

**TOWNSHIP OF LEBANON
COUNTY OF HUNTERDON
STATE OF NEW JERSEY**

ORDINANCE NO. 03-2026

ORDINANCE REPEALING AND REPLACING CHAPTER 400, ARTICLE III OF THE REVISED GENERAL ORDINANCES ENTITLED “GENERAL PROVISIONS” AND CHAPTER 400, ARTICLE VIII, ENTITLED “AFFORDABLE HOUSING PRODUCTION” TO ADDRESS THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE FAIR HOUSING ACT (FHA) AND THE UNIFORM HOUSING AFFORDABILITY CONTROLS (UHAC) REGARDING COMPLIANCE WITH THE TOWNSHIP’S AFFORDABLE HOUSING OBLIGATIONS.

WHEREAS, the Township of Lebanon (the “Township” or “Lebanon”) filed a Declaratory Judgment Action in the Superior Court of New Jersey, Hunterdon County, captioned IMO Township of Lebanon, Docket No HNT-L-46-25 (the “Declaratory Judgment Action”) pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-304.2, -304.3, and -304.1(f)(1)(c) of the New Jersey Fair Housing Act, N.J.S.A. 52:27D- 301, et seq. (collectively, the “FHA”), and in accordance with Section II.A of Administrative Directive #14-24 (“Directive #14-24”) of the Affordable Housing Dispute Resolution Program (the “Program”), seeking a certification of compliance with the FHA; and

WHEREAS, the Township entered into a Consent Order with Fair Share Housing Center (“FSHC”) dated December 10, 2025 approving the Township’s Fourth Round Housing Element and Fair Share Plan (“HEFSP”) and granting the Township a Compliance Certification; and

WHEREAS, the entry of the Consent Order and adoption of the HEFSP require certain changes to the Township’s ordinances to address compliance issues; and

WHEREAS, this ordinance shall be known as the “Lebanon Township Fourth Round Affordable Housing Ordinance.”

BE IT ORDAINED, by the Mayor and Committee of the Township of Lebanon in the County of Hunterdon and State of New Jersey as follows (additions are shown as thus):

SECTION 1. Chapter 400, Article III, entitled, “General Provisions” and Article VIII entitled, “Affordable Housing Production” of the Lebanon Township Code are hereby repealed and replaced as follows:

Article III “Affordable Housing”

§ 199-6.1 Affordable housing obligation.

- A. This article is intended to assure that low- and moderate-income units ("affordable units") are created with controls on affordability over time and that low- and moderate-income households shall occupy these units. This article shall apply except where inconsistent with

applicable law. The provisions of this Ordinance shall apply to all affordable housing development and procedures in the Township of Lebanon. Where any provision of this Ordinance may be inconsistent or conflict with the provisions of the New Jersey Fair Housing Act (N.J.S.A. 52:27D-301, et seq.), as amended, Chapter 99 Fair Housing Act Regulations (N.J.A.C. 5:99-1, et seq.), as amended, and/or the New Jersey Uniform Housing and Affordability Controls (N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1, et seq.), as amended, the provisions of the amended statute and/or regulation shall control.

- B. The Township Planning Board has adopted a Housing Element and Fair Share Plan pursuant to the Municipal Land Use Law (N.J.S.A. 40:55D-1, et seq.). The Housing Element and Fair Share Plan has been endorsed by the governing body. The Housing Element and Fair Share Plan describes the ways the Township shall address its fair share of low- and moderate-income housing as determined by the Fair Housing Act, any applicable settlement agreements, judgments or orders of the Superior Court, the Affordable Housing Dispute Resolution Program, and other applicable State law and are documented in the Housing Element and Fair Share Plan.
- C. This Ordinance implements and incorporates the Housing Element and Fair Share Plan and addresses the applicable statutory and regulatory requirements, as may be amended and supplemented.
- D. The Township shall file such monitoring and evaluation reports as may be required by the Fair Housing Act, the Uniform Housing Affordability Controls at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1, et seq., any applicable settlement agreements, and any orders of the Superior Court or the Affordable Housing Dispute Resolution Program. Any such plan evaluation reports shall be available to the public at the Township Municipal Building and on the Township's website, if available.

§ 199-6.2 Definitions.

ACCESSORY APARTMENT – Means a self-contained residential dwelling unit with a kitchen, sanitary facilities, sleeping quarters and a private entrance, which is created within an existing home, or through the conversion of an existing accessory structure on the same site, or by an addition to an existing home or accessory building, or by the construction of a new accessory structure on the same site.

ACT – Means the Fair Housing Act, N.J.S.A. 52:27D-301 et seq.

ADAPTABLE – Means constructed in compliance with the technical design standards of the Barrier Free Subcode, N.J.A.C. 5:23-7.

ADMINISTRATIVE AGENT – Means the entity responsible for administering the affordability controls of this subchapter with respect to specific restricted units, as designated pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-321, N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.15, and 5:99-7.

AFFIRMATIVE MARKETING – Means a regional marketing strategy designed to attract buyers and/or renters of affordable units pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.15.

AFFORDABILITY AVERAGE – Means the average percentage of regional median income at which restricted units in an affordable housing development are affordable to low- and moderate-income households.

AFFORDABLE – Means, in the case of an ownership unit, that the sales price for the unit conforms to the standards set forth at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.7 and, in the case of a rental unit, that the rent for the unit conforms to the standards set forth at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.13.

AFFORDABLE DEVELOPMENT – Means a housing development all or a portion of which consists of restricted units.

AFFORDABLE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT – Means a development included in the Housing Element and Fair Share Plan, and includes, but is not limited to, an inclusionary development, a municipal construction project or a 100 percent affordable development

AFFORDABLE HOUSING PROGRAM(S) – Means any mechanism in a municipal Fair Share Plan prepared or implemented to address a municipality's fair share obligation.

AFFORDABLE HOUSING TRUST FUND or AHTF – Means that non-lapsing, revolving trust fund established in DCA pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-320 and N.J.A.C. 5:43 to be the repository of all State funds appropriated for affordable housing purposes. All references to the “Neighborhood Preservation Nonlapsing Revolving Fund” and “Balanced Housing” mean the AHTF.

AFFORDABLE UNIT – Means a housing unit proposed or created pursuant to the Act and approved for crediting by the Court and/or funded through an affordable housing trust fund.

AGE-RESTRICTED UNIT – Means a housing unit designed to meet the needs of, and intended exclusively for, the residents of an age-restricted segment of the population where the adult member of the family who is the head of the household for the purposes of determining income eligibility and rent is a minimum age of either 62 years, or 55 years and meets the provisions of 42 U.S.C. §§ 3601 through 3619, except that due to death, a surviving spouse of less than 55 years of age is permitted to continue to reside in the unit.

AGENCY – Means the New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency established by P.L. 1983, c.530 (N.J.S.A. 55:14K-1 through 44) in, but not of, DCA.

ALTERNATIVE LIVING ARRANGEMENT – Means a structure in which households live in distinct bedrooms, yet share kitchen and plumbing facilities, central heat and common areas. Alternative living arrangements include, but are not limited to: transitional facilities for the homeless; Class A, B, C, D and E boarding homes as regulated by the State of New Jersey Department of Community Affairs; residential health care facilities as regulated by the New Jersey Department of Health; group homes for the developmentally disabled and mentally ill as licensed and/or regulated by the New Jersey Department of Human Services; and congregate living arrangements.

ASSISTED LIVING RESIDENCE – Means a facility that is licensed by the New Jersey Department of Health and Senior Services to provide apartment-style housing and congregate dining and to assure that assisted living services are available when needed for four or more adult persons unrelated to the proprietor and that offers units containing, at a minimum, one unfurnished room, a private bathroom, a kitchenette and a lockable door on the unit entrance.

CERTIFIED HOUSEHOLD – Means a household that has been certified by an administrative agent as a very-low-income household, a low-income household, or a moderate-income household

CHOICE – Means the no-longer-active Choices in Homeownership Incentives for Everyone Program, as it was authorized by the Agency.

COAH – Means the Committee on Affordable Housing established in, but not of, DCA by the Act and that was abolished effective March 20, 2024 by section 3 of P.L. 2024, c.2 (N.J.S.A. 52:27D304.1).

