560	\$142,400	\$152,240	\$162,000
	Low (50%)	\$53,700	\$57,550	\$61,400	\$65,225	\$69,050	\$76,700	\$79,775	\$82,850	\$89,000	\$95,150	\$101,250
	Very Low (30%)	\$32,220	\$34,530	\$36,840	\$39,135	\$41,430	\$46,020	\$47,865	\$49,710	\$53,400	\$57,090	\$60,750
Region 4 Mercer, Monmouth, Ocean	Median	\$94,300	\$101,000	\$107,700	\$114,450	\$121,200	\$134,600	\$140,000	\$145,400	\$156,200	\$167,000	\$177,700
	Moderate (80%)	\$75,440	\$80,800	\$86,160	\$91,560	\$96,960	\$107,680	\$112,000	\$116,320	\$124,960	\$133,600	\$142,160
	Low (50%)	\$47,150	\$50,500	\$53,850	\$57,225	\$60,600	\$67,300	\$70,000	\$72,700	\$78,100	\$83,500	\$88,850
	Very Low (30%)	\$28,290	\$30,300	\$32,310	\$34,335	\$36,360	\$40,380	\$42,000	\$43,620	\$46,860	\$50,100	\$53,310
Region 5 Burlington, Camden, Gloucester	Median	\$83,600	\$89,600	\$95,600	\$101,550	\$107,500	\$119,400	\$124,200	\$129,000	\$138,600	\$148,100	\$157,700
	Moderate (80%)	\$66,880	\$71,680	\$76,480	\$81,240	\$86,000	\$95,520	\$99,360	\$103,200	\$110,880	\$118,480	\$126,160
	Low (50%)	\$41,800	\$44,800	\$47,800	\$50,775	\$53,750	\$59,700	\$62,100	\$64,500	\$69,300	\$74,050	\$78,850
	Very Low (30%)	\$25,080	\$26,880	\$28,680	\$30,465	\$32,250	\$35,820	\$37,260	\$38,700	\$41,580	\$44,430	\$47,310
Region 6 Atlantic, Cape May, Cumberland, Salem	Median	\$71,900	\$77,050	\$82,200	\$87,350	\$92,500	\$102,700	\$106,850	\$111,000	\$119,200	\$127,400	\$135,600
	Moderate (80%)	\$57,520	\$61,640	\$65,760	\$69,880	\$74,000	\$82,160	\$85,480	\$88,800	\$95,360	\$101,920	\$108,480
	Low (50%)	\$35,950	\$38,525	\$41,100	\$43,675	\$46,250	\$51,350	\$53,425	\$55,500	\$59,600	\$63,700	\$67,800
	Very Low (30%)	\$21,570	\$23,115	\$24,660	\$26,205	\$27,750	\$30,810	\$32,055	\$33,300	\$35,760	\$38,220	\$40,680

Bedroom Count	Household Size (Family)*	Household Size (Senior)**	Maximum Sale Price Increase***		Maximum Rent Increase****		Net Asset Limit*****	
			Region 1	Region 2	Region 3	Region 4	Region 5	Region 6
0BR	1 Person	1 Person	5.64%		Statewide	5.0%		\$300,000
1BR	1.5 Persons	1.5 Persons	4.55%					
2BR	3 Persons	2 Persons	4.92%					
3BR	4.5 Persons	2.5 Persons	3.50%					
4BR	6 Persons	N/A	4.10%					
			4.41%					

* N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.4(i).
 ** N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.4(j).
 *** N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.7(c).
 **** N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.13(b).
 ***** N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.17(d)3.

APPENDIX B

Deed Restriction for Rental Units (UHAC Appendix E)



MANDATORY DEED RESTRICTION FOR RENTAL PROJECTS

Deed Restriction

DEED-RESTRICTED AFFORDABLE HOUSING PROPERTY WITH RESTRICTIONS ON RESALE AND REFINANCING

To Rental Property With Covenants Restricting Rentals, Conveyance and Improvements And Requiring Notice of Foreclosure and Bankruptcy

THIS DEED RESTRICTION, entered into as of this the _____ day of _____, 20____, by and between the _____, and _____, the developer/sponsor (the "Owner") of a residential very low-, low-, or moderate- income rental project (the "Project"):

WITNESSETH

Article 1. Consideration

In consideration of benefits and/or right to develop received by the Owner from the Municipality regarding this rental Project, the Owner hereby agrees to abide by the covenants, terms and conditions set forth in this Deed restriction, with respect to the land and improvements more specifically described in Article 2, hereof (the Property).

Article 2. Description of Property

The Property consists of all of the land, and a portion of the improvements thereon, that is located in the Municipality of the Borough of Stone Harbor County of Cape May, State of New Jersey, and described more specifically as Block _____, Lot _____, and known by the street address _____ . More specifically designated as _____ (insert apartment number(s)).

(Include number of bedrooms and affordability range (very low, low, mod) for each unit)

Article 3. Affordable Housing Covenants

The following covenants (the “Covenants”) shall run with the land for the period of time (the “Control Period”), determined separately with respect for each dwelling unit, commencing upon the earlier of the date hereof or the date on which the first certified household occupies the unit, and shall and expire as determined under the Uniform Controls, as defined below.

In accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.11, each restricted unit shall remain subject to the requirements of this subchapter, the “Control Period,” until the municipality in which the unit is located elects to release the unit from such requirements. A restricted unit must remain subject to the requirements of this subchapter for a period of at least 10 years.

- A. Sale and use of the Property is governed by regulations known as the Uniform Housing Affordability Controls, which are found in New Jersey Administrative Code at Title 5, chapter 80, subchapter 26 (N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1, *et seq*, the “Uniform Controls”).
- B. The Property shall be used solely for the purpose of providing rental dwelling units for low-income households, and no commitment for any such dwelling unit shall be given or implied, without exception, to any person who has not been certified for that unit in writing by the Administrative Agent. So long as any dwelling unit remains within its Control Period, sale of the Property must be expressly subject to these Deed Restrictions, deeds of conveyance must have these Deed Restrictions appended thereto, and no sale of the Property shall be lawful, unless approved in advance and in writing by the Administrative Agent.
- C. No improvements may be made to the Property that would affect the bedroom configuration of any of its dwelling units, and any improvements to the Property must be approved in advance and in writing by the Administrative Agent.
- D. The Owner shall notify the Administrative Agent and the Municipality of any foreclosure actions filed with respect to the Property within five (5) business days of service upon Owner.

E. The Owner shall notify the Administrative Agent and the Municipality within three (3) business days of the filing of any petition for protection from creditors or reorganization filed by or on behalf of the Owner.

Article 4. Remedies for Breach of Affordable Housing Covenants

A breach of the Covenants will cause irreparable harm to the Administrative Agent, to the Municipality and to the public, in light of the public policies set forth in the New Jersey Fair Housing Act, the Uniform Housing Affordability Control rules found at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26, and the obligation for the provision of low-income housing.

A. In the event of a threatened breach of any of the Covenants by the Owner, or any successor in interest of the Property, the Administrative Agent and the Municipality shall have all remedies provided at law or equity, including the right to seek injunctive relief or specific performance.

B. Upon the occurrence of a breach of any Covenants by the Grantee, or any successor in interest or other owner of the Property, the Administrative Agent and the Municipality shall have all remedies provided at law or equity including but not limited to forfeiture, foreclosure, acceleration of all sums due under any mortgage, recouping of any funds from a sale in violation of the Covenants, diverting of rent proceeds from illegal rentals, injunctive relief to prevent further violation of said Covenants, entry on the premises, those provided under Title 5, Chapter 80, Subchapter 26 of the New Jersey Administrative Code and specific performance.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Municipality and the Owner have executed this Deed Restriction in triplicate as of the date first above written.

BOROUGH OF STONE HARBOR (MUNICIPALITY)

BY: _____
Mayor, Borough of Stone Harbor

(PROPERTY OWNER)

BY: _____

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

On this the _____ th day of _____, 20__ before me came _____, to me known and known to me to be the Owner of the Property, who states that (s)he has signed said Agreement for the purposes stated therein.

NOTARY PUBLIC

On this the _____ th day of _____, 20__ before me came the _____ known and known to me to be the Mayor of Borough of Stone Harbor, the Municipality identified as such in the foregoing Agreement, who states that she is duly authorized to execute said Agreement on behalf of said Municipality, and that s/he has so executed the foregoing Agreement for the purposes stated therein

NOTARY PUBLIC

APPENDIX C

Program Forms



**BOROUGH OF STONE HARBOR
ACCESSORY APARTMENT PROGRAM APPLICATION**

SECTION A

PROPERTY ADDRESS: _____

Property Owner's Name _____
Last First Middle

Co-Property Owner's Name _____
Last First Middle

Property Owner's Mailing Address _____

Email Address: _____

Phone No. _____ Cell Phone No. _____

Zoning: _____ Size of the Residence (sq. ft.) _____

Year of House Construction: _____ Current Number of units: _____

SECTION B

INFORMATION ON PROPOSED ACCESSORY APARTMENT

Proposed Size of Accessory Apartment (sq. ft.) _____ Number of Bedrooms _____

Will the apartment be a new unit created within the existing structure (i.e. basement or garage)? _____

Will the apartment be a new unit created within an existing detached structure (i.e. barn or garage)? _____

Utilities to be Included in Rent: Heat _____ Gas _____ Oil _____
Hot Water _____ Gas _____ Electric _____
Electric _____ Trash _____
Sewer _____ Water _____

Additional Information/Comments:

Include the following documentation with your application. Failure to complete any item or return requested information may cause rejection of your application.

- Copy of Deed*
- Fire and Liability Insurance*
- Copy of Real Estate Tax Bill, Water and Sewer*
- Proof of current mortgage and amount*
- Survey of the property showing all structures*
- Preliminary Plans (sketches) for Accessory Apartment*

I, the owner of the dwelling, swear under penalty of perjury that the following is true: I reside at the property address shown above and that the information contained herein is true and accurate to the best of my knowledge. I make this statement willingly and with full knowledge of the penalties under federal and state laws should false information be given.