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION – Means the certification issued to a municipality by the Dispute Resolution Program or by a county-level housing judge pursuant to section 3 at P.L. 2024, c.2, that protects the municipality from exclusionary zoning litigation during the current round of present and prospective need and through July 1 of the year the next affordable housing round begins, which is also known as a “judgment of compliance” resulting in an “order for

repose.” The term “compliance certification” includes a judgment of repose granted in an action filed pursuant to section 13 at P.L. 1985, c. 222 (N.J.S.A. 52:27D-313).

COUNTY-LEVEL HOUSING JUDGE – Means a judge appointed pursuant to section 5 of P.L. 2024, c.2 (N.J.S.A. 52:27D-313.2), to resolve disputes over the compliance of municipal fair share affordable housing obligations and municipal fair share plans and housing elements with the Act.

DCA or DEPARTMENT – Means the State of New Jersey Department of Community Affairs.

DEFICIENT HOUSING UNIT – Means a housing unit with health and safety code violations that requires the repair or replacement of a major system. A major system includes weatherization, roofing, plumbing (including wells), heating, electricity, sanitary plumbing (including septic systems), lead paint abatement and/or load bearing structural systems.

DEVELOPER – Means any person, partnership, association, company or corporation that is the legal or beneficial owner or owners of a lot or any land included in a proposed development including the holder of an option to contract to purchase, or other person having an enforceable proprietary interest in such land.

DEVELOPMENT – Means the division of a parcel of land into two or more parcels, the construction, reconstruction, conversion, structural alteration, relocation, or enlargement of any use or change in the use of any building or other structure, or of any mining, excavation or landfill, and any use or change in the use of any building or other structure, or land or extension of use of land, for which permission may be required pursuant to N.J.S.A. 40:55D-1, et seq.

DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROGRAM – Means the Affordable Housing Dispute Resolution Program, established pursuant to section 5 of P.L. 2024, c.2 (N.J.S.A. 52:27D-313.2).

DIVISION – Means the Division of Local Planning Services in DCA.

EXIT SALE – Means the first authorized non-exempt sale of a restricted unit following the end of the control period, which sale terminates the affordability controls on the unit.

FAIR SHARE PLAN – Means the plan or proposal, with accompanying ordinances and resolutions, by which a municipality proposes to satisfy its constitutional obligation to create a realistic opportunity to meet its fair share of low- and moderate-income housing needs of its region and which details the affirmative measures the municipality proposes to undertake to achieve its fair share of low- and moderate-income housing, as provided in the municipal housing element, and which addresses the development regulations necessary to implement the housing element, including, but not limited to, inclusionary requirements and development fees, and the elimination of unnecessary housing cost-generating features from the municipal land use ordinances and regulations.

HOUSEHOLD INCOME – Means a household’s gross annual income calculated in a manner consistent with the determination of annual income pursuant to section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (Section 8), not in accordance with the determination of gross income for Federal income tax liability.

HOUSING REGION – Means a geographic area established pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-304.2b.

INCLUSIONARY DEVELOPMENT – Means a development containing both affordable units and market rate units. This term includes, but is not limited to: new construction, the conversion of a non-residential structure to residential use and the creation of new affordable units through the gut rehabilitation or reconstruction of a vacant residential structure.

LOW-INCOME HOUSEHOLD – Means a household with a total gross annual household income equal to 50% or less of the median household income.

LOW-INCOME UNIT – Means a restricted unit that is affordable to a low-income household.

MAJOR SYSTEM – Means the primary structural, mechanical, plumbing, electrical, fire protection, or occupant service components of a building which include but are not limited to,

weatherization, roofing, plumbing (including wells), heating, electricity, sanitary plumbing (including septic systems), lead paint abatement and load bearing structural systems.

MARKET-RATE UNITS – Means housing not restricted to low- and moderate-income households that may sell or rent at any price.

MEDIAN INCOME – Means the median income by household size for the applicable housing region, as adopted annually by COAH or a successor entity approved by the Court.

MODERATE-INCOME HOUSEHOLD – Means a household with a total gross annual household income in excess of 50% but less than 80% of the median household income.

MODERATE-INCOME UNIT – Means a restricted unit that is affordable to a moderate-income household.

MULTIFAMILY DEVELOPMENT – Means a housing development with five or more dwelling units.

MUNICIPAL HOUSING LIAISON or MHL – Means an appointed municipal employee who is, pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:99-6, responsible for oversight and/or administration of the affordable units created within the municipality.

NEW JERSEY HOUSING RESOURCE CENTER or HOUSING RESOURCE CENTER – Means the online affordable housing listing portal, or its successor, overseen by the Agency pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-321.3 et seq.

95/5 UNIT – Means a restricted ownership unit that is part of a housing element that received substantive certification from COAH pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:93, as it was in effect at the time of the receipt of substantive certification, before October 1, 2001.

NON-EXEMPT SALE – Means any sale or transfer of ownership of a restricted unit to one's self or to another individual other than the transfer of ownership between spouses or civil union partners; the transfer of ownership between former spouses or civil union partners ordered as a result of a judicial decree of divorce or judicial separation, but not including sales to third parties; the transfer of ownership between family members as a result of inheritance; the transfer of ownership through an executor's deed to a class A beneficiary; and the transfer of ownership by court order.

NONPROFIT – Means an organization granted nonprofit status in accordance with section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

PRICE DIFFERENTIAL – Means the difference between the controlled sale price of a restricted unit and the fair market value of the unit minus reasonable real estate broker fees, determined as of the date of a proposed contract of sale for the unit.

PRIOR ROUND UNIT – Means "Prior round unit" means a housing unit that addresses a municipality's fair share obligation from a round prior to the fourth round of affordable housing obligations, including any unit that: (1) received substantive certification from COAH; (2) is part of a third-round settlement agreement or judgment of compliance approved by a court of competent jurisdiction, inclusive of units created pursuant to a zoning designation adopted as part of the settlement agreement or judgment of compliance to create a realistic opportunity for development; (3) is subject to a grant agreement or other contract with either the State or a political subdivision thereof entered into prior to July 1, 2025, pursuant to either item (1) or (2) above; or (4) otherwise addresses a municipality's fair share obligation from a round prior to the fourth round of affordable housing obligations. A unit created after the enactment of P.L. 2024, c. 2 (N.J.S.A. 52:27D-304.1) on March 20, 2024, is not a prior round unit unless: (1) it is created pursuant to a prior round development plan or zoning designation that received COAH or court approval on or before the cutoff date of June 30, 2025, or the date that the municipality adopts the implementing ordinances and resolutions for the fourth round of affordable housing obligations, whichever occurs sooner;

and (2) its siting and creation are consistent with the form of the prior round development plan or zoning designation in effect as of the cutoff date, without any amendment or variance.

RANDOM SELECTION PROCESS – Means a lottery process by which currently income-eligible applicant-households are selected, at random, for placement in affordable housing units such that no preference is given to one applicant over another, except in the case of a veterans’ preference where such an agreement exists; for purposes of matching household income and size with an appropriately priced and sized affordable unit; or another purpose allowed pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.17(k)3.

REGIONAL ASSET LIMIT – Means the maximum housing value in each housing region affordable to a four-person household with an income at 80 percent of the regional median as defined by the Department’s adopted Regional Income Limits published annually by the Department.

REHABILITATION – Means the repair, renovation, alteration or reconstruction of any building or structure, pursuant to the Rehabilitation Subcode, N.J.A.C. 5:23-6.

RENT – Means the gross monthly cost of a rental unit to the tenant, including the rent paid to the landlord, as well as an allowance for tenant-paid utilities computed in accordance with allowances published by DCA for its Section 8 program. With respect to units in assisted living residences, rent does not include charges for food and services.

RESTRICTED UNIT – Means a dwelling unit, whether a rental unit or ownership unit, that is subject to the affordability controls of this subchapter but does not include a market-rate unit that was financed pursuant to UHORP, MONI, or CHOICE.

SINGLE-FAMILY DEVELOPMENT – Means a housing development with one to four dwelling units that does not meet the definition of “project” as defined in the Hotel and Multiple Dwelling Unit Law (N.J.S.A. 55:13A-1 through 13A-31).

UHAC – Means the Uniform Housing Affordability Controls set forth in N.J.A.C. 5:80-26, et seq.

VERY-LOW-INCOME HOUSEHOLD – Means a household with a household income less than or equal to 30 percent of the regional median income.

VERY-LOW-INCOME UNIT – Means a restricted unit that is affordable to a very low-income household.

VETERAN – Means a veteran as defined at N.J.S.A. 54:4-8.10.

VETERANS’ PREFERENCE – Means the agreement between a municipality and a developer or residential development owner that allows for low- to moderate-income veterans to be given preference for up to 50 percent of units in relevant projects, as provided for at N.J.S.A. 52:27D-311j.

WEATHERIZATION – Means building insulation (for attic, exterior walls and crawl space), siding to improve energy efficiency, replacement storm windows, replacement storm doors, replacement windows and replacement doors, and is considered a major system for purposes of a rehabilitation program.

§ 199-6.3 Affordable housing programs.

Lebanon Township has determined that it will use the following mechanisms to satisfy its affordable housing obligations.

A. A rehabilitation program.

- (1) Lebanon Township’s rehabilitation program shall be designed to renovate deficient housing units occupied by low- and moderate-income households such that, after

rehabilitation, these units will comply with the New Jersey State Housing Code pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:28.

- (2) Both owner occupied and renter occupied units shall be eligible for rehabilitation funds.
- (3) All rehabilitated units shall remain affordable to low- and moderate-income households for a period of 10 years (the control period). For owner occupied units the control period will be enforced with a lien and for renter occupied units the control period will be enforced with a deed restriction.
- (4) The Township shall dedicate a minimum of \$10,000 for each unit to be rehabilitated through this program, reflecting the minimum hard cost of rehabilitation for each unit.
- (5) The Township shall adopt a resolution committing to fund any shortfall in the rehabilitation programs for the Township.
- (6) The Township shall designate, subject to the approval of the Department, one or more Administrative Agents to administer the rehabilitation program in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:96 and N.J.A.C. 5:97. The Administrative Agent(s) shall provide a rehabilitation manual for the owner occupancy rehabilitation program and a rehabilitation manual for the rental occupancy rehabilitation program to be adopted by resolution of the governing body and subject to approval of the Department. Both rehabilitation manuals shall be available for public inspection in the Office of the Municipal Clerk and in the office(s) of the Administrative Agent(s).
- (7) Units in a rehabilitation program shall be exempt from N.J.A.C. 5:97-9 and Uniform Housing Affordability Controls (UHAC), but shall be administered in accordance with the following:
 - (a) If a unit is vacant, upon initial rental subsequent to rehabilitation, or if a renter-occupied unit is re-rented prior to the end of controls on affordability, the deed restriction shall require the unit to be rented to a low- or moderate-income household at an affordable rent and affirmatively marketed pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:97-9 and UHAC.
 - (b) If a unit is renter-occupied, upon completion of the rehabilitation, the maximum rate of rent shall be the lesser of the current rent or the maximum permitted rent pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:97-9 and UHAC.
 - (c) Rents in rehabilitated units may increase annually based on the standards in N.J.A.C. 5:97-9.
 - (d) Applicant and/or tenant households shall be certified as income-eligible in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:97-9 and UHAC, except that households in owner occupied units shall be exempt from the regional asset limit.

B. An accessory apartment program.

- (1) All accessory apartments shall meet the following conditions:
 - (a) Accessory apartments are permitted by the Zoning Ordinance for various zoning districts, provided the units are affordable to low- and moderate-income households. Accessory apartments may be developed as low-income or moderate-income units.
 - (b) Accessory apartments shall comply with all applicable statutes and regulations of the State of New Jersey in addition to all building codes.
 - (c) At the time of initial occupancy of the unit and for at least ten years thereafter, the accessory apartment shall be rented only to a household which is either a low- or moderate-income household.

- (d) Rents of accessory apartments shall be affordable to low- or moderate-income households as per the Department and UHAC regulations.
 - (e) There shall be a recorded deed or declaration of covenants and restrictions applied to the property upon which the accessory apartment is located running with the land and limiting its subsequent rental or sale of the unit and the accessory apartment.
 - (f) The appropriate utility authority must certify that there is water and sewer infrastructure with sufficient capacity to serve the proposed accessory apartment. Where the proposed location is served by an individual well and/or septic system, the additional capacity necessitated by the new unit must meet the appropriate NJDEP standards.
 - (g) The Township's accessory apartment program shall not restrict the number of bedrooms in any accessory apartment.
 - (h) No accessory apartment created as a result of this article or these regulations shall exceed the gross floor area of the existing principal dwelling on the lot.
 - (i) Municipal building permit fees shall be waived in all cases involving affordable accessory apartment development under this section. An annual license and inspection fee, if required, shall be paid by unit owners.
- (2) The maximum number of creditable accessory apartments shall be equal to no more than 10 or an amount equal to 10 percent of the Township's fair share obligation, whichever is greater (additional units may be approved by the Department if the municipality has demonstrated successful completion of its accessory apartment program.).
- (3) The Township shall designate an administrative entity to administer the accessory apartment program that shall have the following responsibilities:
- (a) The Administrative Agent shall administer the accessory apartment program, including advertising, income qualifying prospective renters, setting rents and annual rent increases, maintaining a waiting list, distributing the subsidy, securing certificates of occupancy, qualifying properties, handling application forms, filing deed restrictions and monitoring reports and affirmatively marketing the affordable accessory apartment program in accordance with the UHAC.
 - (b) The administrative entity shall only deny an application for an accessory apartment if the project is not in conformance with the Department's requirements and/or the provisions of this section/article. All denials shall be in writing with the reasons clearly stated.
 - (c) In accordance with the Department requirements, Lebanon Township shall provide at least \$25,000 per unit to subsidize the creation of each low-income accessory apartment or \$20,000 per unit to subsidize the creation of each moderate-income accessory apartment. Subsidy may be used to fund actual construction costs and/or to provide compensation for reduced rental rates.
- (4) Property owners wishing to apply to create an accessory apartment shall submit to the administrative entity:

- (a) A sketch of floor plan(s) showing the location, size and relationship of both the accessory apartment and the primary dwelling within the building or in another structure;
 - (b) Rough elevations showing the modifications of any exterior building facade to which changes are proposed; and
 - (c) A site development sketch showing the location of the existing dwelling and other existing buildings; all property lines; proposed addition, if any, along with the minimum building setback lines; the required parking spaces for both dwelling units; and any man-made conditions which might affect construction.
- C. An alternative living arrangements (group home/supportive housing) program.
- (1) Alternative living arrangements include, but are not limited to: transitional facilities for the homeless; residential health care facilities as regulated by the New Jersey Department of Health and Senior Services; group homes for the developmentally disabled and mentally ill as licensed and/or regulated by the New Jersey Department of Human Services; and congregate living arrangements. Long term health care facilities including nursing homes, and Class A, B, C, D, and E boarding homes do not qualify as alternative living arrangements.
 - (2) Pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:94-4.8, the Township will provide the following for each project:
 - (a) Proof that the alternative living facility is regulated by the New Jersey Department of Health and Senior Services or the New Jersey Department of Human Services, and
 - (b) Validation of the number of bedrooms in which low or moderate income occupants reside.
 - (3) Alternative living arrangements that are age-restricted shall be included with the maximum number of units that may be age-restricted pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:94-4.19.
 - (4) With the exception of units established with capital funding through a 20-year operating contract with the Department of Human Services, Division of Developmental Disabilities, alternative living arrangements shall have the appropriate controls on affordability in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:94-7.
 - (5) The municipality shall submit documentation demonstrating source(s) of funding.
 - (6) The Township shall comply with all provisions of N.J.A.C. 5:94-4.8.

§ 199-6.4 New Construction.

- a. Low/Moderate Split and Bedroom Distribution of Affordable Housing Units:
 - 1. The fair share obligation shall be divided equally between low- and moderate-income units, except that where there is an odd number of affordable housing units, the extra unit shall be a low-income unit. At least 13% of all restricted rental units shall be very-low-income units (affordable to a household earning 30% or less of median income). The very-low-income units shall be counted as part of the required number of low-income units within the development. At least 25% of the obligation shall be met through rental units, including at least half in rental units available to families. A maximum of 30% may be age-restricted. At least half of the units in total shall be available to families.