Signature of Owner

Date

Signature of Owner

Date

**ACCESSORY APARTMENT AGREEMENT
BY AND BETWEEN
BOROUGH OF STONE HARBOR
AND**

THIS AGREEMENT, entered into on this the ____ day of _____ by and between Borough of Stone Harbor, New Jersey (hereinafter referred to as "Municipality") and _____ (Property owner) of _____ (address) (hereinafter referred to as "Property Owner"):

WITNESSETH THAT:

WHEREAS, the Municipality has established an Accessory Apartment Program (hereinafter "Program") as part of the Borough's affordable housing obligation and mandate from the New Jersey Fair Housing Act (hereinafter "NJ") which will create rental units that will be affordable to very low-, low- and moderate-income households;

WHEREAS, the Municipality has established policies and procedures for the Implementation of the Program, which is designed to provide for the equitable distribution of funds and specific use of those Funds for the creation of Accessory Apartment units; and

WHEREAS, the policies and procedures call for specific terms and conditions for participation in the Program, including this Agreement; and

WHEREAS, the Property Owner has been deemed eligible by the Municipality to participate in the Program.

NOW, THEREFORE, IN CONSIDERATION OF THE FOREGOING AND THE MUTUAL AGREEMENTS MADE HEREIN, THE MUNICIPALITY AND PROPERTY OWNER AGREES AS FOLLOWS:

In accordance with the Accessory Apartment Program's Policies and Procedures, the Borough shall provide fixed subsidies per unit to subsidize the physical creation of an accessory apartment conforming to the requirements of the Borough's Ordinance. For a 1-, 2- or 3-

bedroom very low-income unit a fixed subsidy of at least \$35,000 will be available. For a 1-, 2- or 3-bedroom low-income unit a fixed subsidy of at least \$25,000 will be available. For a 1-, 2- or 3-bedroom moderate-income unit a fixed subsidy of at least \$20,000 will be available. Prior to the grant of such subsidy, the Property Owner shall execute this Accessory Apartment Agreement to ensure that the subsidy shall be used to create the accessory apartment and the apartment shall meet all requirements. It is understood and agreed that:

1. Number of Units

- i. The Borough will allow the development of a total of (10) five accessory apartments, including one very low-income unit, four low income units and five moderate income accessory apartments.

1. **Conditions: Conditions:** Accessory apartments shall meet the following conditions:

- i. Accessory apartments shall be allowed in the Business Zoning Districts and Residential Zoning Districts.
- ii. An accessory apartment unit will comply with the rest of the provisions of §560-48.
- iii. All standards and requirements of the zoning district, except as modified by the applicable ordinance, shall apply.
- iv. An accessory apartment unit shall comply with all applicable statutes and regulations of the State of New Jersey in addition to all local building codes.
- v. The application submitted to the Construction Office shall include the following:
 - Name and address of owner.
 - Name, address, income verification of the proposed occupant of the accessory unit (if known).
 - Floor plan of sketch
 - Current property survey.
- vi. The minimum lot size and dimensional requirements shall be in accordance with the zone in which the property is located for accessory apartments constructed in new dwellings.
- vii. The minimum floor area located within a principal structure shall be 650 square feet, but in no case shall it exceed the gross floor area of the existing principal structure on the lot.

- viii. Accessory apartments may be created within existing single-family residences or accessory buildings, provided there is no expansion of the existing structure's exterior outline.
- ix. There shall be no more than one (1) accessory apartment per single-family dwelling on each lot.
- x. The structures shall be in full compliance with all applicable health and construction codes. The appropriate utility authority or Board of Health must certify that there is water and sewer infrastructure with sufficient capacity Borough to serve the proposed unit.
- xi. Construction of accessory apartments shall be in full compliance with all applicable environmental regulations including Stone Harbor's Stormwater Management Ordinance.
- xii. Each accessory apartment shall have its own private entrance, living/sleeping space, cooking facilities, a kitchen sink, and complete sanitary facilities for the exclusive use of its occupants. The accessory apartment shall be located, designed, constructed and landscaped so as to preserve the appearance of the principal building to the maximum extent feasible and further to enhance and not detract from the character of the principal building and the surrounding neighborhood.
- xiii. An accessory apartment unit shall, for a period of at least 10 years from the date of the issuance of a certificate of occupancy, be rented only to a very low-, low- or moderate-income qualified household as is defined by applicable COAH and Uniform Housing Affordability Controls regulations at the time of initial occupancy of the unit.
- xiv. The occupant must meet the established income limitations for very low-, low- and moderate-income households as specified by the rules and regulations of COAH (N.J.A.C.5:93 et seq).
- xv. The accessory apartment must meet the adaptability law at P.L. 2005, c.350, if applicable.
- xvi. Rents of accessory apartments shall be affordable to very low-, low- and moderate-income households as per COAH/DCA and UHAC regulations.

- xvii. There shall be a recorded deed or declaration of covenants and restrictions applied to the property upon which the accessory apartment is located running with the land and limiting its subsequent rental or sale within the affordable housing requirements stated herein.
- xviii. The accessory apartment shall be affirmatively marketed to the housing region in accordance with COAH regulations and UHAC at N.J.A.C.5:80-26.1 et seq.
- xix. Accessory apartment units are exempt from bedroom mix requirements in N.J.A.C. 5:93-7.3.
- xx. A freestanding accessory building(s) containing accessory apartment units shall conform to the setback requirements for principal buildings in the district.
- xxi. The owner shall submit an affidavit of continuing use every two (2) years to the Borough Clerk of Stone Harbor.
- xxii. Parking shall be consistent with the parking requirements of Stone Harbor.
- xxiii. Any property owner applying for an accessory apartment under this section shall affirmatively demonstrate that the accessory apartment is to be rented to and occupied by households meeting COAH/DCA's and UHAC's affordable housing criteria.
- xxiv. In the event that the accessory apartment is located in a structure which is detached from the primary residence, the property owner shall explicitly affirm via deed restriction that the property may not be further subdivided to separate the accessory apartment and any associated land as a new building lot unless such subdivision can be accomplished in full accordance with Stone Harbor's density requirements, minimum setbacks, dimensional requirements, and all other applicable subdivision constraints.
- xxv. If, following completion of the 10-year affordability controls period, an accessory apartment constructed in accordance with this section of the Stone Harbor Borough Zoning Ordinance is no longer subject to Court requirements or restrictions, the apartment shall be