2. In each affordable development, at least 50% of the restricted units within each bedroom distribution shall be low-income units.
 3. Affordable developments that are not age-restricted shall be structured in conjunction with realistic market demands such that:
 - (a). The combined number of efficiency and one-bedroom units shall be no greater than 20% of the total low- and moderate-income units;
 - (b). At least 30% of all low- and moderate-income units shall be two-bedroom units;
 - (c). At least 20% of all low- and moderate-income units shall be three-bedroom units; and
 - (d). The remaining units may be allocated among two- and three-bedroom units at the discretion of the developer.
 4. Affordable developments that are age-restricted shall be structured such that the number of bedrooms shall equal the number of age-restricted low- and moderate-income units within the inclusionary development. This standard may be met by having all one-bedroom units or by having a two-bedroom unit for each efficiency unit
- b. Accessibility Requirements:
1. The first floor of all restricted townhouse dwelling units and all restricted units in all other multistory buildings shall be subject to the technical design standards of the Barrier Free SubCode, N.J.A.C. 5:23-7 and the following:
 2. All restricted townhouse dwelling units and all restricted units in other multistory buildings in which a restricted dwelling unit is attached to at least one other dwelling unit shall have the following features
 - (a). An adaptable toilet and bathing facility on the first floor; and
 - (b). An adaptable kitchen on the first floor; and
 - (c). An interior accessible route of travel on the first floor; and
 - (d). An adaptable room that can be used as a bedroom, with a door or the casing for the installation of a door, on the first floor; and
 - (e). If not all of the foregoing requirements in 2(a) through 2(d) can be satisfied, then an interior accessible route of travel must be provided between stories within an individual unit, but if all of the terms of Subsections 2(a) through 2(d) above have been satisfied, then an interior accessible route of travel shall not be required between stories within an individual unit; and
 - (f). An accessible entranceway as set forth at P.L. 2005, c. 350 (N.J.S.A. 52:27D-311a, et seq.) and the Barrier Free SubCode, N.J.A.C. 5:23-7, or evidence that Lebanon has collected funds from the developer sufficient to make 10% of the adaptable entrances in the development accessible:
 - (1) Where a unit has been constructed with an adaptable entrance, upon the request of a person with disabilities who is purchasing or will reside in the dwelling unit, an accessible entrance shall be installed.
 - (2) To this end, the builder of restricted units shall deposit funds within the Township of Lebanon's Affordable Housing Trust Fund sufficient to install accessible entrances in 10% of the affordable units that have been constructed with adaptable entrances.

- (3) The funds deposited under Subsection (f)(2) above shall be used by the Township of Lebanon for the sole purpose of making the adaptable entrance of an affordable unit accessible when requested to do so by a person with a disability who occupies or intends to occupy the unit and requires an accessible entrance.
- (4) The developer of the restricted units shall submit a design plan and cost estimate to the Construction Official of the Township of Lebanon for the conversion of adaptable to accessible entrances.
- (5) Once the Construction Official has determined that the design plan to convert the unit entrances from adaptable to accessible meet the requirements of the Barrier Free SubCode, N.J.A.C. 5:23-7, and that the cost estimate of such conversion is reasonable, payment shall be made to the Township's Affordable Housing Trust Fund in care of the Township Chief Financial Officer who shall ensure that the funds are deposited into the Affordable Housing Trust Fund and appropriately earmarked.

- (g). Full compliance with the foregoing provisions shall not be required where an entity can demonstrate that it is "site impracticable" to meet the requirements. Determinations of site impracticability shall be in compliance with the Barrier Free SubCode, N.J.A.C. 5:23-7.

c. Design:

1. In inclusionary developments, to the extent possible, low- and moderate-income units shall be integrated with the market units.
2. In inclusionary developments, low- and moderate-income units shall have access to all of the same common elements and facilities as the market units.

d. Utilities:

1. Affordable units shall utilize the same type of heating source as market units within an inclusionary development.
2. Tenant-paid utilities included in the utility allowance shall be set forth in the lease and shall be consistent with the utility allowance approved by DCA for its Section 8 program.

e. Maximum Rents and Sales Prices:

1. In establishing rents and sales prices of affordable housing units, the Administrative Agent shall follow the procedures set forth in UHAC, utilizing the regional income limits established by COAH or a successor entity.
2. The maximum rent for restricted rental units within each affordable development shall be affordable to households earning no more than 60% of median income, and the average rent for restricted rental units shall be affordable to households earning no more than 52% of median income.

The developers and/or municipal sponsors of restricted rental units shall establish at least one rent for each bedroom type for both low-income and moderate-income units, provided that at least 13% of all low- and moderate-income rental units shall be affordable to very low-income households, earning 30% or less of the regional median household income.

3. The maximum sales price of restricted ownership units within each affordable development shall be affordable to households earning no more than 70% of median income, and each affordable development must achieve an affordability average of

- 55% for restricted ownership units; in achieving this affordability average, moderate-income ownership units must be available for at least three different sales prices for each bedroom type, and low-income ownership units must be available for at least two different sales prices for each bedroom type.
4. In determining the initial sales prices and rent levels for compliance with the affordability average requirements for restricted units other than assisted living facilities and age-restricted developments, the following standards shall be used:
 - (a). A studio shall be affordable to a one-person household;
 - (b). A one-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a 1 1/2 person household;
 - (c). A two-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a three-person household;
 - (d). A three-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a 4 1/2 person household; and
 - (e). A four-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a six-person household.
 5. In determining the initial sales prices and rents for compliance with the affordability average requirements for restricted units in assisted living facilities and age-restricted developments, the following standards shall be used:
 - (a). A studio shall be affordable to a one-person household;
 - (b). A one-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a 1 1/2 person household; and
 - (c). A two-bedroom unit shall be affordable to a two-person household or to two one-person households.
 6. The initial purchase price for all restricted ownership units shall be calculated so that the monthly carrying cost of the unit, including principal and interest (based on a mortgage loan equal to 95% of the purchase price and the Federal Reserve H. 15 rate of interest), taxes, homeowner and private mortgage insurance and condominium or homeowner association fees do not exceed 28% of the eligible monthly income of the appropriate size household as determined under N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.4, as may be amended and supplemented; provided, however, that the price shall be subject to the affordability average requirement of N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.3, as may be amended and supplemented.
 7. The initial rent for a restricted rental unit shall be calculated so as not to exceed 30% of the eligible monthly income of the appropriate size household, including an allowance for tenant paid utilities, as determined under N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.4, as may be amended and supplemented; provided, however, that the rent shall be subject to the affordability average requirement of N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.3, as may be amended and supplemented.
 8. The price of owner-occupied low- and moderate-income units may increase annually based on the percentage increase in the regional median income limit for each housing region. In no event shall the maximum resale price established by the Administrative Agent be lower than the last recorded purchase price.
 9. The rent of low- and moderate-income units may be increased annually based on the permitted percentage increase in the Housing Consumer Price Index for New Jersey. This increase shall not exceed 9% in any one year. Rents for units constructed pursuant to low- income housing tax credit regulations shall be indexed pursuant to the regulations governing low- income housing tax credits.
 10. All deed restricted affordable rental units will be subject to an annual rental recertification process to ensure that income eligible households continue to reside in the Township's portfolio of rental units.

- f. Mandatory Affordable Housing Set-Asides.
1. Any development, within the Township, that produces five or more housing units, shall be required to provide for affordable housing set-asides of at least 20% of the total housing units. When any calculation of the percentage of affordable units required to be divided results in a fractional unit of 1/2 or more, the fraction shall be rounded up to the next whole unit. When a calculation results in a fraction of less than 1/2, the fraction shall be rounded down to the previous whole unit.
 2. At least 50% of the restricted units in each development must be affordable to low-income households, including 13% to very low-income households. All such affordable units, including the required bedroom distribution, shall be governed by controls on affordability and affirmatively marketed in conformance with the Uniform Housing Affordability Controls (“UHAC”), N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.1, et seq. or any successor regulation, and all other applicable law.
 3. Developers shall not subdivide a project for the purpose of avoiding compliance with this requirement.
 4. This requirement does not give any developer the right to any such rezoning, variance or other relief, or establish any obligation on the part of the Township to grant such rezoning, variance or other relief. No subdivision shall be permitted or approved for the purpose of avoiding compliance with this requirement.
- g. Payments in Lieu and Off-Site Construction. Standards for the collection of payments in lieu of constructing affordable units or standards for constructing affordable units off site shall be in accordance with applicable law, including the Fair Housing Act and any requirements of the Affordable Housing Dispute Resolution Program. Payment in Lieu deposited into the affordable housing trust fund must be accounted separately, and, if assessed, a development fee cannot be charged for the same development.