considered a permitted conditional use subject to the remaining conditions established within this Ordinance section.

2. **Illegal Accessory Apartments:** An illegal accessory apartment shall be eligible for credit if the illegal accessory apartment meets the conditions in Section 1 (b) above. There will be no monetary contribution for existing illegal accessory apartments approved through the program.

3. Program Administration

- i. Stone Harbor has designated Triad Associates as the administrative agency to administer the accessory apartment program.
- ii. Triad Associates shall administer the program, in accordance with the terms of this Operating Manual and the Borough's Affordable Housing Ordinance, including advertising, income qualifying prospective renters, setting rents and annual rental increases, maintaining a waiting list, distributing the subsidy, overseeing the securing of certificates of occupancy, qualifying properties, handling application forms, overseeing the filing deed restrictions, filing monitoring reports and affirmatively marketing the accessory apartment program
- iii. The Borough shall provide a subsidy that may be used by the property owner to fund actual construction costs and/or to provide compensation for reduced rental rates. The Borough shall provide \$20,000 each moderate-income unit, \$25,000 each for low-income units, and \$35,000 for the very low-income unit to subsidize the physical creation of an accessory apartment conforming to the Affordable Housing Ordinance and applicable requirements. There will be no monetary compensation for existing illegal accessory apartments approved through the program. Prior to the grant of such subsidy, the property owner shall enter into a written agreement with the Borough ensuring that the subsidy shall be used to create the accessory apartment and the apartment shall meet the requirements of the program.
- iv. The subsidy shall be paid in the following manner:
 - a. 25% of the subsidy shall be paid upon permit and/or zoning approvals and the recording of the Deed Restriction;
 - b. 25% shall be paid to the property owner when, upon the determination of the construction official, the unit is ready for rental
 - c. The remainder of the subsidy shall be paid once a lease is signed with a tenant certified by the Administrative Agent

- v. Applicants intending to create an accessory apartment shall submit to Triad Associates, the Administrative Agent, the following:
 - 1. A sketch of floor plans showing the location, size and relationship of both the accessory apartment and the primary dwelling within the building or in another structure;
 - 2. Rough elevations showing the modification of any exterior building facade to which changes are proposed; and
 - 3. A site development sketch showing the location of the existing dwelling and other existing buildings, all property lines; proposed addition, if any, along with the minimum building setback lines, the required parking spaces for both dwelling units and any manmade conditions which might affect construction.

- vi. The units shall comply with applicable regulations and UHAC with the following exceptions:
 - a. Control periods for rental units (N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.11(a)); accessory apartments will have 10-year controls on affordability;
 - b. Bedroom distribution (N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.4); however, the ordinance shall not restrict the number of bedrooms per unit
 - c. Affordability average (N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.4); however, the maximum rent for a moderate-income unit shall be affordable to households earning no more than 60 percent of median income and the maximum rent for a low-income unit shall be affordable to households earning no more than 44 percent of median income;

- 4. The fees for the completion of a household certification for the first household tenant to sign a lease for a newly approved unit will be paid for by the Borough of Stone Harbor. All subsequent fees for household certifications after the first tenant done by the Administrative Agent will be paid for by the Property Owner/Landlord.

- 5. Applicants intending to create an accessory apartment shall submit to Triad Associates, the Administrative Agent:
 - (a) A sketch of floor plans showing the location, size and relationship of both the accessory apartment and the primary dwelling within the building or in another structure;

- (b) Rough elevations showing the modification of any exterior building façade to which changes are proposed; and
- (c) A site development sketch showing the location of the existing dwelling and other existing buildings; all property lines; proposed addition, if any, along with the minimum building setback lines; the required parking spaces for both dwelling units and any man-made conditions which might affect construction.
- (d) Triad will submit floor plans to the Municipality for approval. Applicant will still need Planning/Zoning Board approval and may need to apply for a Conditional Use Variance.

AFFORDABILITY CONTROLS: In accordance with the Fair Housing Act, renter-occupied households must meet the very low-, low- and moderate-income guidelines as defined by Regional Income Limits for Region 6.

MONITORING AND ENFORCEMENT: Stone Harbor shall monitor compliance to this agreement and the deed restrictions by reviewing various documents (Certificate of Occupancy, Deed Transfers, etc) and the property in question through periodic contact with the Property Owner and/or their Representatives. Stone Harbor shall monitor compliance to this agreement and the deed restrictions.

2. Upon compliance with the policies and procedures outlined in this Agreement, the Borough of Stone Harbor has hereby approved the Property Owner to receive a subsidy of \$_____ for the creation of one (Efficiency, 1, 2 or 3) bedroom, (Very Low, Low, or moderate) income unit at _____, Borough of Stone Harbor, New Jersey.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties to this Agreement are legally bound and have executed this Agreement as of the date first above written.

BOROUGH OF STONE HARBOR

Property Owner

Property Owner

By: Program Administrator

Random Selection Methodology for Housing Lottery

1. Applications were entered into an Excel worksheet as they were received and given an unique "Identifier Number." The ID numbers were arranged in ascending order. This same Identifier Number was written on each Pre-Application.
2. Using Excel's "Sort" feature, the worksheet was sorted in ascending order by the number of bedrooms requested and three separate lottery sheets were established including all those requesting the same number of bedrooms
3. A "Randomizer" column was entered into each of the three worksheets
The Randomizer uses the "RAND" function in Excel to produce a random number that is greater than or equal to 0 and less than 1. (The syntax for the Rand function is: "=RAND()") Note: The RAND function is a volatile function which is a function that recalculates when you enter any data into any cell, or take any other action.
4. Using Excel's "Sort" feature the worksheet was sorted in ascending order by the "Randomizer" number creating a random list of names, this process was repeated a total of three times to ensure a completely random list.
5. Only the unique identification numbers of individuals interested in the particular municipality or municipal group appeared on these sheets.
6. Using the Excel's "Sort" feature, each of the three worksheets were sorted so the applicants were then separated by Regional Preference order.
7. Individuals were ranked from #1 upward based on their position within the randomly sorted list. A "Lottery Rank" column was completed to reflect the final order.
8. Individuals will be contacted and processed in order of the ranking established by the bedroom size requested.

APPLICATION FOR AFFORDABLE HOUSING (RENTAL)

APPLICANT NAME: _____

CURRENT ADDRESS: _____

CITY, STATE, ZIPCODE: _____

HOME PHONE: _____ WORK PHONE: _____ OTHER: _____

EMAIL: _____

HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION AND CHARACTERISTICS

1. List the Head of Household and all other members who will be living in the unit. Give the relationship of each family member to the Head of Household.

#	MEMBER FULL NAME	RELATION	BIRTH DATE	SEX	SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER
1		Head of Household			
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					

2. Does anyone live with you now who is not listed above: Yes No

3. Do you expect a change in your household composition? Yes No

Explain if you answered yes to either question: _____

4. Are you responsible for paying child support or alimony? This amount will be deducted from your total annual income. Amount Paid Monthly: \$_____

5. Please identify any special housing needs _____

6. Number of bedrooms requested based on family composition (there must be at least one occupant per bedroom): _____
7. Do you own any real estate? _____
8. Have you sold or given away real property or other assets (including cash) in the past two years? _____

INCOME AND ASSET INFORMATION (employment, unemployment, pension, child support, alimony, SS, SSI, SSDI, etc., etc.. – everything that is a source of income)

MEMBER NO.	SOURCE OF INCOME / TYPE OF INCOME	TOTAL GROSS ANNUAL INCOME

ASSETS

1. List all checking, savings and other bank accounts (including IRAs, 401k's, Keogh accounts, retirements, CD's, etc., etc.) of all household members.

MEMBER NO.	BANK NAME	TYPE OF ACCOUNT	ACCOUNT NUMBER	BALANCE

2. List any/all stocks, bonds, trusts, pensions, or other assets, including a house, and their value, owned by any household member:

-
-
-
-
-

PREVIOUS RENTAL HISTORY OR OWNERSHIP HISTORY

Name and address of your **Present** Landlord or Current Address:

_____	Telephone: _____
_____	How long have you lived here? _____
_____	Reason for leaving? _____

Name and address of your **Former** Landlord or Previous Address:

_____	Telephone: _____
_____	How long did you live there? _____
_____	Reason for leaving? _____

EMPLOYMENT HISTORY

Name and address of Head of Household's present employment:

_____	Telephone: _____
_____	Supervisor's Name? _____
_____	How long have you worked there? _____

Name and address of spouse's or co-head employer:

_____	Telephone: _____
_____	Supervisor's Name? _____
_____	How long have you worked there? _____

APPLICANT CERTIFICATION

I/we certify that if selected to receive assistance, the unit I/we occupy will be my/our only residence. I/we understand that the above information is being collected to determine my/our eligibility. I/we authorize the owner/manager to verify all information provided on this application and to contact previous or current landlords or other sources of credit and verification information which may be released to appropriate Federal, State, or local agencies. I/we certify that the statements made in this application are true and complete to the best of my/our knowledge and belief. I/we understand that false statements or information are punishable under Federal Law.

Signature of Head of Household _____ Date: _____

Signature of Spouse/Co-Head _____ Date: _____

Signature of Administrative Agent _____ Date: _____

We Do Business in Accordance With the Federal Fair Housing Law (The Fair Housing Amendments Act of 1988). It is Illegal to Discriminate against Any Person Because Of Race, Color, Religion, Sex, Handicap, Familial Status, or National Origin.



The following list refers to documentation (if it applies) that must be provided so we can verify your income and household size. Income for everyone 18 and older must be included.