§ 199-6.5 Minimum Floor Area Requirements and Standards for Low- and Moderate-Income Housing Units.

Developments approved as part of a compliance certification or that otherwise contain restricted units subject to the UHAC regulations shall satisfy the following occupancy standards:

- A. For any 100-percent affordable development comprising one or more restricted units:
 1. Restricted units must meet the minimum square footage required for the number of inhabitants for which the unit is marketed and the minimum square footage required for each bedroom, as set forth in the applicable municipal code or the Neighborhood Preservation Balanced Housing rules at N.J.A.C. 5:43-2.4, whichever is greater.
 2. Each bedroom in each restricted unit must have at least one window; and
 3. Restricted units must include adequate air conditioning and heating.
- B. For developments comprising market-rate rental units and restricted rental units:
 1. Restricted units must use the same building materials and architectural design elements (for example, plumbing, insulation, or siding) as market-rate units of the same unit type (for example, flat or townhome) within the same development, except that restricted units and market-rate units may use different interior finishes;
 2. Restricted units and market-rate units within the same affordable development must be sited such that restricted units are not concentrated in less desirable locations;
 3. Restricted units may not be physically clustered so as to segregate restricted and market-rate units within the same development or within the same building, but

- must be interspersed throughout the development, except that age-restricted and supportive housing units may be physically clustered if the clustering facilitates the provision of on-site medical services or on-site social services;
4. Residents of restricted units must be offered the same access to communal amenities as residents of market-rate units within the same affordable development. Examples of communal amenities include, but are not limited to, community pools, fitness and recreation centers, playgrounds, common rooms and outdoor spaces, and building entrances and exits;
 5. Restricted units must include adequate air conditioning and heating and, if market-rate units provide cooling and heating, restricted units must use the same type of cooling and heating sources as market-rate units of the same unit type;
 6. Each bedroom in each restricted unit must have at least one window;
 7. Restricted units must be of the same unit type as market-rate units within the same building; and
 8. Restricted units and bedrooms must be no less than 90 percent of the minimum size prescribed by the Neighborhood Preservation Balanced Housing rules at N.J.A.C. 5:43-2.4.
- C. For developments containing for-sale units, including those with a mix of rental and for-sale units, subsection b above shall govern the rental units, while for-sale units shall adhere to the following:
1. Restricted units must use the same building standards as market-rate units of the same unit type (for example, flat, townhome, or single-family home), except that restricted units and market-rate units may use different interior finishes;
 2. Restricted units may be clustered, provided that the buildings or housing product types containing the restricted units are integrated throughout the development and are not concentrated in an undesirable location or in undesirable locations;
 3. Restricted units may be of different housing product types than market-rate units, provided that developments containing market-rate duplexes, townhomes, and/or single-family homes offer restricted housing options that also include duplexes, townhomes, and/or single-family homes;
 4. Restricted units must meet the minimum square footage required for the number of inhabitants for which the unit is marketed and the minimum square footage required for each bedroom, as set forth in the Neighborhood Preservation Balanced Housing rules at N.J.A.C. 5:43-2.4;
 5. Penthouse and end units may be reserved for market-rate sale, provided that the overall number, value, and distribution of affordable units across the development is not negatively impacted by such reservation(s);
 6. Residents of restricted units must be offered the same access to communal amenities as residents of market-rate units within the same affordable development. Examples of communal amenities include, but are not limited to, community pools, fitness and recreation centers, playgrounds, common rooms and outdoor spaces, and building entrances and exits;
 7. Each bedroom in each restricted unit must have at least one window; and
 8. Restricted units must include adequate air conditioning and heating.
- D. Housing units with more than three bedrooms are not permitted in areas zoned for affordable housing.

§ 199-6.6 Occupancy Standards.

In referring certified households to specific restricted units, the administrative agent shall strive, to the extent feasible and without causing an undue delay in occupying the unit to:

- A. Ensure each bedroom is occupied by at least one person, except for age-restricted units;
- B. Provide a bedroom for every two adult occupants;
- C. Provide a bedroom for every occupant under the age of 18, unless the household requests a different arrangement, which arrangement may not result in more than two occupants under the age of 18 occupying any bedroom; and
- D. Avoid placing a one-person household into a unit with more than one bedroom.

§ 199-6.7 Control Periods for Restricted Ownership Units and Enforcement Mechanisms.

- A. Control periods for restricted ownership units shall be in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.6, as may be amended and supplemented, and each restricted ownership unit must remain subject to the requirements of this subchapter until the end of the control period specified in the deed restriction unless the municipality in which the unit is located elects to extend the unit's restriction in compliance with subsection 1 below. A restricted ownership unit must remain subject to the requirements of this subchapter for a period of at least 30 years; provided, however, that:
 1. Any unit that, prior to the effective date of the amendments to this subchapter as promulgated pursuant to P.L. 2024, c.2 (N.J.S.A. 52:27D-304.1), received substantive certification from COAH, was part of a judgment of compliance from a court of competent jurisdiction, or became subject to a grant agreement or other contract with either the State or a political subdivision thereof, will have its control period governed by such grant of substantive certification, judgment, grant agreement, or contract; and
 2. 95/5 units are subject to the option and price restriction rules set forth a N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.21 through 26.27; and
 3. Units for which affordability controls have been extended are subject to a minimum period of extension of 30 years, except that the extension period may be limited to 20 years if the original and extended terms of affordability controls, in combination, are at least 60 years.
 4. The affordability control period for a restricted ownership unit shall commence on the date the initial certified household takes title to the unit and terminates at the first non-exempt sale after the end of the deed-restricted affordability period, if and only if the municipality does not exercise the right of first refusal to extend the control period in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.6(h), and if and only if the seller has provided the municipality with at least 60 days' notice of the seller's intention to make the first nonexempt sale.

§ 199-6.8 Price Restrictions for Restricted Ownership Units, Homeowner Association Fees and Resale Prices.

- A. Price restrictions for restricted ownership units shall be in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.17, as may be amended and supplemented.

§ 199-6.9 Buyer Income Eligibility.

- A. When reviewing an applicant household's income to determine eligibility, the administrative agent shall compare the applicant household's annual income to the regional low- and moderate-income limits calculated pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.3.
- B. For the purposes of this section, the administrative agent shall determine household income in accordance with the procedure for calculating annual income at the time of initial occupancy and assistance, stipulated at 24 CFR § 5.609, as it may be updated from time to time, and described in Chapter 5 of HUD Handbook 4350.3: Occupancy Requirements of Subsidized Multifamily Housing Programs, which is available at https://www.hud.gov/program_offices/administration/hudclips/handbooks/hsg/4350.3.

§ 199-6.10 Limitations on Indebtedness Secured By Ownership Unit; Subordination.

- A. Prior to incurring any indebtedness to be secured by an ownership unit, the owner shall submit to the administrative agent a notice of intent to incur such indebtedness (for example, a home equity loan or solar loan), in such form and with such documentary support as determined by the administrative agent, and the owner may not incur any such indebtedness unless and until the administrative agent has determined and confirmed in writing that the proposed indebtedness complies with the provisions of this section.
- B. With the exception of original purchase money mortgages, during a control period, neither an owner nor a lender shall at any time cause or permit the total indebtedness secured by an ownership unit to exceed 95 percent of the maximum allowable resale price of that unit, as such price is determined by the administrative agent in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:8026.7(c).

§ 199-6.11 Capital Improvements to Ownership Units.

- A. The owner of an ownership unit may apply to the administrative agent to increase the maximum sales price for the unit to reflect eligible capital improvements made since they purchased the unit. Eligible capital improvements are limited to those that make the unit suitable for a larger household or that add an additional bathroom. However, the maximum sale price of an improved housing unit may not exceed the limits of affordability for the larger household.
- B. Upon the resale of a restricted ownership unit, all items of property that are permanently affixed to the unit or were included when the unit was initially restricted (for example, refrigerator, range, washer, dryer, dishwasher, wall-to-wall carpeting) are included in the maximum allowable resale price. Other items may be sold to the purchaser at a reasonable price that has been approved by the administrative agent at the time of signing the agreement to purchase. The purchase of central air conditioning installed subsequent to the initial sale of the unit and not included in the base price may be made a condition of the unit resale provided the price, subject to 10-year, straight-line depreciation, has been approved by the administrative agent. Unless otherwise approved by the administrative agent, the purchase of any property other than central air conditioning may not be made a condition of the unit resale. The owner and the purchaser must personally certify at the time of closing that no unapproved transfer of funds for the purpose of selling and receiving property has taken place at resale.

- C. Capital expenditures approved in writing by the administrative agent for non-cosmetic replacement of existing items of property or non-cosmetic improvement to the property (for example, replacement of a leaky roof, installation of a solar energy system owned by the homeowner, installation of energy-efficient windows, or replacement of broken appliances with ENERGY STAR-labeled products) do not affect the maximum sale price, but will be factored into calculating reductions to the recapture amount pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.6(c)1.

§ 199-6.12 Control Period for Restricted Rental Units.

- A. Each restricted rental unit must remain subject to the requirements of this subchapter until the end of the control period specified in the unit deed restriction, unless the unit's restriction is extinguished in compliance with (e) below or extended in compliance with (f) below. A restricted rental unit must remain subject to the requirements of this subchapter for a period of at least 40 years; provided, however, that the control period of any unit that, prior to the effective date of the amendments to this subchapter as promulgated pursuant to P.L. 2024, c.2 (N.J.S.A. 52:27D-304.1), received substantive certification from COAH, was part of a judgment of compliance from a court of competent jurisdiction, or became subject to a grant agreement or other contract with either the State or a political subdivision thereof will be governed by such grant of substantive certification, judgment, grant agreement, or contract.
 - 1. Rental units created on or after January 1, 2025, and which are subject to affordability controls for low- and/or moderate-income families pursuant to this subchapter are subject to a deed restriction of not less than 40 years.
 - 2. Any project composed entirely of rental units subject to the affordability controls of this section that does not participate in a State-administered preservation program may elect to extinguish the existing deed restriction beginning 30 years following the start of the deed restriction, regardless of original length, provided that the project enters into a new deed restriction of at least 30 years and that the project has applied for and obtained a refinancing and/or has commenced an approved rehabilitation for the purpose of preservation.
 - 3. Any project composed entirely of rental units subject to the affordability controls of this section that participates in a State-administered preservation program may elect to extinguish the existing deed restriction prior to the 30th year, regardless of original length, provided that the project enters into a new deed restriction that, in combination with the original deed restriction, totals at least 60 years.
- B. The affordability control period for the restricted rental units in a development commences on the first date that a unit is issued a certificate of occupancy and terminates only at the end of the control period specified in the deed restriction or at such time that the municipality releases the unit from the requirements in N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.12(e). For any restricted rental units occupied at the end of the control period specified in the deed restriction or the time at which the municipality releases the unit from the requirements, the affordability controls set forth in this subchapter remain in effect until the date on which the occupant household vacates the rental unit provided that the occupant household continues to earn a household income of less than 80 percent of the applicable regional median income. If, at that time, a rental household's income exceeds 80 percent of the

regional median income, the rental rate restriction will expire at the later of either the next scheduled lease renewal or in 60 days.

- C. Deeds of all real property that include restricted rental units must contain deed restriction language that conforms with the requirements of N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.12.
- D. A restricted rental unit remains subject to the affordability controls above despite the occurrence of any of the following events:
 1. Sublease or assignment of the lease of the unit;
 2. A sale or other voluntary transfer of [the] ownership of the unit;
 3. The entry and enforcement of any judgment of foreclosure or grant of a deed in lieu of foreclosure; or
 4. The release from affordability restrictions at the end of the affordability control period, until occupancy by the first new tenant subsequent to the release of controls.

§ 199-6.13 Rent Restrictions For Rental Units; Leases.

- A. Rent restrictions shall comply with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.13. The administrative agent shall set the initial rent for a restricted rental unit. If the unit is receiving assistance pursuant to the AHTF, the initial rent must be consistent with the AHTF grant agreement. The initial rent must be calculated so as not to exceed 30 percent of the eligible monthly income of the appropriate household size as determined pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.5; provided, however, that the rent is subject to the affordability average requirement at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.4.

§ 199-6.14 Tenant Income Eligibility.

- A. Tenant income eligibility shall be in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.14, and is determined as follows:
 1. Very-low-income rental units shall be reserved for households with a gross household income less than or equal to 30% of the regional median income.
 2. Low-income rental units shall be reserved for households with a gross household income less than or equal to 50% of the regional median income.
 3. Moderate-income rental units shall be reserved for households with a gross household income less than 80% of the regional median income.
- B. The Administrative Agent shall certify a household as eligible for a restricted rental unit when the household is a very low-income household, low-income household or a moderate-income household, as applicable to the unit, and the rent proposed for the unit does not exceed 35% (40% for age-restricted units) of the household's eligible monthly income as determined pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.16, as may be amended and supplemented; provided, however, that this limit may be exceeded if one or more of the following circumstances exists:
 1. The household currently pays more than 35% (40% for households eligible for age-restricted units) of its gross household income for rent, and the proposed rent will reduce its housing costs;
 2. The household has consistently paid more than 35% (40% for households eligible for age-restricted units) of eligible monthly income for rent in the past and has proven its ability to pay;
 3. The household is currently in substandard or overcrowded living conditions;

4. The household documents the existence of assets with which the household proposes to supplement the rent payments; or
 5. The household documents proposed third-party assistance from an outside source, such as a family member, in a form acceptable to the administrative agent and the owner of the unit.
- C. The applicant shall file documentation sufficient to establish the existence of the circumstances in a1 through b5 above with the Administrative Agent, who shall counsel the household on budgeting.

§ 199-6.15 Municipal Housing Liaison.

- A. The Township of Lebanon shall appoint a specific municipal employee to serve as a Municipal Housing Liaison responsible for administering the affordable housing program, including affordability controls, the Affirmative "Marketing Plan, monitoring and reporting, and, where applicable, supervising any contracted Administrative Agent. Lebanon shall adopt an Ordinance creating the position of Municipal Housing Liaison. The Municipal Housing Liaison shall be appointed by the governing body and may be a full or part time municipal employee. The Municipal Housing Liaison shall be approved by the Court and shall be duly qualified through a training program sponsored by Affordable Housing Professionals of New Jersey before assuming the duties of Municipal Housing Liaison.
- B. The Municipal Housing Liaison shall be responsible for oversight and administration of the affordable housing program for Lebanon, including the following responsibilities which may not be contracted out to the Administrative Agent:
 1. Serving as Lebanon's primary point of contact for all inquiries from the State, affordable housing providers, Administrative Agents and interested households;
 2. Monitoring the status of all restricted units in Lebanon's Fair Share Plan;
 3. Compiling, verifying and submitting annual monitoring reports as may be required by the Court;
 4. Coordinating meetings with affordable housing providers and Administrative Agents, as needed; and
 5. Attending continuing education opportunities on affordability controls, compliance monitoring and affirmative marketing at least annually and more often as needed.
- C. Subject to the approval of the Court, the Township of Lebanon shall designate one or more Administrative Agent(s) to administer newly constructed affordable units in accordance with UHAC. An Operating Manual for each affordable housing program shall be provided by the Administrative Agent(s) to be adopted by resolution of the governing body and subject to approval of the Court. The Operating Manual(s) shall be available for public inspection in the office of the Township Clerk, in the office of the Municipal Housing Liaison, and in the office(s) of the Administrative Agent(s). The Municipal Housing Liaison shall supervise the contracting Administrative Agent(s).

§ 199-6.16 Administrative Agent

- A. The Administrative Agent shall be an independent entity serving under contract to and reporting to the municipality, and in accordance with the requirements of the Act, the Dispute Resolution Program, and N.J.A.C. 5:99-7.

- B. The administrative agent shall administer and enforce the affordability controls set forth in this subsection, which actions are reviewable by the Municipal Housing Liaison pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-321. The primary responsibility of the administrative agent is to ensure that the restricted units under administration are sold or rented, as applicable, only to very-low-, low-, and moderate-income households. The administrative agent shall also fulfill the requirements and responsibilities identified at N.J.A.C. 5:99-7. Pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:99-7.2, the administrative agent shall have the authority to discharge and release any or all instruments, as set forth at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26 appendices, filed of record to establish affordability controls.
- C. The municipality is ultimately responsible for the proper administration of the affirmative marketing program, including initial sales, rentals, resales, and re-rentals. The municipality shall also ensure that all affordable unit, applicant, sales records, and other relevant files are returned to the municipality for reporting purposes and to aid with future resales.
- D. The administrative agent is responsible for the affirmative marketing of affordable units, including accepting applications and maintaining a list of applicants for each affordable development. The administrative agent shall document and report the affirmative marketing plan for the municipality and the affirmative marketing activities undertaken for each of the units within their purview to the municipal housing liaison, who shall ensure that developers and administrative agents are marketing units in accordance with the provisions in this section.