- Personal identification for all household members (Driver's License or Passport, birth certificate, Soc. Sec. cards, etc.)
- Checking and Savings accounts - 3 full months of statements
- (4) most recent consecutive weekly or (2) bi-weekly pay stubs for all employed household members
- Social Security, SSI, SSDI income: S.S. Computer Printout or Award Letter
- Pension Letter received from pension fund
- Verification of Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)
- Verification of Support (Child Support and/or Alimony)
- Verification of Unemployment Benefits, Military Pay, Worker's Comp
- 1040 Federal and State Tax Return (full last 2 years, both front & back)
- CD's, 401K's, Pensions, IRA's, Bonds/Stocks , etc. statements
- Real Estate (total value minus any outstanding mortgage balance, closing costs, broker's fees, etc.) and income from real estate or businesses;
Mortgage Info and Valuation of current home

STATEMENT OF FACT
AFFORDABLE HOUSING PROGRAM

I, *(print name)* _____, certify by initialing below that I **do not** either receive the following items or I am not required to file such report or returns.

PLEASE INITIAL EACH ITEM AS IT APPLIES TO YOU.
ONLY INITIAL THE ITEM IF IT IS TRUE.

_____ I do not work
_____ I am not a full-time student

_____ I do not receive any additional earned or unearned income from any source other than what I have already submitted to the Program.

_____ I do not receive any alimony

_____ I do not receive any child support

_____ I am not required to file any Federal or State Income Tax Returns

_____ **I do not have the following:** any checking and savings accounts to include CDs, Money Market Funds, Mutual Funds, Stocks and Bonds and any other assets held by financial institutions other than what I have already submitted to the Program

I further state that I understand eligibility under the this program is based upon household income and failure to disclose and report all income can result in disqualification and/or cancelation and full restitution of any funds expended or received under false pretense.

X
Signature _____

Date

Print Full Name

Address

City/ State/ Zip

CHILD SUPPORT / CHILD CUSTODY / ALIMONY CERTIFICATION

Date: _____

To: AFFORDABLE HOUSING PROGRAM

Please be advised that I have Legal Custody of the following listed children and they reside with me on a full-time basis and will continue to reside with me:

_____ Soc. Sec.# _____ Date of Birth: _____
Name

_____ Soc. Sec.# _____ Date of Birth: _____
Name

_____ Soc. Sec.# _____ Date of Birth: _____
Name

If you have custody and receive child support and/or alimony by Court Order, please attach a copy of that order. Attach documentation for all income.

I received the following amounts for Child support: 2020 _____

I expect to receive Child support payment for: 2021 _____

I do not receive Child Support: 2021 _____

I expect to receive Alimony payments for: 2021 _____

I hereby certify that I am the Custodial Parent of the above listed children, and said child/children will reside with me in the affordable unit.

PRINT NAME

X _____
SIGNATURE

CERTIFICATION OF ZERO INCOME

(To be completed by adult household members only, if appropriate.)

Household Name: _____ Unit No. _____

Development Name: Affordable Housing Program City: _____

1. I hereby certify that I do not individually receive income from any of the following sources:

- a. Wages from employment (including commissions, tips, bonuses, fees, etc.);
- b. Income from operation of a business;
- c. Rental income from real or personal property;
- d. Interest or dividends from assets;
- e. Social Security payments, annuities, insurance policies, retirement funds, pensions, or death benefits;
- f. Unemployment or disability payments;
- g. Public assistance payments;
- h. Periodic allowances such as alimony, child support, or gifts received from persons not living in my household;
- i. Sales from self-employed resources (Avon, Mary Kay, Shaklee, etc.);
- j. Any other source not named above.

2. I currently have no income of any kind and there is no imminent change expected in my financial status or employment status during the next 12 months.

3. I will be using the following sources of funds to pay for rent and other necessities:

Under penalty of perjury, I certify that the information presented in this certification is true and accurate to the best of my knowledge. The undersigned further understand(s) that providing false representations herein constitutes an act of fraud. False, misleading or incomplete information may result in the termination of a lease agreement.

Signature of Applicant/Tenant

Printed Name of Applicant/Tenant

Date

To: Borough of Stone Harbor Administrative Agent

I hereby certify that under the guidelines of the Federal Department of the Treasury, Internal Revenue Service and the State of New Jersey, State Income Tax Return guidelines, I did not file any Income Tax Returns for the following years:

_____ 2023

_____ 2024

_____ 2025

I understand that a false statement or misrepresentation of fact may be cause for program disqualification and/or the initiation of any applicable legal remedies.

Print Name

Signature

Social Security # _____

ENFORCEMENT PROVISIONS

Upon the occurrence of a breach of any of the regulations governing the affordable unit by an Owner, Developer or Tenant, the municipality shall have all remedies provided at law or equity, including but not limited to foreclosure, tenant eviction, a requirement for household recertification, acceleration of all sums due under a mortgage, recoupment of any funds from a sale in the violation of the regulations, injunctive relief to prevent further violation of the regulations, entry on the premises, and specific performance.