§ 199-6.17 Affirmative Marketing Requirements.

- A. The affirmative marketing plan and all advertisements for the affordable units, must contain the following information:
 - 1. The name and location of the housing project;
 - 2. An address sufficient to find directions to the housing units;
 - 3. A range of prices or rent for the affordable housing units;
 - 4. The sizes, as measured in number of bedrooms and square footage, of the affordable housing units;
 - 5. The types (that is, family, age-restricted, or supportive) and number of affordable units available;
 - 6. The number of units available to very-low-, low-, and moderate-income households within the pertinent eligible income ranges;
 - 7. The accessibility features, if any, of the affordable housing units;
 - 8. The maximum income permitted to qualify for the affordable housing units;
 - 9. The population(s), if any, given preference in the selection process pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.17(k)2;
 - 10. Where applications (paper and online) for the affordable housing units may be found;
 - 11. The expected lease-up/closing date(s) for the affordable housing units;
 - 12. A description of the random selection process that will be used to select occupants of affordable housing units and the expected date of the random selection;
 - 13. The business hours when interested households may obtain paper applications for the affordable housing units;
 - 14. Contact information, including an email address and phone number that are regularly monitored by the administrative agent;

15. The name of the sales agent and/or rental manager; and
 16. Application fees, if any.
- B. In implementing the marketing program, the administrative agent shall:
1. Post a listing of the available affordable housing units to the New Jersey Housing Resource Center at least 60 days before the random selection process or within one day following the date the owner, developer, property manager, or other administrative entity provides information regarding the application process to prospective applicants or solicits any applications from potential applicants through any other means pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-321.6. It is the responsibility of the Municipal Housing Liaison, in coordination with the administrative agent(s), to ensure compliance with all provisions of N.J.S.A. 52:27D-321.3 through 321.6;
 2. Within one business day of listing the affordable housing units on the New Jersey Housing Resource Center, notify the local Continuum of Care of any supportive housing rental units that are reserved for individuals and families that are homeless and of any permanent supportive housing rental units;
 3. Publish at least one advertisement in a regional print or digital newspaper;
 4. Advertise the units on at least one housing search website, in addition to the Housing Resource Center;
 5. Undertake at least two additional regional marketing strategies;
 6. Designate an experienced staff person to provide counseling services to low- and moderate-income applicants on subjects such as budgeting, credit issues, mortgage qualification, rental lease requirements, and landlord/tenant law. Alternatively, the administrative agent or municipality may contract with a HUD-certified housing counselor or an otherwise experienced entity approved by the Division to provide such counseling services.
- C. The affirmative marketing process must begin at least four months prior to expected occupancy and may begin before construction commences. All affirmative marketing advertising and outreach activities employed pursuant to (f) above must be employed at the start of the marketing program. For for-sale units, affirmative marketing advertising and outreach activities must continue until all of the marketed units have been sold, except that paid advertising may cease when the number of applications received is at least three times the number of units to be sold. For rental units, affirmative marketing advertising and outreach activities must continue, as long as applications are being accepted, except that paid advertising may cease when the number of applications received is at least three times the number of units to be filled. Applications must be accepted for no less than 45 days following the initial advertisement on the New Jersey Housing Resource Center, except for the resale of for-sale units, in which case, applications must be accepted for no less than 30 days.
- D. No (h) No random selection may be conducted prior to 60 days following the initial advertisement on the New Jersey Housing Resource Center.
- E. Applications for affordable housing or notices thereof, if offered online, must be available in multiple locations, including, if they exist, the county administration building and the county library for each county within the housing region; the municipal administration building(s) and the municipal library in the municipality in which the units are located; and the developer's sales office. The municipality shall post the application links and/or notices of affordable housing either directly on the home page of the municipality's official website or on a landing page directly, clearly, and conspicuously linked to from the home page of

the municipality's official website. The developer shall mail applications to prospective applicants upon request and shall make applications available through a secure online website address.

- F. If the municipality intends to require affordable housing developers to incur the cost of affirmative marketing and advertising for affordable units, the municipality must adopt such policy and make the requirement a condition of the project's planning and zoning board approvals.
- G. In carrying out the affirmative marketing process, the administrative agent shall comply with all provisions of the Fair Chance in Housing Act, N.J.S.A. 46:8-52 through 64.

§ 199-6.18 Enforcement of Affordable Housing Regulations.

- A. The municipal housing liaison is responsible for oversight and coordination of all the activities of the municipal government as they relate to the creation, preservation, and administration of affordable housing programs, affordable units, and reporting. Pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:99-6.2, such oversight activities include ensuring that administrative agents execute the practices, procedures, and standards set forth in this N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.19, identified in this subsection.
- B. The administrative agent's enforcement responsibility for implementing such practices and procedures may not be delegated or otherwise transferred to any other party, except to a successor administrative agent. Anything in this subchapter to the contrary notwithstanding, the Agency and DCA each may, in its discretion, contract with for-profit and nonprofit organizations to carry out delegated administrative agent functions, provided, however, that in any such case the Agency or DCA shall maintain primary responsibility for the delegated functions.
- C. As part of a municipality's ongoing compliance with the Act, the municipality, through the municipal housing liaison, shall:
 1. Provide to the administrative agent the name, title, email address, and telephone number of the municipal housing liaison who will be responsible for oversight of the administrative agent on all matters related to this subchapter;
 2. If necessary, retain or otherwise designate legal counsel for the purposes of representing any municipal entity acting as administrative agent and of enforcing the controls set forth in this subsection;
 3. Ensure that all restricted units are identified as affordable within the tax assessor's office and any municipal utility authority (MUA). The municipality and MUA shall promptly notify the administrative agent of a change in billing address, payment delinquency of two consecutive billing cycles, transfer of title, or institution of a foreclosure action, foreclosure judgment, or deed in lieu of foreclosure as to all affordable units;
 4. Work with the administrative agent to ensure that affordable housing opportunities are posted to the New Jersey Housing Resource Center pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-321.3 through 321.6, including, if necessary, levying fines through the process outlined at N.J.A.C. 5:99-5.6(c)4;
 5. Maintain a list of all affordable units within its jurisdiction, including the date of deed restriction expiration, income limits, and the administrative agent for each unit;
 6. Report the information at (c)6 above to the Division each year; and

7. Publish on the municipality's website the affordable housing operating manual(s) required pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:99-7.2, the affirmative marketing plan required pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.16, and contact information for the administrative agent for each project within the municipality's jurisdiction with an affordable housing component for which affirmative marketing is required.
- D. In addition to those listed at N.J.A.C. 5:99-7.2, administrative agent practices and procedures include, but are not limited to, the following:
1. Securing from all developers and sponsors of restricted units, at the earliest point of contact in the processing of the project or development, written acknowledgement of the requirement that no restricted unit be offered, or in any other way committed, to any person other than a household duly certified to the unit by the administrative agent;
 2. Requiring that all certified applicants for restricted units execute a certificate substantially in the form, as applicable, of either the ownership or rental certificate set forth at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26 Appendix D-3, J, or K;
 3. Working with the MHL to ensure that affordable housing opportunities are posted to the New Jersey Housing Resource Center pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:27D-321.3 through 321.6, including, if necessary, levying fines for noncompliance and requiring new lotteries;
 4. Sending annual mailings to all owners of affordable dwelling units, reminding them of the requirements of N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.19-4(i) through 4(ix).
 5. Securing from municipalities lists of all affordable units for which tax bills are mailed to absentee owners, and notifying all such owners that they must either move back into or sell their unit;
 6. Establishing a program for diverting unlawful rent payments to the municipality's affordable housing trust fund or other appropriate municipal fund approved by the Department.
 7. Establishing a rent-to-equity program, to be implemented in situations where an affordable unit owner has unlawfully rented their unit, and where the tenant has entered into a tenancy without knowledge of its unlawful nature. Under such a rent-to-equity program, the tenant, including the immediate family of the tenant, shall be given an opportunity to purchase the unit from the affordable unit owner, and the affordable unit owner shall be compelled to sell the unit to the tenant, with the total of all rent paid to the owner being credited to the tenant as down payment money paid to the affordable unit owner. Anything in this subchapter to the contrary, notwithstanding, any person offered a unit under such a rent-to-equity program must first be certified as eligible pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.17.
- E. It is the responsibility of the municipal housing liaison and the administrative agent(s) to ensure that affordable housing units are administered properly. All affordable units must be occupied within a reasonable amount of time and be re-leased within a reasonable amount of time upon the vacating of the unit by a tenant. If an administrative agent or municipal housing liaison becomes aware of or suspects that a developer, landlord, or property manager has not complied with these regulations, it shall report this activity to the Division. The Division must notify the developer, landlord, or property manager, in writing, of any violation of these regulations and provide a 30-day cure period. If, after the 30-day cure period, the developer, landlord, or property manager remains in violation of any terms of this subchapter, including by keeping a unit vacant, the developer, landlord, or property

manager may be fined up to the amount required to construct a comparable affordable unit of the same size and the deed-restricted control period will be extended for the length of the time the unit was out of compliance, in addition to the remedies provided for in this section. For the purposes of this subsection, a reasonable amount of time shall presumptively be 60 days, unless a longer period of time is required due to demonstrable market conditions and/or failure of the municipal housing liaison or the administrative agent to refer a certified tenant.

§ 199-6.19 Appeals.

Appeals from all decisions of an administrative agent appointed pursuant to this subchapter must be filed, in writing, with the municipal housing liaison for the jurisdiction. A decision by the municipal housing liaison may be appealed to the Division. A written decision of the Division Director upholding, modifying, or reversing an administrative agent's decision is a final administrative action.

§ 199-6.20 95/5 Restrictions.

- A. Each existing unit governed by a 95/5 restriction shall be governed according to its deed restriction for the duration of the control period identified in the deed restriction or the municipal resolution extending affordability controls, or, if no control period is identified, until the start of the Fifth Round on July 1, 2035. Following the expiration or release of the 95/5 deed restriction, any extension of affordability controls on the unit must be carried out in accordance with the procedures and instruments outlined at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.6(h) to receive credit pursuant to the Act.
- B. The owner of a unit governed by a 95/5 restriction shall notify the administrative agent and municipal housing liaison by certified mail and by email of any intent to sell the unit 90 days prior to entering into an agreement for the first authorized non-exempt sale after controls have been in effect on the housing unit for the period specified at N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.6.
- C. Upon receipt of a notice specified at (b) above, the option to buy the unit at the maximum allowable restricted sale price or any mutually agreed upon sale price that does not exceed the maximum allowable restricted sale price will be available for 90 days. The administrative agent shall notify the municipal housing liaison and the Division that the unit is for sale. The municipality shall have the right of first refusal to purchase the unit. If the municipality exercises this option, it may enter into a contract of sale for the unit. If the municipality does not exercise this option within 90 days, the first of the other entities giving notice to the seller of its intent to purchase during the 90-day period may purchase the unit. If the option to purchase the unit at the maximum allowable restricted sale price is not exercised by one of the above entities by a written offer to purchase the housing unit within 90 days of receipt of notice of the intent to sell, the owner may proceed to sell the housing unit pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.22. If the owner does not sell the unit within one year of the date of the delivery of the notice of intent to sell, the option to buy the unit will be restored and the owner will be required to submit a new notice of intent to sell 90 days prior to any future proposed date of sale.

- D. Any option to buy a housing unit at the maximum allowable restricted sale price must be exercised by certified mail and, if known, by email and will be deemed to have been exercised three days following the earlier of the postmark of the certified mail or the transmission of the email.

§ 199-6.21 Seller Option on 95/5 Restrictions.

- A. An eligible seller of a unit governed by a 95/5 restriction that has been controlled for the period established in the governing deed restriction who has provided the requisite notice of an intent to sell may proceed with the sale if no eligible entity exercises its option to purchase within 90 days. The seller may sell the unit to a certified household at an affordable price or to any purchaser at market price.
- B. Subject to this subchapter, the seller may:
 - 1. Sell to a certified household at a price not to exceed the maximum permitted sale price in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.7; provided that the unit is regulated by the deed restriction and lien in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.6. The administrative agent shall certify the income qualifications of the purchaser and shall ensure that the housing unit is regulated by the deed restriction and lien in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.6; or
 - 2. Exercise the repayment option and sell to any purchaser at market price, provided that 95 percent of the price differential, or another amount determined by an ordinance of the municipal governing body, not to exceed 95 percent of the price differential, is paid to the Municipal Affordable Housing Trust Fund, through the administrative agent, as an instrumentality of the municipality, at closing. Any alternative amount or formula for calculating the alternative amount determined by such ordinance must be uniformly available to all sellers exercising the repayment option within the municipality.
- C. The administrative agent shall examine any contract of sale containing a repayment option to determine if the proposed sale price bears a reasonable relationship to the housing unit's fair market value. In making this determination, the administrative agent may rely on comparable sales data or an appraisal. The administrative agent shall not approve any contract of sale where there is a determination that the sale price does not bear a reasonable relationship to fair market value. The administrative agent shall make such a determination within 20 days of receipt of the contract of sale and shall calculate the repayment option payment.
- D. The administrative agent shall adopt an appeal procedure by which a seller may submit written documentation requesting the administrative agent to recompute the repayment obligation if the seller believes an error has been made, or to reconsider a determination that a sale price does not bear a reasonable relationship to fair market value. A repayment obligation determination made as a result of an owner's appeal is a final determination of the administrative agent appealable pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:80-26.20.
- E. The repayment will occur at the date of closing and transfer of title for the first non-exempt transaction after the expiration of controls on affordability.
- F. The administrative agent shall deposit all repayment proceeds into the Municipal Housing Trust Fund, which may be used as specified at N.J.S.A. 52:27D-329.2. Money deposited in housing trust funds may not be expended until the municipality submits and the Division

or the county-level housing judge approves a spending plan. See N.J.A.C. 5:99-2 and N.J.S.A. 52:27D-329.2.

§199.6.22. Monitoring and Reporting Requirements

A. The Township shall comply with the following monitoring and reporting requirements regarding the status of the implementation of its court-approved Housing Element and Fair Share Plan:

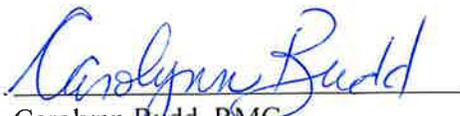
1. The Township shall provide electronic monitoring data with the Department pursuant to P.L 2024, Chapter 2 and N.J.A.C. 5:99 through the Affordable Housing Monitoring System (AHMS). All monitoring information required to be made public by the FHA shall be available to the public on the Department’s website at <https://www.nj.gov/dca/dlps/hss/MuniStatusReporting.shtml>.
2. On or before February 15 of each year, the Township shall provide annual reporting of its municipal Affordable Housing Trust Fund activity to the Department on the AHMS portal. The reporting shall include an accounting of all municipal Affordable Housing Trust Fund activity, including the sources and amounts of funds collected and the amounts and purposes for which any funds have been expended, for the previous year from January 1st to December 31st.
3. On or before February 15 of each year, the annual reporting of the status of all affordable housing activity shall be provided to the Department on the AHMS portal, for the previous year from January 1st to December 31st.

SECTION 2. All ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent with this Ordinance are repealed as to such inconsistencies.

SECTION 3. If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, or portion of this Ordinance is for any reason held invalid or unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, such portion shall be deemed a separate, distinct, and independent provision, and such holding shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this Ordinance.

SECTION 4. This Ordinance shall take effect upon passage and publication as provided by law.

Introduced:	February 11, 2026
Public Hearing:	March 11, 2026
Adopted:	March 11, 2026


 Carolyn Budd, RMC
 Township Clerk


 Jay Wojcik
 Mayor

CERTIFICATION

I,Carolynn Budd, Township Clerk of the Township of Lebanon, County of Hunterdon, State of New Jersey, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of an Ordinance introduced by the Lebanon Township Committee at a meeting held February 11, 2026 and adopted by the Township Committee on March 11, 2026.



Carolynn Budd, RMC
Township Clerk