After providing written notice of a violation to an Owner, Developer or Tenant of a low- or moderate-income unit and advising the Owner, Developer or Tenant of the penalties for such violations, the municipality may take the following action against the Owner, Developer or Tenant for any violation that remains uncured for a period of 60 days after service of the written notice:

- 1) The municipality may file a court action pursuant to N.J.S.A. 2A:58-11 alleging a violation or violations of the regulations governing the affordable housing unit. If the Owner, Developer or Tenant is found by the court to have violated any provision of the regulations governing affordable housing units the Owner, Developer or Tenant shall be subject to one or more of the following penalties, at the discretion of the court:
 - a) A fine of not more than [*Insert amount*] or imprisonment for a period not to exceed 90 days, or both. Each and every day that the violation continues or exists shall be considered a separate and specific violation of these provisions and not as a continuing offense;
 - b) In the case of an Owner who has rented his or her low- or moderate-income unit in violation of the regulations governing affordable housing units, payment into the Millville Affordable Housing Trust Fund of the gross amount of rent illegally collected;
 - c) In the case of an Owner who has rented his or her low- or moderate-income unit in violation of the regulations governing affordable housing units, payment of an innocent tenant's reasonable relocation costs, as determined by the court.
- 2) The municipality may file a court action in the Superior Court seeking a judgment, which would result in the termination of the Owner's equity or other interest in the unit, in the nature of a mortgage foreclosure. Any judgment shall be enforceable as if the same were a judgment of default of the First Purchase Money Mortgage and shall constitute a lien against the low- and moderate-income unit.
 - a) Such judgment shall be enforceable, at the option of the municipality, by means of an execution sale by the Sheriff, at which time the low- and moderate-income unit of the violating Owner shall be sold at a sale price which is not less than the amount necessary to fully satisfy and pay off any First Purchase Money Mortgage and prior liens and the costs of the enforcement proceedings incurred by the municipality, including attorney's fees. The violating Owner shall have his right to possession terminated as well as his title conveyed pursuant to the Sheriff's sale.

- b) The proceeds of the Sheriff's sale shall first be applied to satisfy the First Purchase Money Mortgage lien and any prior liens upon the low- and moderate-income unit. The excess, if any, shall be applied to reimburse the municipality for any and all costs and expenses incurred in connection with either the court action resulting in the judgment of violation or the Sheriff's sale. In the event that the proceeds from the Sheriff's sale are insufficient to reimburse the municipality in full as aforesaid, the violating Owner shall be personally responsible for and to the extent of such deficiency, in addition to any and all costs incurred by the municipality in connection with collecting such deficiency. In the event that a surplus remains after satisfying all of the above, such surplus, if any, shall be placed in escrow by the municipality for the Owner and shall be held in such escrow for a maximum period of two years or until such earlier time as the Owner shall make a claim with the municipality for such. Failure of the Owner to claim such balance within the two-year period shall automatically result in a forfeiture of such balance to the municipality. Any interest accrued or earned on such balance while being held in escrow shall belong to and shall be paid to the municipality, whether such balance shall be paid to the Owner or forfeited to the municipality.
- c) Foreclosure by the municipality due to violation of the regulations governing affordable housing units shall not extinguish the restrictions of the regulations governing affordable housing units as the same apply to the low- and moderate-income unit. Title shall be conveyed to the purchaser at the Sheriff's sale, subject to the restrictions and provisions of the regulations governing the affordable housing unit. The Owner determined to be in violation of the provisions of this plan and from whom title and possession were taken by means of the Sheriff's sale shall not be entitled to any right of redemption.
- d) If there are no bidders at the Sheriff's sale, or if insufficient amounts are bid to satisfy the First Purchase Money Mortgage and any prior liens, the municipality may acquire title to the low- and moderate-income unit by satisfying the First Purchase Money Mortgage and any prior liens and crediting the violating owner with an amount equal to the difference between the First Purchase Money Mortgage and any prior liens and costs of the enforcement proceedings, including legal fees and the maximum resale price for which the low- and moderate-income unit could have been sold under the terms of the regulations governing affordable housing units. This excess shall be treated in the same manner as the excess which would have been realized from an actual sale as previously described.
- e) Failure of the low- and moderate-income unit to be either sold at the Sheriff's sale or acquired by the municipality shall obligate the Owner to accept an offer to purchase from any qualified purchaser which may be referred to the Owner by the municipality, with such offer to purchase being equal to the maximum resale price of the low- and moderate-income unit as permitted by the regulations governing affordable housing units.
- f) The Owner shall remain fully obligated, responsible and liable for complying with the terms and restrictions of governing affordable housing units until such time as title is conveyed from the Owner.

INCOME CALCULATION			
APPLICANT:			
EMPLOYER		PAY PERIOD	GROSS PAY
PAY PERIOD:	1		\$0.00
O/T			
PAY PERIOD:	2		\$0.00
O/T			
PAY PERIOD:	3		\$0.00
O/T			
PAY PERIOD:	4		\$0.00
O/T			
TOTAL:			\$0.00
AVERAGE WEEKLY CALCULATION			TOTAL ANNUAL INCOME
\$0.00	x	?	WEEKS =
			#VALUE!

ANNUAL INCOME CALCULATION FORM

Name:		Identification No.			
ASSETS					
Family Member	Asset Description	Current Cash Value of Assets		Actual Income from Assets	
1			\$0.00		\$0.00
2					\$0.00
3					\$0.00
4					\$0.00
5					\$0.00
6					\$0.00
7					\$0.00
8					\$0.00
9	Net Cash Value of Assets		\$0.00		
10	Total Actual Income from Assets				\$0.00
11	If line 10 is greater than \$5,000, multiply line by ____ (Passbook Rate) and enter results here; otherwise, leave blank				\$0.00
ANTICIPATED ANNUAL INCOME					
Family Members	a. Wages/ Salaries	b. Benefits/ Pensions	c. Public Assistance	d. Other Income	
12					\$0.00
13					\$0.00
14					\$0.00
15					\$0.00
16					\$0.00
17					\$0.00
18					\$0.00
19	Totals	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
20	Total Annual Income				\$0.00
					Income Guideline for Household of
					Median Income
					Percentage #DIV/0!
					Monthly \$0.00
					33% monthly \$0.00

CERTIFICATION OF ELIGIBLE HOUSEHOLD

Dear _____:

The household has submitted an Application for an affordable housing unit that will be restricted for occupancy by low and moderate income-eligible households. The application has been reviewed, and the information has been verified according to office procedures, and has demonstrated that the applicant is income eligible for an affordable housing unit.

THEREFORE, the Administrative Agent hereby certifies the applicant is eligible for an affordable unit according to the household and unit characteristics specified.

Number of Household members: <u> </u> adult(s) + <u> </u> minor(s) = <u> </u> Total Household	
Referred Unit Size:	
Affordable Rent Price: \$	
Referred Unit Address:	
Salary & Fixed Income:	\$
Income from Assets:	\$
Total Household Income:	\$
% of Median	%
Median Income for Household of ____: \$	2025 DCA Maximum Income for Moderate Income Household of ____: \$
HOA Fee:	

The landlord will require that you complete a rental application and pay a \$____ fee for a credit and background check. [insert any additional landlord criteria] Your security deposit will be \$_____
Please be advised that you must be able to move in within 60 days of lease approval.

Utilities [are/are not] included in these calculations and are the responsibility of the prospective renter. All housing specifically designated for low and moderate income-eligible households is subject to deed restrictions.

The undersigned hereby states that all information submitted to Triad Associates for the purpose of obtaining this certification is true and complete to the best of the applicant's knowledge and that a false statement or misrepresentation of fact may be cause for program disqualification and/or the initiation of any applicable legal remedies.

NOTHING HEREIN SHALL BE INTERPRETED AS ASSURANCE THAT CERTIFIED HOUSEHOLDS WILL OBTAIN AFFORDABLE HOUSING THROUGH THIS CERTIFICATION.

Applicant: _____ Certified by: _____, Administrative Agent

FORM OF CERTIFICATE FOR APPLICANTS CERTIFIED TO
RENTAL UNIT, REQUIRED BY SECTION 5:80-26.18(c)(2)

CERTIFICATE FOR APPLICANT
CERTIFIED TO A RENTAL UNIT SUBJECT TO

AFFORDABLE HOUSING RESTRICTIONS

My name is _____, and I am making this certificate in connection with my certification to rent the Affordable Housing unit located at _____

I am aware, as the renter of an Affordable unit that from this date forward, as long as I am renting the unit described above, my renting the apartment is subject to the requirements that are listed below:

1. I am required to pay all rent set forth in my lease on time and in the manner provided for in my lease.
2. I know that I am required to live in my apartment, and that I cannot sublease it or rent it out to any other person, not even to members of my family.
3. I know that the maximum rent I am supposed to pay to my landlord is limited by law, that it is announced each year by the Department of Community Affairs, and that I can call the Administrative Agent at any time if I have any questions about what rent I am supposed to be paying.
4. I know that I am not allowed to make any improvements to my apartment unless they have been approved in writing by the landlord.

TENANT:

WITNESS:

Signature/Date

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BOROUGH OF STONE HARBOR

Cape May County, New Jersey

RESOLUTION

2026-S-75

RESOLUTION APPOINTING JOSEPH CLARK AS MUNICIPAL HOUSING LIAISON FOR THE BOROUGH OF STONE HARBOR

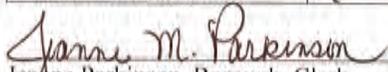
WHEREAS, pursuant to P.L. 2024, c.2, the Borough is required to appoint a Municipal Housing Liaison for the oversight of administration of its affordable housing program to enforce the requirements of the law and N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1 et. seq.; and

WHEREAS, the Borough's Municipal Housing Liaison's ("MHL") role will be to assist the Borough's affordable housing professionals with the administration of Stone Harbor's affordable housing program, and to help enforce the requirements of the Fair Housing Act, N.J.S.A. 52:27D-304.1 et. seq. and all applicable DCA and UHAC regulations.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, by the Council of the Borough of Stone Harbor, in the County of Cape May, and the State of New Jersey, that Joseph Clark, is hereby appointed by the Council of the Borough of Stone Harbor as the Municipal Housing Liaison.

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT the foregoing resolution was duly adopted by the Borough Council of the Borough of Stone Harbor, New Jersey at the Regular Meeting held on March 3, 2026, with the voting record as indicated below.

	<u>MOTION</u>	<u>SECOND</u>	<u>AYE</u>	<u>NAY</u>	<u>RECUSE</u>	<u>ABSTAIN</u>	<u>ABSENT</u>
Councilmember Biddick			✓				
Councilmember Casper	✓		✓				
Councilmember Dallahan			✓				
Councilmember Parzych		✓	✓				
Councilmember Ross			✓				
Councilmember Vault			✓				


 Jeanne Parkinson, Borough, Clerk


 Timothy Carney, Mayor